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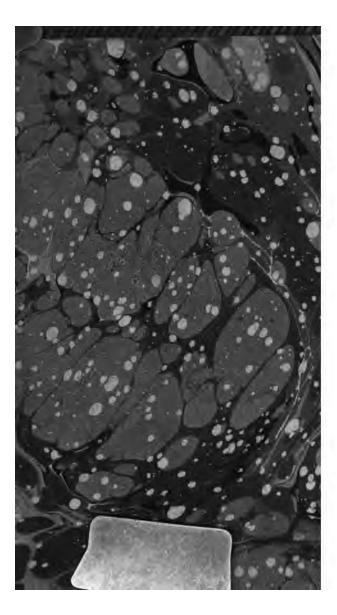
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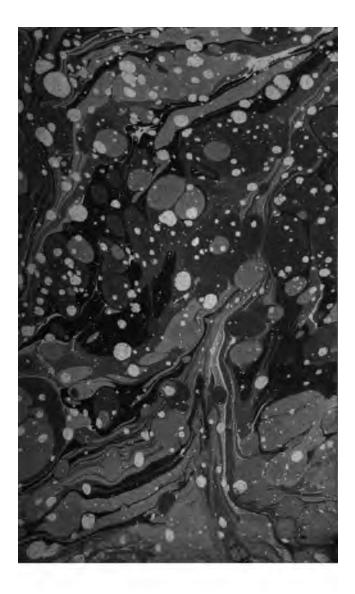
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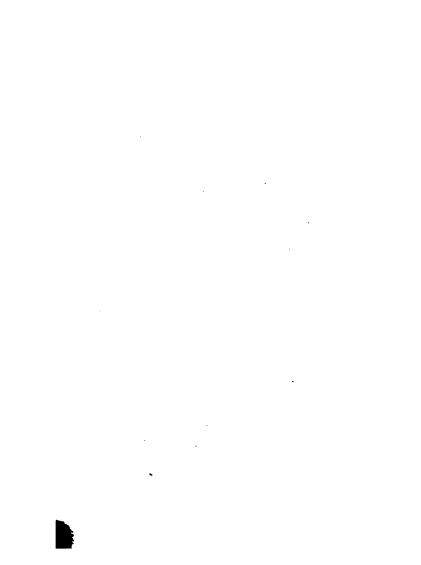




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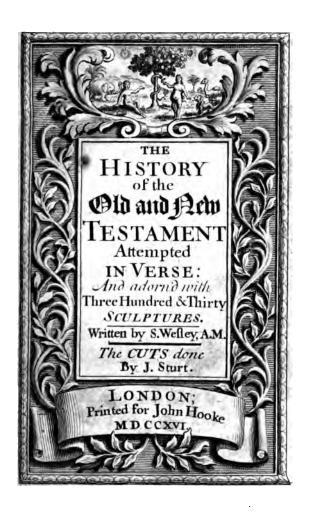




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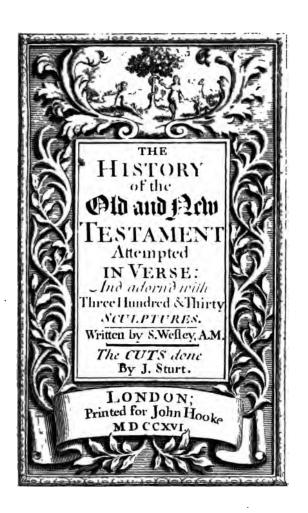
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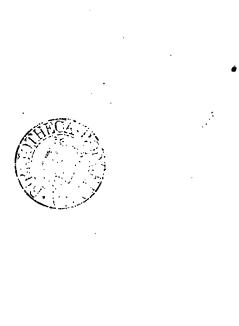


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147. 9.105



QUEEN.

Of the Royal Martyt's Sacred
Race!
(Long may the Royal Martyr's
Race remain!)

Equal to fill our Great Eliza's Place,

And Empires pondrous Oth numou'd

Sustain,

A 2 This

- This humble Tribute, not unpleas'd, re-
 - Which at the Footstool of Tour Throne
 I lay:
- *Tis all a grateful Loyal Heart can give,

 *Tis all that I for more than Life can pay.
- Not but the Sacred Truths these Leaves contain,
 - Are Treasures for the greatest Prince's Breast:
- The Gems are right, the I their Lustre stain,
 - The Gold, tho' rudely stamp'd, will bear the Test.
- I fing the Loves of the first Happy Pair,
 - While Paradise their smiling Hours employ'd;
- Remov'd from Want, remov'd from jealous Care.
- M State the Vertuous-Few have fince enjoy'd.

Mom

Her Sin and Men increased, what Fate furprized,

What Worlds of Water wash'd their Crimes away;

While righteous NOAH, whom they once despised,

Secure within his floating Castle lay.

By Wonders rescu'd, and by Wonders fed,

How Israel trac'd the sandy Desarts
o're;

What Laws their Saviour fix'd, when them he led

To promis'd Seats, and Canaan's happy Shore.

What Force and Fraud oppos'd their rifing State,

What Angels on their fide embattel'd food:

While how ring Death did for its Quarry wait,

And ancient Kishon drew a purple Flood.

- But who the fore-most stands in Glory's Race?
 - The Great in Arms, Abinoam's Godlike Son!
- Tho' Great in Arms he thought it no Difgrace,
 - At Deb'rah's Feet to throw the Spoils be won.
- What joyous Triumphs, and what Songs of Praise,
 - From neighb'ring Tabor's verdant Tops resound!
- Tabor, which higher seem'd its Head to raise,
 - With native Garlands, and with Laurels crown'd.
- Such Trophies, oft, nor is the Presage vain,
- I see your happy rising Years shall meet; Till every haughty Sisera is slain,
- And Jabin's self shall tamble at your Feet.

So fall thy Foes, just Heav'n! thy Pow'r confes'd,

By those thy injur'd Goodness dare withstand;

While Israel's with thy strong Satuation bles'd,

And Peace, and Plenty crown thy Fav'rite Land.

So prays,

Your Majesty's

Most Loyal, and most Obediens

Subject and Servant,

S. WESLET.

: :

THE

HISTORY

OF THE

Holy Bible,

In Verse, with Sculptures.

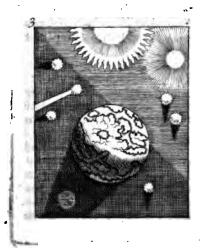
L

The CREATION

'N the Boginning did th' All-High create The Heav'n and Earth, He spake and made in Pare: Arose the Embryo-Earth, unform'd and Wast, **By old coéval darkness round embrac'd:** Let there be Light, Aid GOD; The Light elegid, And blazy with theerful Beams antid the Shale: Thence rolling round produc'd the First bright Day, While gloomy Night her own (ad Realms obey. The vast Expanse above was next display'd, The reftless seas, and solid Earth were made: Rarth, in her verteus-tolour'd Newsle dress'd. Hach Tree, each think creating Pow'r confess'd. Behold the Sun's fair Lamp which rules the Day! The Moon, which shines serene with borrow'd Ray, High in mid-fleer'n, and with her Searry-Train O'r tolemn Night renews her peaceful Reign. Next see the Fowls thro' Air's wide Ocean fly. And scaly Fish cut the low liquid Sky! Th' Almighry call'd, and various Creatures come At his Command from Earth's prolific Womb: Then Man in his own Image made and bloft d, And pleas'd with all his Wirks, from all his Works did reft.

I.

GENESIS, Chap. I. to Ver. 14.



1. In the beginning God created the heaven and earth.

3. And said, Let shere be light: and there was light.

6. Let there be a firmament in the midst of the waters, and let it divide the waters from the waters.

9. Let she waters be gathered together, and let the

dry-land appear,

11. Levibe earth bring forth grass, the herb yielding

feed, and the fruit-tree yeilding fruit, &c.

14. Let shere be lights in the firmament of the moon, to divide the day from the night, &c.

D 3

IL.

PARADISE, the Creatures nam'd, the Woman form'd.

Of all the various Tribes of Heav'n and Earth: Nor Herb nor Plant that voluntary grew, Sweet Rain as yet was none, nor kindly Dew.

Can Dust-born Men be proud or vain, who know From whence they come, and whither doom'd to go? Or can they ought that's mean, when God has set A Jewel in their earthly Cabinet?

A Soul, of heavenly Seed, of Angel-kind, And marry'd Matter with Immortal Mind?

In friendly Pairs the mute Creation came, Homag'd their Lord, and each receiv'd its Name: To Man alone no Like or Second found Of all that fwim in Air, or graze the Ground: Nor must his Life run wast, by Heav'n design'd To plant the World, and propagate his Kind: Thence, from his Side, what can't th' Almighty doe? He moulds a Female-Man, of Heavn'ly hew: The Strokes, than His, less bold, but far more fine, Softer each Touch, and gentler every Line, Tho both, confess'd, the Work of Hands divine. Nor left to range, a lovely Garden made, The Bride and Bridegroom thither He convey'd: The Makers Hands adorn'd that happy Place, With Colonies of all th' Arborcal Race;

Thro'

the Holp. Bible.

Thro' whose bless'd Shades a Cristal River glides, And thence in Four capacious Streams divides.

Such was the blisful Bow'r our Sire enjoy'd, Till Eve, and the curs'd Serpent him deftroy'd.

Yet still we bauns the Screams, and silens Grove, And our dear Native-Gardens still we love;

And still we tope, nor hope perhaps in vain,

At length those Happy Mansions to regain.

--- "O when! -- It now grows near - Life's Tem-

"With what loud joyful Shouts I'd hail the welcome

GENESIS, Chap. II. from Ver. 4. to Ver. 22.

V. 4. These are the Generations of the Heavens and of the Earth, when they were created &c.

5. And every Plans of the Field, before it was in the Earth, &c.

7. And the Lord God formed Man of the dust of the Ground, and breashed into his Nostrils the Breath of

8. And the Lord God planted a Garden, &c.

19. And out of the ground the Lord God formed every beast of the sield, and every fewl of the air, &c.

20. And Adam gave names to all cattel, and to the fowl of the air, &c.

21. The Lord God caused a deep sleep to fall upon Adam: and be sook one of his Ribs, &c.

22. And the Rib which be had taken from Man, &c.

III.

The Serpents Temptation, the Fall of our First Parents.

Huppy-Pair! - But Ah! how floars your Blifs? How soon the Foe has enter'd Paradise! A crefted Serpents speckled Form he wears, In Mischief skill'd his Guileful Arts he shares: Where is the Guard of Seraphs, that secures Endanger'd Nature's tott'ring Fate, and yours? - You make your Fase : stand now, you always stand ! The Terms of Life are no severe Command: That Tree, that deadly Tree alone forbear, The rest with Blessing, and with welcome share. - Tis pass'd, the Serpens has on Eve prevail'd: Strengthned with fuch Allies he rarely fail'd: She eats, the gives our Sire, it pleas'd his Eyes. The tempting Flavor pleasid, he casts, he dies. Ground the Creation, shook the Poles; and all Convulfive Nature trembled at their Fall. Hence all those It's which God's fair Work deface, Hence Sin, and Beath, and Pain entail d on alitheir Race.

Ħ,

GENESIS, Chap. III, to Ver. 14.



v. 1. Now the Serpent was more subsil than any Beast of the Field, and said to the Woman, yea, hath God said, ye shall not eat of every Tree of the Garden? &c.

6. And when the Waman saw that the Tree was good for Food, and that it was pleasant to the Eyes, and a Tree to be desir'd to make one wife, she took of the Fruit thereof and did eat, and gave also to ber Hushand with her, and he did eat, acc.

IV.

Adam and Eve driven out of Paradise.

Arewel ye lovely Groves and peaceful Shades,
Those happy Regions which no Storm invades?
Th' Offenders, to a ruin'd World must go,
And share a sad Variety of Wee.
In vain the Man does his weak Consort blame,
And on the tempting Serpent, Eve exclaim:
Our Sire, his Life in Sorrow doom'd to wear,
Our Mother must with Pangs and Torments bear.
Th' accursed Serpent, now no longer crown'd,
Erest no more, but groveling on the Ground;
Amid the Dust he trails his Length of Train,
And rears Breast-high his spotted Form in vain.
The Womans Seed his guileful Head shall bruise,
The Servile Chains of ransom'd Moreals loose.

Th' Eternal thus, who did their Doom declare
With Mercy mix'd, nor leaves 'em all Despair:

-- But the sad Moment's come, they must away,
For angry rolling Flames forbid their stay:
With Shame and Blushes never known before
Fair Eden they forsake -- An Angel guards the Door.

IIL

GENESIS, Chap, III. Ver. 12. to the last.



v. 12. The Man said, the Woman gave me of the Tree and I did eat.

13. The Woman said the Serpent beguiled me, and I did eat.

14. The Lord God said unto the Scrpent, upon thy belly shalt thou go, &c.

16. Unto the Woman he faid, I will greatly multiply thy Sorrow and thy Conception. &c.

17. To Adam he said, cursed be the Ground for thy sake, &c.

24. So he dreve out the Man, and he plac'd at the East of the Garden of Eden, Cherubims, &c.

V.

CAIN and ABEL.

OW soon the Ruins of the World begin! How foon 'tis all deform'd by Death and Sin! Their Crime and Curse our Parents soon are shown, And in their Offsprings Fate they read their own: Two Sons they had, and both, as taught, prepare T' attone high Heav'n with Sacrifice and Pray'r. Their Elder harsh, and fell, his Savage Mind To darling Mischief and to Blood inclin'd: Churlish, as was th' ungrateful Soil he tore, Which Corn with Thistles mix'd, and Darnel bore: Not so the Younger, in whose Eyes, and Mind Modesty sat enthron'd, and Virtue shin'd: His Fleecy Houshold, Innocent as they, His Joy to fold by Night, and feed by Day, And then the fairest on the Altar lay: The lightest Sheaf he found, his Brother broughts And murm ring, that, too good for Heav'n he thought. See a bright Flame descending from the Skies Consume the righteous Abels Sacrifice; His Brother's wrapp'd in angry Clouds and Smoke, Which from th' affronted Throne in Thunder broke. Nor this, enrag'd, malignant Cain: " If these " Refus'd, what next I offer, Heav'n shall please. See his just Brother prostrate on the Plain, His Hands, his Eyes for Mercy plead in vain: O space the guiltless Yourb! --- Too late -- He's Slain, He's Slain.

IV.

GENESIS, Chap. IV. from Ver. 2. to 8.



v. 2. Abel was a keeper of sheep, but Cain was

a tiller of the ground.
3. Cain brought of the fruit of the ground an offe-

ring to the Lord.

4, 5. And Abel he also brought of the Firstlings of his Flock and of the Fat thereof; And the Lord had respect unto Abel and to bis Offering, but unto Cain and to his Offering he had not respect.

8. Cain rose up against his Brother, and slew him.

VI.

CAIN's Punishment.

And taught his mournful Sire what Death did the:

Where is thy Brother, GOD in Thunder crief.

I neither know nor care, the Charl replies.

Am I his Keeper, that thou me dost charge?

My Fields are narrow, but his Walks are large:

O Wretch, he cries, thy Crimes thou canst not hide;
In vain to him, who all things sees, deny'd:

What hast thou done? From Earth unto the Skies

Thy murder'd Brother's Blood for Vengeance cries:

Accurs'd art thou, and Earth thy Curse shall bear;

The barren Soil ungrateful to thy Care.

Trembling and fearful thou in vain shalt run

From Man's dear Face. The self thou canst not shun.

When thus the moody Murd'rer in Despair

- " My Punishment I cannot, will not bear.
- " I'm from my Father's Pious House disjoyn'd,
- " And banish'd from the Face of Human-Kind.
- " If any me a belples Exile find,
- "They foon the trembling Fugitive will flay,
- "Or he to wild and ravenous Beasts a Prey.

VV

"No -- thou thy bated Life a while shalt bear,

" And my just Vengeance to the World declare:

Th' Almighty answers -- " I my self will place

"The dreadful Stains of Murther on thy Face,

"That all may shun thy Crimes and Fate. - He said,

The Cairiff heard, with ghastful Looks he fled,
And oft he turns his guilty Eyes behind,
And starts at every noise, and Breath of Wind:
His guilty Eyes and ghastful Looks confess'd
The secret hellish Pain that gnaw'd his anxious
Breast.

GENESIS, Chap. IV. from Ver. 9. to 14.

9. The Lord said unto Cain, where is Abel thy brother? and be said, I know not: am I my brothers, keeper?

10. And he said, what hast thou done? the voice of thy brother's bloud crieth unto me from the ground.

11. And now are thou curfed from the earth, which hath opened her mouth to receive thy brother's bloud from thy hand.

12. When thou tillest the ground, it shall not henceforth yield unto thee her strength. A fugitive and a Vagabond shalt thou be in the earth.

13. And Cain said unto the Lord, my punishment

is greater than I can bear, &c.

VII. The Ark and Flood.

TOR this nor Cain's, nor Lamech's Blood suffice, To purge a guilty World orewhelm'd in Vice : The Wicked Seed prevail, their mouftrous Race With Rapes and Murthers cover Earths sad Face: Noah alone his Innocence retain d. Of Millions, only Noah, Just, remain'd And stemm'd a World; nor this to him unknown Who all surveys from his Celestial Throne: His injur'd Patience wou'd no longer wair, His Justice seals the hardned Robels Fate: But righteous Noah he resolves to spare, And bids him a capacious Ark prepare T' embark the future World, and fave it there. Of every Species, thus had Heav'n enjoyn'd, Of either Sex, still to preserve the Kind He to the Ark conveys, of all that breath, And rescues from th' approaching Watry Death. --- Which now from injur'd angry Heav'n descends, While the vex'd Earth with dire Convulfions rends: And Old Abyls, which round the Center lay Reveals her hidden Stores to wondring Day: Rivers their Banks, the Sea forgets her Shore Her Waves by God's Decree restrain'd no more: Higher the Waters climb, and still more high, To Trees and Hills in vain the Wretches fly. For only there a short Reprive they found, The Trees and lofty Hills themselves are drown'd: Whatever breath'd is loft; in Oceans Caves Their Bodies whelm'd, or floating on the Waves: Neah, the Universal Wreck survives, By the Great Pilot steer'd, his feeble Veffel lives.

V.

GENESIS, Chap. VI. Ver. 4. Chap. VII. to the End.



vi. 5. God faw that the wickedite stif man was great in the earth.

7. And the Lord faid I will define Man, whom I

8. But Noah found grace in the eyes of the Lord.
14,19. AndGodfaid make thee unArk of Gopherwood. — Of every living thing of all flesh, two of

every fort fruit thou bring into the Ark.

vii. 10, 21. The Waters of the flood were upon the tarth - And all fiesh died that moved upon the earth.

VIII.

VIII.

The Flood ceases, Noah goes out of the Ark, and sacrifices, God's Promise to him.

ND now Almighty Goodness calls to Mind The poor Remains of Nature, long confin'd Within their floating Vault; The Floods decrease? At his Command; tumultuous Whirlwinds ceale, And all the jarring Elements are Peace. See from the teeming Ark a Second Birth Descending to renew the desert Earth! Birds, Reptiles, Beafts in friendly Pairs are joyn'd. The same the Godlike Race of sav'd Mankind: Noab, their Prince and Father them conveys, Then does of Living Turf an Altar raise, And to their kind Preserver kneels and prays. Two of the fairest Birds, and Beasts he gave To him who them, and all the rest did save; But chiefly did a grateful Heart present: Up to high Heav'n the pleasing Odour went, Thus spake th' Almighty Sire, and shook the Firmament: "While Time remains, and these fair Orbs shall roll. "While Earth its Center knows, or Heav'n the Pole,

"Shall Nature now her steddy Course pursue Alternate Seasons shall the World renew.

"Ye cheerful Days your conftant Walk maintain."
And, Oye Nights, affert your peaceful Reign!
"Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter's hoary Face

"Each other still succeed in Time's revolving Race!"

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VIII.

GENESIS, Chap. VIII. Ver. 3. 18. to the End.



v. 2. The waters return'd from off the earth, and

the Ark refted on the mountains of Ararat.

18. And Noah went forth, and built an Altar to the Lord, and offer'd, &c. and the Lord smelt a sweet lavour, and said, I will not again curse the ground any more for man's sake, Go.

While the earth remains seed-time, and harvest sum-

ner and winter shall not cease.

IX.

God renews his Covenant with Noah.

Forbods murder. The Rainbow.

A S those who scap'd from Shipwrack, trembling stand. And view the Rillows from the diffant Land: Fear and Distraction drawn in every Face: So look'd our Second Sire, and all his Race. Earth to replenish, what Delight or For, Which wrathful Heav'n might foon agen destroy, Or numerous Beasts their feeble Race orepow'r, Or lawless Force, and mutual wounds devour? But that Almighty Love which knows no bound Provides a speedy Cure for every Wound: Give to the Winds your causless Fears, he said, Not You the Beafts, but they their Lords shall dread: The Kingly Lion at your fight shall flie. Fierce Wolves, and spotted Pards glare trembling by: Murder and Thirst of Bleed thall Laws reftrain: Who slays another shall himself be stain. Love, and increase! your numerous Sons, disperse, And Colonize the spacious Universe. If you a Second Deluge vainly fear, Look up and fee this friendly Token here; This radiant Bow which in the Clouds I place, Nor more shall Floods destroy your new reviving Race. IX.

IX.

GENESIS, Chap, IX. Vet. 1. to 13.



i? And God bleffed Noah and his sons, and said tute them be fruitful and multiply, and replenish the earth.

2. And the fear of you, and the dread of you shall be upon every beast of the earth; &c.

6. Woofe sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his

blood be shodi

13. I do fer my bow in the cloud, and it shall be for the covenant between me and the earth, &c.

X.

The Tower of Babel. The Confusion Languages.

HE Sons of Noah, by their Saviour bless Renew Mankind, to num'rous Tribes incres From lofty Ararat they now descend, And with the Sun, their Guide, still Westward ber Their Language and their Dialest the same, To Shinars fruitful Plain they journying came. Vain of their Strength (but what is Strength in Me A vast Attempt they in Ill-Hour began. See where the Tow'ry Walls of Babel rise And threaten, and almost surmount the Skies! What Hills on Hills the busy Pismires cast, What fruitless Care, and unavailing Hast! Distracted men! Is this, is this the way To reach the Confines of eternal Day! Or did you these stupendious Buildings frame To boast your Pow'r, or aggrandize your Name Alike in vain! Behold th' Almighty imile At your Attempts, and blast your impious Pile! Confus'd your Dialect, you all disperse In various Tribes around the Universe. And shou'd a Second Nimrod proudly rise. And reassume your War against the Skies; Kingdoms on Kingdoms pile to raise his Throne. Or wast the trembling World to reign alone: With equal Ease can Heav'n his Pride confound And lay his shor:-'iv'd Babel scatter'd on the grow

X.

GENESIS, Chap. XI. Ver. 1. to 9.



v. 1. The whole earth was of one language, and of one speech.

4. And they faid, let us build us a city and a tower whose top may reach unto beaven, &c.

7. The Lord said, Let us confound their language, that they may not understand one anothers speech.

8. So the Lord scattered them abroad upon the face of all the earth,

X

XI,

Abram and Lot part. The Assyrian Kings defeated. Abram's Congress with Melchisedec.

ROM Harans Fields to Canaan Abram went And in the Plains of Moreh pitch'd his Tent: His wealthy Nephew Lot, he with him bears, His God he worships and his Fortunes shares: Their Substance great, their Focks and Herds so large When joyn'd they the depastur'd Land orecharge: But Lot removes to where fair Fordan falls, And graz'd his Flocks by Sodoms impious walls; Too near Ill-Neighbours whom a Vengeance waits Worthy their Crimes, almost he shar'd their Fates: For raging War, and Thirst of Blood begins, Treaties are broke, and Sins are plagu'd with Sins. Fierce Chedorlaomer his Vasfals arms And o'r Phænicia pours unumber'd Swarms: Luxurious Sodoms Prince refists in vain. With Fire and Blood they cover all the Plain: Among the Captives, Lot; when Abraham knew With his Allies he to his Rescue flew: Heav'n on his side engag'd; the Victors fled, And their Captivity he captive led: On whose Resurn thro' Shaveh's royal Dale Grateful Refreshments his tir'd Host regale : The Great Melchizeduch, of Race unknown, Who wore a Miter, the he fill'd a Throne. To Heav'ns Ally did thefo kind Prefents bring, Himself a wondrous Prophet, Priest, and King. Low at his Feet did the glad Patriarch fall, His Bleffing there receiv'd, and gave him Tythes of all,

IX.

GENESIS, Chap. XII. 5.6. XIII. 5.6. 11. 12. XIV. 1, 11. to the End.



Chap. xii. ver. 5. Abram went forth into the land of Canaan to the plain of Moreh.

xiii. 5. Lot also who went with Abram had flocks, and berds, and tents. And the land was not able to bear them.

12. Abram dwelt in Canaan, and Lot in the plain toward Sodom.

17. After his return from the staughter of Chedorhomer, Go. Melchiledec king of Salein brought forth bread and mine, &c. And he gave him tithes of all.

XIL

Hagar flies from her Mistress. An Angel comforts ber.

OD Servants shall their Masters Blessing share. Ev'n wandring Hagar's worth an Angel's care. From her imperious Ladys Face she fled, The way that to her native Regions led:

At length a Well she saw, but on the Brink Sinks fainting down, and wants the Pow'r to drink: Here, by her kind celestial Guardian found, When just expiring on the Defert Ground: He bids her to her Mistress strait repair, Confess her Faults and make submission there, And adds the Promise of a joyful Heir; Ishmael his name; He Beasts and Men shou'd chase The Father of a bold unnumber'd Race. She heard, and did th' All-feeing Goodness bless, Who Pity'd and Reliev'd her in Distress: The Place preserves the wondrous Action's Fame. And thence to distant Ages wears its name.

-- She rose reviv'd, and to her Lady came; And of her ripen'd Burthen soon releas'd She with a welcome Son her Master's house increased

XII

XII.

GENESIS, Chap. XVI. Ver. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.



v. 6. When Sarai dealt hardly with Hagar, she fled from her face. And the Angel of the Lord found her by a fountain of water in the wilderness:

9. And said unto ber, Return to thy mistress, and

submit thy self under her hands.

10. And the Angel of the Lord said unto her, I will multiply the seed exceedingly, that it shall not be numbered for multitude.

XHI.

Abraham entertains Three Angels. A Son is promis'd him.

Beneath a spacious Oak's refreshing shade
Which o'r his Tent a friendly Arbour made,
Repos'd the Father of the Faithful lay,
To taste the gentle Breez and shun the scorching Dar.
Three glorious Guests before the Tent appear'd
In human Form; the Patriarch kneel'd and fear'd:
If mortal, asks a mortals Board they'd share,
Or if Divine, his Sacrifice and Pray'r.
With Candor they accept his friendly Treat,
Around the Oak each takes his mossy Seat,
Chearful and Grave, and eat, or seem to eat:
When He, who most of Majesty express'd,
Larger his Form, and brighter than the rest,
Did hospitable Abraham thus accost,

Nor is, Great Sir! your gen'rous Friendship lost, You all the Bliss of happiest mortals share, To crown it all you only want an Heir: Nor shall you long; your Consort shall conceive, All things are possible, if you believe. The Patriarch bow'd, and gave his firm assent, And from their joyful Host th' illustrious Strangets went.

XIII.

GENESIS, Chap. XVIII. Ver. 1. to 10.



v. 6. Abraham faid to Sarah, make ready quickly three measures of fine meal, known it, and make oake? upon the hearth.

7. And Abraham ran unto the herd, and fetcht a calf tander and good, and gave it unto a young man;

and he hastned to dress it.

8, And he took butter and milk, and the calf which he had dressed, and set is before them; and he stood by them under the tree, and they did eat.

XIV.

God reveals to Abraham the Destruction of Sodom. He intercedes for it.

The Crimes of Sodom ripe for Vengeance grown Two Angels haften to destroy the Town:
When God -- And shall I from just Abraham hide My secret Will, whose Faith so often try'd?
Who'll use his Pow'r with wise impartial Sway,
And make his Sons and House my Laws obey?
Then to his Friend the bov'ring Plague foreshows,
Who thus for Grace did humbly interpose.

And shall the Righteous with the Guilty fall?
When Some offend, shall Vengeance seize on All?
O rather the devoted City spare,
If only Fifty Pious Souls are there!
I will, says God; this gracious Answer take!
I'll all the City spare for Fifties sake.
When Abraham thus - Let Dust and Asbes speak!
If only of the number Five shou'd want
Wou'dst thou for lack of Five resume this Grant?
No, said the Lord, I'll yet the Town forgive,
If of the Fifty wanting only Five.
Lower, and still more low the Patriarch came,
For Twenty pleads, his Answer still the same:

Yet one, his last Effore he trembling made,
If only Ten were there, for Mercy pray'd:
If Ten are Righteous there, thy Wish enjoy,
Jehova said, I'll not the Town destroy.
And here at length the Wondrous Treaty ends,
Abraham departs, and God to Heav'n ascends.

- "O thou whose boundless Pity still the same
- " Still Just, and Good -- Jehova is thy Name!
- " Judge of the World! our finful Nation spare,
- "Who hast thy Fiftys, and thy Thousands there;
- "Who still besiege thy Throne with fervent Pray'r:
- "Or if our crying Guilt be th' fatal Cloud
- "That stops our Vows, yet hear, O hear our Saviour's Blood!

GENESIS, Chap. XVIII. from Ver. 17. to the End.

V. 17. The Lord said, Shall I bide from Abraham that thing which I do, &c.

23. Abraham said, wilt thou also destroy the

righteous with the wicked?

24. Peradventure there he fifty righteous within the city; wilt thou also destroy, and not spare the place for the fifty righteous that are therein?

25. Be it far from thee to do after this manner, to flay the righteous with the wicked: and that the righteous should be as the wicked, he that far from thee: shall not the judge of all the earth do right, Se.

XV.

The destruction of Sodom. Lot is preservidi

O longer now could Heavin its Bolts forbear, No longer Sodom ripe for Vengeance, spare: Yet those who on the fatal business go; While righteous Lot remains, suspend the Blow: With an obliging Force they him convey From those devoted Walls, a moments stay Would cost his Life; one Glance he must not cast, But forwards to the neighbring Mountains hafte: Their aged Sire histrembling Daughters joyn'd: Loaden with Wealth his Wife came flow behind, Yet wish'd for more; Her Eyes she cou'd not hold, But cast a longing Look to her remaining Gold: -- She look'd her last, her Eyes no more her own, Unmovid her Feet, rigid her Arms are grown, Rooted the stands a Monumental Stone. And now on Sodom's Walls the ruddy Vengeance fell. And pour'd from angry Heav'n inevitable Hell: Broad Sheets of ghaftly Flame involve the guilty The golden Statues melt, the Walls come tumbling down: Deep in a dire Abyli their Grave and Ruin find, And leave a noison Lake, and sulphrous Flames behind. Learn Mortals! learn from hence to dread th' Immortals Ire! For here was fiery Luft reveng & with horser Fire.

 $\mathbf{Y}X$

XV.

G B M E 318, Chap. XIX. Ver. 12. to 29.



24. The Lord rain'd upon Sodom and upon Gomorrah brimstone and fire from heaven.

25. And be overthrew those civies, and all the plain, and all the inhabitants of the cities, and that which grew upon the ground.
26. But his wife looked back from behind him, and

she became a pillar of falt.

XVI.

Hagar and Ishmael cast forth.

God comforts them.

HO' Heav'n a while delays, it can't deceive, And those are not impatient, who believe: An Hundred rolling years without an Heir, Had Abraham pass'd but wou'd not yet despair; At length the welcome promis'd Bleffing came, A Son is born, and Isaac is his name: Beyond her Hopes the joyful Sarah bless'd, To see the smiling Infant at her Breast. Which when he now for fook, a splendid Feast For all his cheerful Friends the Patriarch made, And Victims on the smoaking Altars laid, Doubly a Father double Thanks he pay'd. But mortal joys are unfincere and vain, And all our Pleasure soon allay'd with Pain: Ishmael with Scoffs infults th' intruding Heir, Nor Sarah, haughty Sarah this cou'd bear; Hence with the Slaves, the faid, let both away, Nor shall they to affront my Isaac stay. Agen sad Hagar wanders thro' the wild, Loaden with Grief, and with her exil'd Child: The Water now was spent she with her bore, And in the thirsty Sands what Hopes of more?

Her Tears the only moisture to supply Her fainting Son, tho' ev'n her Eyes grew dry Parch'd and exhauft; nor cou'd she see him die: One Kis she gave, that Kis she thought her last, And then beneath a Bush the Child she cast: With much of Pain he rais'd his fainting Eyes. And for his Mother calls with feeble cries. That boundless Pity who does all survey. Who not disdains to aid our mortal Clar. Tho' Angels serve him, saw their deep distress. Nor umregarding saw, but did redress. He bids the mournful Mother cease her Fears. For God had heard his Voice, had heard her Tears. Arise, said he, agen thy Ishmael take: Of. Ishmael I'll a mighty Nation make. When near her she a Crystal Well perceives, And with recruited Stores herfelf and Him relieves.

GENESIS, Chap. XXI. Ver. 2. 3.

^{2.} Sarah bare a son at the set time of which God bad spoken.

^{3.} And Abraham called the name of his son, whom Sarah bare to him, Isaac.

XVII. Abraham commanded to offer Isaac An Angel flays his Hand.

ND now to Abraham thus th' Almighty spake, Thy Son, thine only Son, thine Isaac take, And where Moriahs craggy Mountains rife The Youth to him that gave him, facrifice.

Nor did the Friend of God dispute or stay; He knew 'twas Heaven's to order, his t' obey: Who gave him, cou'd perform the Words he faid, Who bid him die cou'd raise him from the Dead.

Scarce had the Sun forfook th' Eoan Main And chas'd the Shades o'r scorch'd Arabia's Plain, When Abraham, yet a Father, leaves his Tent, And to the Place with his lov'd Haac went: The thoughtful Father bore the Knife and Fire. His Son the Wood, who thus accosts his Sire: --- Nor Wood, nor Fire, for Sacrifice we need, But where's the Lamb must on the Altar bleed? Unmov'd the faithful Patriarch thus reply'd, Tis God who fends and he'll the Lamb provide.

And now the Victim's on the Altar bound The Father's Hand is rais'd to give the fatal Wound: O Piety! O Nature! Why so slow,

Ye Angels, to divert the falling Blow! At length 'tis done; at length by Heavn's com-A willing Watcher flies, and ftops his Hand: When from the Throne a voice like Thunder broke And to the Patriarch thus th' Almighty spoke.

"Enough, my Friend! enough thy Piety is thown: "Thy matchleis Faith shall be to after-Ages knows: "I by my felt have fworn thy num'rous Seed I'll blefs, The gates of those that hate them shall thy Seed possels: "The Saviour of the World shall from thy Stockarile

"T' atone his Father's Wrath a willing Sacrifice.

XVII.

ENESIS, Chap. XXII. Ver. 1. to 3. 6. to 12. 16. to 18.



v. 2. God said, take thy son Ilaac, and offer him a burnt offering.

5. Abraham took the wood of the hurnt-offering, ! laid it upon Isaac his fon; and he took the fire in hand, and a knife: and they went both of them ther.

). And laid the wood in order; and bound Isaac fon, and laid him on the altar upon the wood, &c.

XVIIL

Abraham fends his Servant to take a Wife for his San Hac.

And leads beneath a Century of Tears:

Concern'd for his reflor'd miraculus Son,

His faithful Serveur call'd, he thus begun.

Swear, Swear, faid he, by him who rules the Sky,

Who made this Farth, and you bright Ords on high,

Who made this Earth, and you bright Orbs on high, Thou'lt not thy Matter's Family diffrect,
Nor match my Son to Canaeus hated Race;
But back to Aramem Fields repair,
And from my Kindred chufe his Confort there:
Ament the Servane hears, to all he yields,
And speeds away for Padaus distant Fields:
Nor empty he nor unattended goes,
But Ten fair Camels of his Masters chose,
With Spice and Gold, which both th' Arabia's bless'd,
And all the various Treasures of the East.

(Scarce wealthier Caravans in after-Days Shall Islamaels Sons to their Impostors Tomb, Or from th' Armuzian Gulf, and Persia's shores, Or old Damascus, earthly Paradise, In safety Pilas o'r the sandy Main.)

And now the Sun with faint declining Beams
Strikes the tall Hills, and gilds the Crystal Streams;
Arriv'd, the pious Trav'ler kneel'd and pray'd,
Nor long before he saw the charming Maid,
Whom for his Master's Bosom Heav'n design'd:
The Message done his aged Lord enjoyn'd,
He gains the Virgin's, and her Friends consent,
And soon rejoicing home with his fair Chargo he
went.

XVIII.

NESIS, Chap. XXIV. from Ver. 17.



17. The servant ran to meet her, and said, lent pray thee) drink a little water of thy pitcher.

And she said, drink my lord: and she hasted let down her pitcher upon her hand and gave him

I. And when she had done giving him drink, she
I will draw water for thy camels also, until they
done drinking.

. And the bafted, and emptied her pitcher into rough, and ran again unto the well to draw water, frew for all his camels.

XIX

Rebecca being barren, Hanc prays for her, Efan and Jacob born. Their conditions foretold.

VAin Man, when of his darling Wish possess'd Still something wants which leaves him still unbless'd.

We ask of Heaven and murmur when deny'd, We ask fair Children and a beauteous Bride. But Heav'n alone foresees the dark Event, And whether they in Wrath or Mercy sent.

And is there no Relief for mortal Care

No Balm for all our Wounds? - There is - Tis

Prayr:

By this, unshock'd, the fiercest Storms we bear,
By this remove; new Light and Joy receive,
And breath agen a while, and think we live.
This all the Just of old, this Isaac try'd:
No smiling Heir to bless his lovely Bride:
Can Heav'n forget what Heav'n itself decreed,
Where are his Hopes, and wherethe Promis'd Seed!
His barren Is ratch, th' effect of all his Care
Must Rapine seize, or thankless Strangers share?
The finitial Pear he bless'd-Yet did he not despair.

Full Twenty Years he prayd, nor prayd in vain, But does at length a doubled Bleffing gain: The sad Rebecca's barren Womb's unseal'd. And of her struggling Birth the Fate's reveal'd: "Two Nations, thus said God, are in thy Wimb

"Two different Warring People thence shall come

" The younger Hand the Scepter doom'd to fway,

'The Elder, tho' relucting, must obey.

And now her ripen'd Burthen press'd to share The cheerful Light and tast sweet Vital Air: A double Birth from her glad Labor came, Rough ESAU was the First, JACOB the Younger's Name.

GENESIS, Chap. XXV. Ver. 21. to 26.

23. The Lord said unto her, two nations are in thy womb, and two manner of people shall be separated from thy bowels: and the one people shall be stronger than the other people; and the elder shall serve the younger.

24. And when her days to be delivered were fulfilled. behold, there were twins in her womb.

23. And the first came out red, all over like an hairy garment: and they called his name Esau.

26. And after that came his brother out, and his band sook beld on Blan's beel; and his name was called

XX.

Jacob gets the Blessing from Esau.

SWift Hours and winged Moments, why so fast,
And O ye Ages! who commands your Hast?
How soon the Bloom of Life and Youth are flown?
How soon we grow unto our Selves unknown?
Decrepid Isaac now has lost his Sight,
His Orbs in vain attempt the cheerful Light;
Fair Heav'n, and Man's dear Face they search in vain:

His heavier Sences only firm remain:

Touch, Hearing, Tafte, and Smell, unbroke and frong,

And still the glimm'ring Lamp of Life prolong.

-- But his Immortal Mind renews its Sight,

More quick and vig'rous grown when wing'd for flight
And on the Ridge of Life can farther see

Within the Realms of dark Futurity.

Of those Two Sons which bless'd his Nuptial Bed
He his lov'd Esau call'd, and thus he said.

--- Hence to the Woods my Son! and swift as wind
Go chase the losty Stag, or nimble Hind:

When Heav'n thy Labor crowns with wish'd success.

Return, and thee before my Death I'll bless.

His Mother heard, her favour'd Jacob sent
His lingring Brother's Blessing to prevent:
The Father bless'd, unknowing his Deceit,
And God consirm'd his Word, and made it Fate:
Thus, Good from Ill, unbounded Wisdom draws,
And thus just Heav'n disposes what it did not cause

XX.

NESIS, Chap. XXVII. 1. to Ver. 23,



v. 17. Rebecca gave the savory meat, and the ad which she had prepared, into the hand of her son cob.

18. And he came unto his father, and said, my ther: and he said, here am I; who art thou my sond 19. And Jacob said unto his father, I am Esaw wifift-born; I have done according as thou badest: arise, I pray thee, sit and eat of my venison, that y soul may bless me.

23. And he discerned him not, because his hands re hairy,as his brother Esau's hands: so he blessed him.

XXI.

Esau complains of his Brother's supplanting him. Isaac blesses Esau.

TEary and faint returning from the Chase To meet his Father's Bleffing and Embrace Young Esau comes, and begs he'd deign to share Th' Effects of his Good-Fortune and his Care: Trembled the Patriarch when his Voice he knew; "If thou my Son, my Esau, where and who, "Where is th' Impostor did thy Blessing steal ? " Nor can I that reverse which Heav'n did seal. Fierce Esau hears, with loud and bitter Cries Accuses partial Fate, and rends the Skies. O Father, Brother! in my ruin joyn'd! A Brother false, a Father as unkind! And have you then exhausted all your Store, He adds with Tears, not One, One Bleffing more Can you upon your once-lov'd Son bestow, Who strains these Knees, and at your Feet will grow! Of that, at least, a Brother can't deprive; That, ev'n to Esau, may a Father give.

The Patriarch thus, I him thy Lord have made.

By Nations serv'd, by Suppliant Foes obey'd:

With Corn and Wine did I his Rase sustain;

Yet thou, at length, shalt break his servile Chain:

The Dew of Heav'n shall on thy Lot descend,

The fertile Globe uncommon Blessings lend,

And Triumphs thy victorious Sword attend.

But half convent did Eleu thence depart

But half content did Esau thence depart,

And treasur'd Deep Revenge within his canker'd

Heart.

GENESIS, Chap. XXVII from Ver. 30. to 41.

v. 31. Elan also made savory meat, and brought it unto his father; and said unto his father, Let my father arise, and eat of his sons venison, that thy soul may bless me, &c.

35. And Isaac said, thy brother came with subtilty,

and hath taken away thy bleffing.

39. Behold, thy dwelling shall be the fatness of the

earth, and of the dew of heaven from above.

40. And by thy sword shalt thou live, and shalt serve thy brother: and it shall come to pass when thou shalt bave the dominion, that thou shalt break his yoke from off thy neck.

XXIL

Rebecca sends Jacob to Padan-Aram. Who sees a Vision of Angels in the way.

ND now his fearful Mother, Jacob sends To Bethuel, and her Aramean Friends: Who, when Still Night her sable wings had spread, A Stone his Pillar, and the Earth his Bed, Weary with trav'ling takes his welcome Rest, With glorious Dreams, and heav'nly Visions bless'd: He saw fair Angels from the Clouds descend, And to the Place their shining Footsteps bend: A wondrous Scale he saw from Earth arise Whose lofty top was hid within the Skies. Th' Angelic Forms were now no longer fair. Their Rays eclips'd, for God himself was there, When loe a Voice was heard, a Voice divine. " I am thy Father's God, and will be thine! "The Land where thou a Stranger, now dost rest? " Shall be by thy unnumber'd Seed possels'd, " And all the World shall in thy Seed be bles'd. "Where e'r thou go'ft my Favour shall attend, "My watchful Angels shall from Ill defend: " Nor will I leave thee till I thee restore, "Till all my Words I have perform'd, and more. He faid, the glorious Visions were too bright; Sleep flies away, at once they take their Flight, And modest Day arose, and shone with paler Light.

XXII.

GENESIS, Chap. XXVIII. Ver. 10.



v. 10.11. Jacob went out from Beetsheba, and lighted upon a certain place, and tarried there all night: and he took of the stones of that place, and put them for his pillows, and lay down in that place to sleep.

12. And he dreamed, and behold, a ladder fet upon the earth, and the top of it reached unto heaven: and behold, the angels of God ascending and descending on it.

13. And behold the Lord stood above it, and said I am the God of Abraham thy father, and the God of Maac: the land whereon thou lieft, to thee will I give it, and to the seed.

XXII

XXIII.

Jacob's Vow.

THE Pious Pilgrim struck with sacred Aw, And deep revolving what he beard and saw; While yet the Sun did scarce his Beams disclose Thus to himself, as he from Earth arose.

Well may I tremble, when such Cause for Fear, How dreadful is this Place, for God is bere!

Tis Holy, 'tis Divine -- Away Profane!

What mortal Strength such Brightness may susselin!

What second Home wills then' every Wein!

What facred Horror trills thro' every Vein!
The Gates of Heav'n are here expanded wide;
The King of Kings does here himself reside:
And may the Pow'r who fills it, not despite
My grateful, tho' my humble Sacrifice!
Then rais'd the Stone on which he lean'd his Head,
Pure Oyl he pour'd thereon, and thus he said:

"God of my Fathers! My Petition grant!

"Let me not daily Bread, and Rayment want!

"O prosper, and preserve! I ask no more,

"And to my Father's House in Peace restore!

"So, thou my God, this Place thy House shall be,

"And Tythes of all thou giv'st I'll consecrate to Thee!

XXIII

XXIII.

GENESIS, Chap. XXVIII. Ver. 18.



v. 18. Jacob rose up early in the morning, and took the stone that he had put for his pillows, and set it up for a pillar, and poured oyl upon the top of it.

19. And he called the name of that place Beth el.
20. And Jacob vowed a vow, saying, if God will be with me, and will keep me in this way that I go, and will give me bread to eat, and raiment to put on;

21. So that I come again to my fathers house in peace: then shall the Lord be my God.

22. And this stone which I have set for a pillar, shall be God's house: and of all that thou shall give me, I will surely give the tenth to thee.

XXIV.

Jacob comes to the Well of Haran: sees Rachel. Is received by Laban.

Ncouraged thus, his Journy he pursues, Till Harans Eastern Fields at length he views, Cover'd with Flocks which grazed the fertile Plains Conducted and secur'd by harmless Swains.

The Sun shot fiercely from the height of Day. Panting for Heat the Flocks and Shepherds lay Around a limpid Fountains Brim; but none Cou'd from the Entrance move the pondrous Stone: Twice Six of our degen rate weaker Race The rocky Fragment hardly cou'd displace: With ease the Hebrew throws it from the brink, And makes wide way for all the Flocks to drink : For Laban's Flock he sees approaching near, He sees their lovely Shepherdess appear, The Charms of Innocence and Beauty wear. With more than Friendship in his Eyes and Face He look'd and blush'd, and ran to her Embrace: His Name and Kindred to the Maid reveals With trembling Lips, and scarce his Love conceals. Rich Laban hears, he meets him at the Gates, His Kin/man, to his House with courteous welcome waits.

GENESIS, Chap. XXIX. Ver. 10. 14.

10. When Jacob saw Rachel the daughter of Laban his mother's brother, and the sheep of Laban; that Jacob went near, and rolled the stone from the well's mouth, and watered the flock of Laban his mothers brother.

II. And

1. And Jacob kiffed Rachel, and lifted up his voice wepe.

L. And Laban said to bim, surely thou art my and my sless: and he abode with him the space month.

XXV.

b loves Rachel, and serves for her Seven Tears.

L Apes of ancient Truths, the Pagans, feign That Love transform'd Apollo to a Swain: here the Founder of the Sacred Race Sev'n long years that pleasing Toil embrace! Sheep their Master's watchful Eye confess, more he heeds their charming Shepherdes: on some hanging Mountains verdant Side, near fair Streams which thro' the Valleys glide. on a flow'ry Bank, beneath the shade spreading Palms and lofty Cedars made, ich screen'd the Sun, but fann'd his inward Fire, fase, and fung, and touch'd his tuneful Lyre. fung what pass'd a vulgar Shepherds Lays, v God did this fair World from Chaos raile; w, Man, its Lord, he made, and from his Side, nat cannot Heav'n?) educ'd his beauteous Bride; en first they met, what For, what strange surprize, all their bless'd Employ in Paradise. Ior did his Virtuous Suit successless prove, Verse and Musick ne'r were Foes to Love: Heart he wins, he wins her Friends affent, brings the beauteous Prize in triumph to his Tent. Genelis.

GENESIS, Chap. XXIX. Ver. 18

ij.:

18. Jacob loved Rachel, and serv'd seven years for her; and they seemed unto him but a few days, for she love he had to her.

XXVI.

Jacob's departure. Laban pursues him.
God appears to Laban: He makes a
Covenant with Jacob.

Ull twenty Years the happy Exile stay'd In Harans Fields, his Labors well repay'd: So well his faithful Industry was bles'd His Flocks and Herds thro' all the Plains increase. A num'rous Offspring crown'd his nupual Bed : Nor they the Scorn of Fools for want of Bread Yet something still of Happiness behind a His once dear Home he often call'd to mind. And Father's House; fain wou'd he close his Bue. And fee the aged Sire before he dies. With Heav'n to Priend at length he homeward went, Nor jealous Laban knew his Son's intent: By gentle Journeys still to West he leads, And Paths well known with his fair Troop he treads. They thro' rough ways, thro' various Regions pass'd, Euphrates cross d and Bashans Fields, at last E sic

ir Gilead reachid, he hopes the Danger's o'r, s richly laden Bark in fight of Shore: t angry Laban hears, and like the Wind ith his tempestuous Friends came swift behind; e feeble Troop o'retake, and nothing breath t Wrath and Vengeance, Slavery and Death: o late to fix, too weak to meet the Foe: But interposing Heav'n put by the Blom; God a Visionary Scene display'd, d thus by Night to trembling Laban said: ouch not my Servant, my peculiar Care, and ev'n the least provoking Word sorbear: h' Morn they meet, and in a League combine; sich ragged Heaps of Stones to after-Ages sign.

ENESIS, Chap. XXXI. 17.20.21. 23. 24. 25. 44. 10 51.

.21. Jacob fled with all that he had toward mr Gilead.

4. And God came to Laban the Syrian in a dream ighe, and faid unto him, take heed that thou speak.

• Jacob either good or had.

1. And Labart faid to Jacob, behald this heap, behald this pillar which I have cast between me

i. This heap be witness, and this pillat be witness,

I will not pass over this heap to thee, and that

shoult not pass over this heap and this pillar unta

for humn, &c.

XXVIL

Elau comes to meet Jacob. He fends a Present to appeale him. He wrestles with an Angel: His name is salled Israel.

His Storm no fooner pals'd but others rife, And with new Tumults fill the angry Skies; For now proud Selahs craggy Rock appears And Edoms Realms; the conscious Facob fears; Fears his Supplanted Brother's Arms, and sent The distant gath'ring Mischief to prevent: His Messens ungrateful Tidings bring Returning iwift -- (Ill news is on the Wing, The Good comes flow behind with lazy Feet :) Fierce Esau with Four Hundred Men they meet. All on full march his Brother's Camp to find, Panting they come, and think him close behind. The Patriarch's with the doubtful news distress d. And various Passions struggled in his Breast: First Heav'n by Pray'r did on his Side engage. And then to melt his injur'd Brother's Rage Large Droves of Oxen, Sheep, and Camels brings, When joyn'd, a Present not unworthy Kings: Then o'r the Ford his num'rous Housbold sent, He only stay'd behind, and kept his Tent; And as he storms high Heav'n with pious Pray'r. In Human Form an Angel enters there; Whom Jacob seiz'd, the heav'nly Warrior press'd, Nor wou'd he let him go, himself unbles'd: The Angel thus -- I grant thee thy Request: Facob no more, thy name shall Israel be. For thou with God and Man haft gain'd the victory. XXVIL

XXVII.

ENESIS, Chap. XXXII. Ver. 3, 6.9. 13. to 15. 22. 24. to 28.



v. S. The messenger said, thy brother Esau comes meet thee, and four hundred men.

7. Then Jacob was greatly afraid, and took of that bich came to his band, a present for Blau his brother. 24. 25. There wrestled a man with Jacob, and ben be saw that he prevailed not against him, he nuched the hollow of his thigh: and the hollow of Jacob's bigh was out of joynt, as he wrestled with him.

28. And be faid, thy name shall be called no more acob, but Israel: for as a prince bast thou power ith God and with men, and hast prevailed.

£ 3

XXVIII.

GENESIS, Chap. XXXIII. Ver. 1. 8, to 11. 16.

The kind meeting of Elau and Jacob.

THE Parriaged now afford of heavenly Aid When first the Sun his radiant Face difplay'd

Cresses the murmuring Brock, no more affraid:
His Brother's Troops he fees, not unprepard,
He knew he had himself a Stronger Guard.

But pow'rful Hear's had chang'd his Heart before.

Twas moulded new, recorgeful now no more:
Fury and Murder, direful Forms remove,
Sort Pitz them succeeds, and mild fraternal Love:
He came to Guard and Welcome, not contend,
And only knew the Brother and the Friend.
When Jor would give him leave his Thughts to
vent.

He asks him what those Droves behind him meant? Tis only a small Present, he rejoyn'd,
Tho' far too mean, for you, my Lord, design'd.
I have enough, my Brother, spare your cost Replys the Prince; on me' tis only lost:
So long he urg'd till he his Gifts receives,
And Jacob not displeased, upon his Journey leaves.

XXIX.

ENESIS, Chap. XXXIV. Ver. 1. 2. 25. 26. 30. 31.

Simeon and Levi.

Shalem's Fields did Jacob now repair, His Tent he pitch'd, and built an Altar there: be while young Dinah, innocent and fair, If Home and rural Pleasures weary grown eals from her Father's Tent to see the Town, nd with her Canaanitish Friends resort O Hamor's Palace, and luxurious Court. oung Shechem saw, he treated and carefold, lawless Fire inflam'd the Princes Breast, e seiz'd the ftruggling Maid, and all his Wish posmeon and Levi Leard, they both conspire, (ieis'd: Inflam'd with Wrath, as Shechem with Defire,) vere Revenge for this Affront to take, nd kill the People for their Prince's fake: y guileful Ares they an Advantage gain, nd the defenceless Citizens are flain: ver'd with Blood they to their Father come, ad with 'em lead their mournful Sister home: o Joy their Conquest brought his peaceful Tene, heir rash Revenge he chides, and dreads th' Event: is eager Sons, their Paffion scarce allay'd, efend the cruel Fast, and thus they said: " Can ought for fuch a Crime be too fevere : It was too much, too much for Man to bear. With his bot Blood we've purg'd that foul diffrace The Ravisher has fix'd on us, and all our Race.

XXX.

GENESIS, Chap. XXXV. Ver. 16. 19.20.

Rachels Death. Her Burial, and Tomb.

A H, why shou'd cheated mortals wish and chuse.

Or the dear charming Object ever lose!

Has Love itself no more of Biss to give,

Or sears too soon we'd all our Joys outlive!

Thro' Want and Sorrow long the Patriarch strove,
And softned all his Cares with virtuous Love;
The rugged Tempest pass'd, the Storms were o'r,
His Treasure's lost upon the wish'd-for Shore:
His Rachel, his long Labor's happy Prize,
Joy of his Heart, and Light of his glad Eyes,
Himself the Cause, in ling ring Torments dies:
Scarce cou'd his Pietr Despair prevent,
Or make him with so vast a Loss content.
What was the World to him when she was gone?
A Desert all, a Skie without a Sun.

Yet will he live, her Ashes to perfume, And scatter Tears and Roses round her Tomb: A Marble Pillar o'r her Dust he rears, Which this inscrib'd to Aster-Ages wears.

[&]quot;BEAUTY and LOVE are in this Vault enshrin'd, if While he who lost 'em both stays languishing behind.

XXXI.

GENESIS, Chap. XXXVII. Ver. 5.

Joseph's Dreams. His Brethren hate him.

With harmless Shepherds on their humble Ev'n there we search for Happiness in vain: (Plains) Against a Favirite too they there combine, With less of Art, but still the same design: They on another's Ruin hope to rise, And for a Dream wou'd Joseph sacrifice. He thought he saw the Fields with Harvest crown'd, And in large Sheaves the golden Blessings bound; His Brother's Sheaves to his, obessance pay'd; They heard, and thus with scornful Taunts they said: Is that strong Hand a Scepter doom'd to sway, While we and all our Father's House obey?

Agen he dreams, the Sun and Moon appear, Elev'n fair Stars which weaker Lustre wear Compose their Train; they all in consult meet, Humbly submit, and bow beneath his Feet:

The Patriarch hear'd, his forward Son reprov'd, Tho' with the weighty Omen not unmov'd:

He treasures up his Dreams, content to wait

Till lab'ring Time disclos'd the deep Resolves of Fate.

XXXII.

Joseph fold to the Ishmaelites by his Brethren, and carried into Egypt.

Ear Shechem's ruin'd Walls the Patriarchs led Their Father's Flecky, and there fectively fed; From thence, (the Fields depastur'd) farther drive Till they at Dethan's fertile Plains arrive: Young Joseph goes, commanded by his Sire To find the Ten, and of their Health enquire: Discern'd at Distance, they his Death conspite: He comes, they cry, our future Lord let's kill. And see if then he can his Dreams fulfil. Reuben, of Nature merciful, and mild, Allays their Rage, and feeks to fave the Child: Into a Pit the Innocent they cast, And careless seat themselves to their repast: As chanc'd a Band of Isomaels Sons came by With Spices, Balm, and Myrrh, approching nigh, Thus Judah to his liftning Breskren faid: What Gain if each upon his guilty Head Our Brother's Blood we draw? Our selves let's clear To these we'll sell the Touth, nor need we fear Of him or of his Dreams again to hear. The motion pleas'd, he's fold, the Price is pay'd, And thro' the Deserts he to Mizraims Realists convey'd.

XXXII.

GENESIS, Chap. XXXVII. Vct. 12. to 28.



v. 26. Judah said unto his brethren, what profit is it if we slay our brother, and conceal his bloud?

27. Come, and let us fell to him the Ishmaelites, and let not our hand be upon him; for he is our brother, and our flesh: and his brethren were content.

28. Then there passed by Midianites, merchantmen; and they drew and lift up Joseph out of the pit, and fold Joseph to the Ishmaelites for twenty pieces of filter: and they brought Joseph into Egypt. XXXIII.

XXXIII.

Jacob laments for bis Son Joseph.

HE Bretbren now with Fraud their Fast disguile. And their Injustice must conceal with Lies: His Coas of various Colours richly made, Distain'd with Blood is to his Sire convey'd: The Coat too well he knew, with Grief o'rpow'rd. Tis bis, 'tis bis, he cries, my Son's devour'd, My Foleph is no more - Behold him tear With loud Laments his Garments and his Hair! His goodly Robes he into Sackcloth turns, Cover'd with Dust in deep Despair he mourns. His num'rous Sons and all his House arise And strive to ease his Cares; too late, he cries, And Hope and Comfort now alike defies: Ah my Lou'd Son! shall I thy Loss survive? When Joseph is no more shall Jacob live? Heavier ye Griefs! make hafte ye ling'ring Cares. And quickly press to Earth these Hoary Hairs: As fast as an Old Man can move, I'll come. And meet thee once agen, my Joseph, in the Tomb.

XXXIII.

tsis, Chap. XXXVII. from Ver. 31. to 35.



They took Joseph's coat, and killed a kid of the and dipped the coat in the bloud.

And they sent the coat of many colours, and the to their father; and said, this have we know now whether it be thy son's coat or no.

And he knew it, and said, it is my sons coat; il beast bath devoured him: Joseph is without rent in pieces.

. And Jacob rens his closhes, and put sackclosts is long, and mourned for his son many days.

VIXXX

Joseph tempted by his Mistress, he resules her; is wrongfully accused, and imprison d.

TICE always is a Slave, but Virtue's free: Feferb, the fold, enjoys lis Liberty: His Master loves his Industry and Truth, His Lady views too oft his blooming Youth; Too foon a lawless Fire inflames her Breast, Which robs her Mind of Peace, her Eyes of Reft: She looks, the fighs, the languishes in vain, The lovely Youth regardless of her Pain: In vain her Sex's well-known Ares the tries; He dares not erust bimself, nor trust ber Eyes, But shuns her sight, and conquers whilst he slies. She still persists, so wild her Passion grown, Till Shame, the last Referve of Virtue's gone: She feiz'd the Youth, attacks with Syrens Tears, And tells him what's unfit for virtuous Ears: In vain he Gratitude and Conscience press'd, Blind to her Charms, and Deaf to her Request, And swin'd at last the Serpent from his Breast. With other Fires the slighted Beauty burne. Defeated Lust to Hate and Vengames turns: Seize, seize the Ravisher, aloud the cries. Resolv'd the guiltles Youth to facrifice: Silent he stood, yet bold, with no Defence Belides his Conscience, and his Innecence : Enrag'd his Lord commands, they drag him thence; Loaden with Chains to Dungeons deep convey, Remov'd from Heav'ns fuect Light, and leaft approach of Dax · MXXXX

XXXIV.

to 20.



n. His masters wife cast her eyes upon Joseph; so said, Lie with me. But he refused, &c., And Joseph went into the house to do his busi-and there was none of the men of the house there

. And she caught him by his garment, saying lie me: and he less his garment in her hand, and and get him out.

. And it came to pass, when she saw that he had is garment in her hand, and was sted forth.

. That she called unto the men of her house, &c.

XXXV.

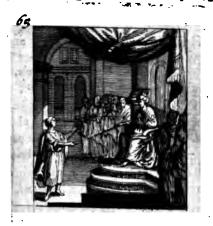
Pharaoh's Dreams Joseph interprets them.

Mbition finks when towing to the Skies, But humble Virtue from the Dust shall rise: Young Joseph by his Chains illustrious grown, Drawn from the Dungeon shares great Pharaob's Thither he comes to fave the finking State, (Throne. Forewarn'd by wondrous Dreams, and big with Fate: As on his Couch the Monarch slumb'ring lay These Visionary Scenes did Heav'n display: On Nilus's slimy Banks he thought he stood, And faw ascending from the Parent-Flood Sev'n large, and milk-white Kine, well flesh'd and fair, Which to the Meadows ran, and pastur'd there: A second Sev'n succeeds deform'd and lean; And, while intent he view'd the wond'rous Scene. Attack the former, them they foon o'rpow'r, The Sev'n deform'd the beauteous Seven devour. Agen he dreams -- Seven Ears of Corn ascend, And with their weight the Stalk beneath 'em bend: Sev'n others them succeed, not far behind. But thin, and blasted with the burning wind; Yet these with speed devour the Full and Fair. The King awakes, and feiz'd with anxious Care He both th' important Dreams to Foseph told. And thus did he their myftic Sence unfold The Dream is One, in various Figures dress'd, Sev'n Years of Plenty are by both express'd: To these, Sev'n Years of Famine shall succeed,

The Dream is One, in various Figures dreis'd,
Sev'n Tears of Plenty are by both express'd:
To these, Sev'n Tears of Famine shall succeed,
When Egypt all her boasted Stores will need:
When Plenty comes, let Pharaoh then provide
That thoselong barren Tears may be with Cornsupply'd.

XXXV.

GINESIS, Chap. XLI. Ver. 14. to 36.



v. 15. Pharaoh said unto Joseph, I have dreamed dream, and there is none that can interpret it: and bave beard say of thee, that thou caust understand a heam, to interpret it.

16. And Joseph answered Pharaoh saying it is not inme: God shall give Pharaoh an answer of peace, &c.

26. The seven good kine are seven years; and the leven good ears are seven years: the dream is one.

27. And the seven thin and ill-favoured kine that came up after them, are seven years; and the seven compty ears blafted with the east-wind, shall be seven bears of famine, &c. $\cdot IVXXX$

XXXVL

Joseph's Preferment. His Marriage, and bis Two Children.

THE Monarch hears with 307 and strange Surprise,

Wondrous Toung Man, belov'd of Heav'n, he cries, Egypt's too poor a just Reward to give, Yet, what a grateful Nation can, receive, My Viceroy thou, thro' all my Realms obey'd, To thee their Saviour, be their bomage pay'd. With speed he bids the bright Regalia bring, And him proclaim their Father, and their King. He takes the Royal Signes from his Hand, And with it gives unlimited Command: Rich Chains of Gold his graceful Neck adorn, Which an inglorious Iron weight had worn: High on his stately Chariot rais'd he rode, Admir'd, ador'd by all the shouting Crowd.

Nor wants a Bride of beauteous Mind and Fand Proud of his Hears, tho she of Princely Race?"
Two lovely Sons she did to Joseph bear;
They Smile, and he forgets his former Care;
Of foregone Ills the very Trace removed,
Great without Enoy, He, and without Elastin look

XXXVI.

NESIS, Chap. XLI. from Ver. 37. to 45.50, to 52.



44. Pharaoh said unto Joseph, I am Pharaoh, visious shee shall no man lift up his hand or first she land of Egypt.

. And Pharaon called Joseph's name Zaphnathenh; and be gave bim to wife Asenath the wer of Poti-pherah priest of On: and Josephs out over all the land of Egypt.

. And unto Joseph were born two sons, before the of famine came: which Asenath the daughter of pherals priest of On, bare unto him.

F 2

XXXVII. GENESIS, XLI. The Famine begins. Joseph's Brethren, &c.

IME now had ripen'd Fatt, and on the Sphetts Had soun the first, bless d Week of plenteens The Granaries are fill'd by Joseph's Care, And all against th' approaching Storm prepare; Which now arrives, a dreadful Famine reigns, Nor Father Nile cou'd bless his Egypts Plains: They on their unexhausted Stores rely. And forein Regions can from thence supply; Old Facob hears, and fends his Sons to buy: For Canaans fertile Fields their Want confess. Scorch'd like Arabia's Sandy Wilderness. His Benjamin alone behind 'em stays, The Second Hope of his declining Days: The Ten to Egypt come, by Joseph known, Tho' to his Bretbren he a Stranger grown: Roughly he asks 'em whence they came, and why? Trembling and pale, from Canaan, they reply To purchase Food -- Rather the Land to spy From Lubims wast, or Cush, our ancient For He fierce, rejoins -- With suppliant Voice and low Agen they plead their Truth, and thus began. We once Twelve happy Sons of one Old Man; One his untimely Fate long fince did find, The Youngest with his Father stays behind. Let this appear, you vindicate your Truth:

Let this appear, you vindicate your Truth; Replies the *Prince*, but go, and bring the *Touth*: The while this *Pledge* shall your *Results* focuse, Or just *Rewards* of broken *Faith* endure.

Simeon, to Blood and Murder most inclind When him they fold, he bids his Servanes bind; The rest return with Corn, he stays in Chastes behind.

XXVIII. GENESIS, Chap. XLIII. XLIV.

Heir num'rous Housbold soon exhaust their store LeanWant appears, and makes'em wish for more z dare they not to Mizraims Fields repair, wie Brother left in Chains an Hoftage there, nless the Youngest now the Journy share: neix mournful Father yields a forc'd affent. way his Benjamin, his Darling went: : length arriv'd at Jefeph's Princely Seat e mildly with 'em thus begins to treat. And does th' Old Sire of whom ye spake, still share he cheerful Light, and tast th' Ætherial Air? e does. Great Sir! tho' Old and full of Days. he Ten reply, and for your Welfare prays. zen he views em with attentive Eyes, ed Benjamin among the Crowd espies: ith haft he flees to his retir'd Alcove. nd vents in Show'rs of Tears, fraternal Love, eturning soon, he treats his Hebrew Friends, nd loaden back with Corn, rejoicing fends: it short their 30%, and but in vain their Hast, he Steward had a melly Goblet plac'd, Gofeph will'd, within the Youngers Sack; e foon o'rtakes, and brings 'em trembling back: ne fatal Bowl with Benjamin was found id he facur d: when profrate on the Ground hus Fudah pleads - on me, on me, let all he Guile and Punishment unpity'd fall: it. Oh! this windeparting Youth forgive! n bim. or rather let his Father live! bles he mile, he dies, nor dar'd we come Il I his Surety to return him bome: are rather let me fall, if fall I must, has bring my aged Sire with Sorrow to the Duft.

XXXIX. Joseph makes himself known to his Brethren. He sends for his Father.

TO longer Joseph cou'd himself refrain, But struggling Nature broke th' une afie Chain: He bids'em clear the Room, the Crowd obey, And none besides his Wond'ring Brethren stay; Then -- I am Joseph, said, nor needed more, Tho humbly prostrate on the Earth before. They'd now have farther gone, and wish its Womb, And darkest Shades their kind immediate Tomb: Agen with gentle words their minds he chears, And with reviving Smiles dispells their Fears: The Youngest first embrac'd with friendly Tears, Then all the Rest; he bids their Grief forbear For God to save their Lives had plac'd him there Five dreadful Years of Famine yet remain, No Harvest shou'd requite the Tiller's Pain: Return, my aged Father bring with haft, I'll feed you all until the Dearth be pass'd: Of Egypt's Dainties he a Present sends, And bids em on the way continue Friends. Arriv'd they to their aged Sire relate His Joseph's Glory and his alter'd Fate: Too big th' unwieldy Joy, too vast the News; Long did his fainting Heart, Belief refule: But when he faw the Carriages appear, And did his pious Sons kind mellage hear: Forgotten Joy shines in his lightn'd Eyes. And thus the aged Sire in Extages: "Shall these chill Veins new Life and Warmeh re-1 And does my lost lamented Joseph live? (ceive, "Tho' long the Journey, all my Strength I'll try To see and bless my Son, my Joseph, ex I die.

XXXIX.

7.

GINESIS, Chap. XLV. Ver. 1. to 16.



v. 1. Then Joseph could not refrain himself before all them that stood by him; and he cried, cause every man to go out from me: and there stood no man with him, while Joseph made himself known unto his brethren.

V. 13. And said, ye shall tell my father, &c. and ye shall hafte, and bring down my father hither.

14. And be fell upon bis brother Benjamin's neck, and weps; and Benjamin weps upon bis neck,

25. Moreover, he kissed all his brethren, and meps upon them: and after that, his brethren talked with him.

XL.

Jacob with his Family goes into Egypt, Joseph meets him; and presents him, and Five of his Brethren to Pharaoh,

OR Zoan's Fields, and deep retentive lay Old Faceb thro' the Defert takes his way; Agen he sees his much-lov'd Joseph's Face Who from his Chariot leaps and runs with Tears to his Embrace: Then brings to Court the Venerable Sire: The Nobles press to see him, and admire, Ev'n Pharaob not disdains to ask his Age: --- Evil and short has been my Pilgrimage. A Censury and Half t' has not surpass'd, Tho' longer far my Ancesters did last. He said, and bless'd the King, and from him went, And Foseph next his Brethren did present; Five of the Tallest and of graceful Mien, By Pharaob not unworthy to be seen: He asks em, what their way of Life had been? - They - We from our Youth were humble Smains. And used to feed our Flocks in Comanns Plains, But all our Pastures now are forch'd and burn'd. And like Arabia's Sandy Deferts turn'd: To You, Great Sir! we all for Refuge fly, Without your Aid, our famish'd Flocks mouth die. In Gofhens ferrile Fields we beg torest. The Monarch hears, and smiles, and grants am their Regueft.

XL.

WESTS, Chap. XLVI. XLVII. to Ver. 11.



hap. wivi. 29. Joseph made ready his charlet, and t up so meet Israel his father, to Goshen, &cc. Ivii. And he took some of his brethren, even five and presented them unto Pharaoh, &cc. . And Joseph brought in Jacob his father, and set before Pharaoh: and Jacob blessed Pharaoh. . And Pharaoh said unto Jacob, how old art thou? . And Jacob said unto Pharaoh, the days of the sof my pilgrimage are anhundred and chirty years: and said have the days of the years of my life how, I have not attained unto the days of the years of the of my fathers in the days of their pilgrimage.

XLII.

GENESIS, Chap. XLIX.

Jacob calls his Sons, and bleffes them.

ONE Labour for the Patriarch yet remains
E'r Death must loose exhausted Nature's
Chains;

He calls his Sons, and thus their Fates explains.)

REUBEN, my Might, my Strength! but Reuben
fell:

Unstable he as Water, can't excell:

His Youth with shameful Incest did abuse

His Father's Bed, and must his Birtbright lose :

Which LEVI and fierce SIMEON hope in vain.

Their Swords in Blood, and guilty Hands they stain: Tis JUDAH shall that envied Honour gain.

Nor, Judah! shall thy regal Race expire

Till the Great Shiloh come, the Nations long Defire.

From Sea to Sea shall ZEBULON extend,

At ancient Sidon shall his Border end.

Rich ISSACHAR! be rather Safe than Brow! Inglorious Eafe he'll chuse, a Wealthy Slave.

The Sacred Rod of Justice, DAN shall wield,

By Art prevail, too Weak for open Field.

The wand ring Sons of Isomael G AD shall quell: In Royal Dainties ASHER shall excel:

60st Words for MAPHIHALI his Freedom gain, Like a swift Hind he shoots across the Plain. FOS EPH! thy Branches like a struitful Vinc

3 OF EPH! thy Branches tike a trustal vine Shall shade the Walls, and sound the Caders write!

Deep, deep thy Root, as is th' Abyl's below,
And o'r th' Eternal Hills shall thy fair Branches go:
Not famish'd Wolves dart keener at their Prey
Than BENJAMIN his trembling Foes shall slay,
Thus his enlighta'd Mind their Fatts exptess'd,
Then loos'd from mortal Chains she wings for endless Rest.

XLIH.

GENESIS, Chap. L. Ver. 1. to 19.
Toseph buries Jacob in Canaan.

N Israel's Face the pions Foseph fell, And dear Remains of him he lou'd to well. Then for his Stately Funeral Pomp prepares, And him, embalm'd, to native Canaan beats. Due Honours to his Herse the Nobles pay, And of the Sandy Deferts him convey: Fair Jordan's Streams disturbed with Tears they pass'd. In Patentina's Fields arriv'd at last, Near Ared's Floor in regal state he lay, And thence to Ephron's Cave they him convey: In Solemn Ranks the vefted Mourners go. Foseph the Chief: films they march and stop: How sad a Scene! how vast a Pomp of Proe! The world fing Natives crowd, and ask the cause So large à Troop from Mizraim's Regions draws: The Place's name preferves the Great Event, -Which down from thence unchang'd to distant Ages went.

XLIV.

Joseph dies. The Israelites afflicted. Moses born, expos'd, found, and brought up by Pharaoh's Daughter, who adopts him for her Son.

VN Kings are Dust nor all their Pow'r can Themselves or dearest Favirites from the Grave: Pharaob is dead, and Joseph is the same, Ungrateful Egypt soon forgets his Name: A King arose a Foe to Israel's Seed, As foon as born their Sons are doom'd to bleed. MOSES of Levi's Race, divinely Fair, Did his sad Mother then to Amram bear: A while the lovely Infant did conceal, At length left envious eyes shou'd him reveal, Did in an Ark of Bulrushes inclose. And to the Mercy of the Waves expose: The Waves themselves than Tyrant-Man more mild, Safe on their Bosoms wast the lovely Child. As Pharaoh's Daughter did to Nile repair To pay mistaken Adorations there. The Infant she among the Rushes spies, Nor him beholds with unrelenting Eyes: To his glad Mother him commits unknown, And when he past his tender Childhood grown Adopts the envy'd Youth a Kinsman to the Threes.

XLIV.

Exodus, Chap I. Ver. 6.8. 16. II. r. to 10.



v. 3. When his mother could no longer hide him, she took for him an ark of bulrushes, and daubed it with slime and with pitch, and put the child therein; and she laid it upon the rivers brink.

4. And his lifter flood af ar off, to see what would be

5. And the daughter of Pharaoh came down to wash her self at the river, and her maidens walked along by the rivers side: and when she saw the ark among the slags, she sent her maid to setch it.

6. And when she had opened it, she saw the child?

and behold the babe mept, &c.

XLV.

Moles visits his Brethren. Egyptian.

His Rifing Sun attracts the Courtiers Eyes, Who Wildom's shar'd at once, and Beauty's

Prize, Yet all their gandy shows he could despise. Afflicted Virtue meanly to disown He thinks too dear a Rate to gain a Throne: His Hebrew Brethren now no more unknown. Tho' for their Thraldom he cou'd only grieve, And mourn the Wrongs he could not yet relieve. Pharaoh he left, he left the pompous Court, And to th' afflicted Hebrews did resort: He found 'em faint beneath their servile load, The Defart sprinkled with their Tears and Blood. Compassion in his genrous Soul did rise, And just Resentment sparkled in his Eyes: Too many milerable Objects there His Temper try'd, but One he could not beer: He faw a cruel Master seize his Slave, Relisting the unarm'd, and vainly Brave: Mov'd by the facred Sp'rit his Sword he drew, And to his injur'd Brother's rescue flew: Deep inth' Invader's Breast the Weapon drives. And his warm Heart the deadly Point receives: Curfing he falls, and kicks the Sandy Ground. And his black Blood and Soul rush mingled thro' the Wound.

.VI. Exodus, Chap. II. Ver. 15. to 21'

'Nrag'd the Tirant of proud Memphis hears, And deep Revenge against the Heroe swears; rice is fer on his devoted Head. Midian's Fields the glorious Exile fled: as the Sun, in Western Waves descends, : Pilgrim too his weary Journy ends. bappy Age when Innocence did reign, en Shepberds rul'd, and Kings did not disdain guard their fleecy Housbolds on the Plain! A Jesbro held, of these, the foremost Place. riest and Prince of holy Abrams Race: n beautious Daughters bless'd his Nuprial Bell, flow'ry Banks their Father's Flocks they fed; Day they fed, and cooler Evening come, : lovely Shepherdeffes drive 'em home. Well there was, deep in the native Rocks. ence all the Plains refresh'd their fainting Flocks: en Fethro's there among the rest arrive : churlish Shepherds thence his Daughters drive: lor Moles this - "Is't thus you treat the Fair? ence, or the just Rewards of Rudeness bear! He said, and did for more than Words prepare: ident of their Number's weak defence : frighted Clowns in troops run murm'ring thence: : Flocks suffic'd they homeward haste, and tell h Mofes and the Rusticks what befell: Ind have ye left the gen rous Stranger there, osd in Fields to cold nocturnal Air, ir Father answers -- strait his Servants sent brought him to his bospitable Tent: Faith, his Courage, and his Prudence try'd. segs he'd not dildain his Flocks to guide, made fair Zipporab his well-contented Bride.

XŁVII.

God appears to Moses in a Burning Bush

O Horeb Moses leads his bleating Charge, And feeds'em there in Pastures fresh and large: Hanging they graze the Sacred Mountain's fide, A mossy Hillock bears their careful Guide: Rare Myrele Shrubs around at distance seen, The Friendly Palm, and Cyprels Ever-Green. As he the Sylvan Scene with Pleasure views By gentle motion dress'd in various Hews, A hollow wind comes whisp'ring thro' the Leaves, The folid Rock with dire Convulsions cleaves: The largest Bush, and fairer than the rest He saw in harmless Flames, and Lambent Lightningsdress'd. Tho'strange, tho' wondrous strange the Sight) appear. (Fear. 6 The Saint who knew no Guilt cou'd know no And to the Burning Bush approaches near: When from the Flames a Voice like Thunder broke, And Moses in these awful Words bespoke: "Thy Sandals quickly loofe, bold mortal, and retire, " This Place is Holy Ground, and God is in the Fire. "The God of Abraham, I and all his favour dRace. The Propher heard and kneel'd, and trembling veil'd his Face: (unknown When thus the Voice goes on - "To me are not " Afflicted Ifrael's Tears, I number every Groan: "Under their cruel Lords no longer shall they grieve; " From my own Heav'n I come to pity, and relieve. "From Egypt's Slavish Bands shalt thou my Flock convey To Canaans happy Fields, my felf I'll show the

XLVII.

us. Chap. III. Ver. 2. to 8.



The Angel of the Lord appeared unto him in office, one of the midst of a bush: and he had been district, and the inot confumed.

d'faid, I am the God of thy father, the God of W, the God of Maac, and the God of Jacob. Sex hid his face: for he was afraid to look upon

d she Lord said, I have surely seen the affliction opto which are in Egypt, and have heard their sasm of their task masters: for I know their see.

2 XLVII

XLVIII. Moses and Aaron go in unto Pharaoh. He refuses to let Israel go, and increases their Oppression.

goes
His Friends to rescue, and confound their Foes,
Great Aaron in th' August Commission joyn'd,
The future Ephod to adorn, design'd.
Undaunted they to Pharaoh's Court repair,
And Audience gain'd, their Embassy declare,
From God, the Lord of Hosts, who all things made,
From Israel's God they come, and thus they said:

Dismiss my People who my Name confess,
To Sacrifice in Etham's Wilderness.
When thus the haughry Tyrant from his Throne?
Can any God be in my Realms unknown?
Who is the Lord, that I respect shou'd pay
To his Commands? I'll not his Words obey.
Have Hebrews nothing else to do but Pray?
Other Employ I'll find -- Impostors go,
Or you the weight of Royal Hands shall know.

Guards - See that stricter Care their Masterstake!
Of Bricks their wonted Number see they make!
Diminish nought, but let no Straw be giv'n:
They're Idle, and wou'd fain go play with Heav'n.

He said, his ready Ministers obey:
Thro' all the Land for Straw the Hebraus Stray;
With this their Time consum'd, their Tale was less,
Remorseless Stripes their Officers oppress,
To Pharaoh they complain but no Redress.
They the Great Brethren met, and them accus'd,
Their Words had but their easie Faith abus'd.
Their Message sale, their Promises in vain,
And only added Weight to their inglorious Chais.

XLVIII.

O'DUS, Chap. V. from Ver I. to 21.



. 1. Moles and Aaron went in and told Pharaoh, that faith the Lord God of Israel, let my people go, that they may bold a feast unto me in the wilderness, &c.

6. And Pharaoh commanded Saying, 7. Te shall no more give the people straw to make brick as beretofore: let them go and gather straw for

8. And the tale of the bricks which they did make themselves. beretefore, you shall lay upon them; you shall not diminifo ought shereof: for they are idle; therefore the) . Erg, Saying, Let us go and Sacrifice to our God.

XLIX.

God encourages Moscs. He goes agen to Pharaoh. His Rod becomes a Serpent, and swallows up the Rods of the Sorcerers.

Mpatient Man in troubles will not stay

For his Relief, till Heav'n can find the way:
Joy oft is near when we of Joy despair,
A Storm succeeds a Calm, and Thunder clears the
Air,

Ev'n doubtful Moses self confess'd the Man, When thus to him his Fathers God began.

I A M, I W A S, and still shall be the same, Th' Immutable Jehovah is my Name:
A God to Pharaoh Thou, as I to thee;
Thou mine, and Aaron shall thy Prophet be.
With Plagues on Plagues I'll harden'd Fgypt scourge,
Till they themselves your wish'd Departure urge.
But first with Wonders I'll your mission sign,
Their Sence compell'd to own a Pow'r divine:
That Rod thou bear'st, when on the Marble thrown
Before their Eyes a crested Serpent grown:
Encourag'd they agen to Pharaoh goe,
And onthe ground their wondrous Rod they throw,
Which in an instant did a Snake become,
Whose bloody Eyes shot Flames around the Room:

The

we harden'd Tyrant calls, his Charmers came, at by their bellish Magic did the same: It th' active Hebrew Serpent theirs pursues, eaks their strong Backs, and does their Charms malooso:

'Heav'n commission'd with Superior Pow'rs, izes on all the rest, and them devours: hen glides a harmles Worm around the Room, nd does in Aaron's Hand its wonted Form resume

XODUS, Chap. V. Ver. 22. VI. 2 3. VII. 1. to 12.

Chap. vi. 2. God spake unto Moses, and said unto im. I am the Lord:

3. And I appeared unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and uto Jacob, by the name of God Almighty, but by my ame Jehova was I not known to them, &c.

Chap. vii. 10. Moses and Aaron went in unto hataoh, and they did as the Lord had commanded: nd Aaron cast down his rod before Pharaoh, and bewe his servants, and it became a serpent.

11. Then Pharaoh called the wifemen, and the weerers: now the magicians of Egypt, they also did like manner with their inchantments.

12. For they cast down every man his rod, and they ecame serpents: but Aarons rod swallowed up their ods, 80c.

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The Waters turned into Blood. Exograin

E Gypt their helpless Gods in vain may pray,
Their helpless Gods are plagu'd as much as
they.

Ev'n Nile, their Jove, if whose rich Streams o'rslow No Thanks th' Ungrateful think to Heav'n they ow, Stagnates, and stinks, and all its sev'n-mouth'd Flood, Direful Portent! rolls with a Sea of Blood: Satiate with what they did so long defire The cruel Natives now for Thirst expire: Nor this alone; what e'r in Mystic Stile: They dream of Creatures from the Slime of Nile, See now its animated Waters roll, And every Drop swell with imperfect Soul! Myriades of Frogs from thence at Heaven's command

March from the River, and invade the Land: For Nature's flow Production will not stay, Born in a Moment, perfect in a Day. To Pharaoh's Court they press, and slight his Guard; Like factious Crowds they swarm, and will be heard: Importunate, as hungry Courtiers, grown, His Levee wait, and croak around the Throne; On his Rich Beds their slimy Members place, "A Luxury unknown before to all their warry Race.

Dus, Chap. VII. Ver. 20. 21. Chap. VIII. Ver. 3. to 6.



ap. viii. V. 1. Thus faith the Lord, if thou relet my people go, behold, I will smite all thy s with frogs.

And the river shall bring forth frogs abundantly. shall go up and come into thine bouse, and into d chamber, and upon thy bed, and into the house servants, and upon thy people, and into thine and into thy kneading-troughs.

And the frogs shall come up both on thee, and by people, and upon all thy servants.

LĮ.

Lice and Flies are sent.

S Storms of Hail on Stones descending, sound, But can't their folid Texture pierce, or world, So, doubled Plagues the Tyrant's Heart affright, Yet still obdurate he renews the Fight. Tho' now the Frogs remov'd by Mofes Pray'r, and Just Heav'n can soon another scourge prepare: The meanest Worm commission d, proves the Rod And weighty Plague of an avenging God : 180 8 From Lice, th' uncleanly Torment of the Poor, Not Pharaob's Robes can Pharaobs felf. secure: Obscene and large, of an uncommon kind. The like his Sorc'rers cou'd not make or find: They own their Art our done: they own this Sign Th' inimitable Work of Hands divine. Still the relentless King his Rage renews, Tho' still just Heav'n with vengeful Plagues pursues: On Egypt came a dreadful swarm of Flies, Of countless number, and of monstrous size. Of painful Bite, and of moleftful Sound: Both Night and Day they fly their endless round Until their Soul is left in each vexatious Wound. In dismal Clouds they hover o'r the Coast, " And Accaron, their Airy Prince led forth their va-

rious Hoft.

LIL

The Murrain and Blain.

Dreadful Murrain next infects the Air, And when Beafts die, their Masters muk prepare. ne gen'rous Steed, ready equipp'd for Race, wing the Ground, and eager of the Chace, vallowing the distant Goal with alter'd Eyes nwilling to foregoth' expected Prize meath th' incumbred Rider falls, and dies, he lab'ring Oxen, as they sweating come, nd bring the Plough with weary Footsteps home ith doubled Knees drop on the printed Clay, nd in deep murmurs groan their Souls away. he painful Camels lose their Masters hire, he milky Mothers o'r the Pails expire. he Ass, which late his Lady proudly bore mks in his Stall, and loves the Crib no more: ex'd Air he with his quiv'ring Hoofs does wound s his strong crested Shoulders strike the Ground. he Sheep, their wealthy Masters envy'd store Vhich Wool well worthy Tyrian Purple bore, truck with the sudden Plague forget to graze, heir funk dim Eye, their inward Pain betrays: lach staggers from the next; in vain he tries Iis wonted wholsome Herbs, and bleating dies. Their Masters scarce escape, the pois nous Air nfects their Blood, but yet their Lives did spare: Fortur'd with noisom Blains no ease they find. forerunners of the Plague that yet remain'd behind:

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Deep in the second second Nomer Second Secon

The Plague of Hail.

Bow,

Transfix th' unjust, the guilty Land o'rthrow, Still unreform'd: His fearless Heralds came, And War against their impious King proclaim.

"Thus faith the Lord, my People must depart,
"Or all my Plagues shall centre in thy Heart and
"For this I suffer d thee to fill the Throne, with the

"To make my Pow'r and Justice widely known;

"To vindicate my Honour and my Laws;
"For this permitting what I did not cause, when

"If thou refuse, my Stores I'll open wide, and

"And quickly humble all thy Nation's Pride: "My Magazines of Cold and Hear disclose.

"Whence mingledFire and Hail shall blast my Kees."

No Threatnings make the wayward King nelent,

He Steels his Heart, unknowing to repent:
When, see the must ring angry Storms on kight.
Behold the ruddy Vengeance streak the Skiel.
The disembowel'd Clouds discharge their store,
File off in haste, and still make room for more;
Whence Fire and Hail in Ruin reconcil'd,
Swept the sad Earth, the surure Harvest spoil'd:
Amazing Thunders thro the Welkin drive,
As the vast Crystal Orb itself wou'd rive.
The Trees no more their heavy Honours wear,
Like broken Arms their shiver'd Boughs appear:

Pyramids their Airy Summits shake, in Earth their broad Foundations quake: nortal Force the Tempest cou'd sustain, Beasts, and Trees, and Men, lie scatter'd o'r e Plain.

Exodus, Chap. VIII. IX.

hap. viii. V. 16. The Lord faid unto Moles, fay Aaron, firetch out thy rod, and smite the dust of and, that it may become lice throughout all the

of Egypt.

7. And they did so; for Aaron stretched out his I with his rod, and smate the dust of the earth, is became lice, in man and beast: all the dust of and became lice throughout all the land of Egypt. hap, ix. V. 3. Behold, the hand of the Lord is it by cattel which is in the field, upon the borses, it be assess, upon the camels, upon the oxen, and it be sheep: there shall be a very great murrain, &c. 3. Motes stretched forth his rod toward beaven, the Lord sent thunder and hail, and the sire ran gupon the ground; and the Lord rained hail upon land of Egypt.

4. So there was hail, and fire mingled with the very grievous, such as there was none like it in all

land of Egypt, since it became a nation.

.5. And the hail smote throughout all the land of spr., all that was in the field, both man and beast : sehe hail smote every herb of the field, and brake y tree of the field.

LIV.

LIV.

The LOCUSTS.

EV'N Atheists seem couragious while 'is fair,
But can't the threatning Storms, and Thunder bear:

Pharaob, of late so haughty and so proud Now hides his Face, for Moses calls aloud:
O bring that Holy Man, if not too late;
His Pray'rs may save us from impending Fate!
He came, he heard, for trembling Pharaob pray'd,
Who promis'd all, -- but Pharaob's now afraid:
This Death remov'd, he heeds his Vows no more,
His melted Iron, harder than before:

When over trembling Egypt's guilty Land Agen the Prophet stretch'd his fatal Wand: The Locusts come, their Quarters were affign'd, Their Convoy was the burning Eastern Wind: Their sounding Wings the stooping Plague foreshow.

A dusky Twilight veils the World below.

The tender Grass which new from Earth arose. The spiring Wheat, which promised Harvest shows; If any Herbs, or straggling Leaves remain, If ought that's Green had scap'd the Hail in vain, These famish'd Libyan Troops the Country scour. And bare as Earth the rising Blade devour. The Trees they bark; like Skeletons they stand, Or Masts of Shipwreck'd Fleets in sight of Land.

What Foes to Man are Unbelief, and Vice, Which to a Defart thus can turn a Paradife!

LIV.

Exodus, Chap. IX. Ver. 27. to End.



Chap. x. V.12. Moses ftretebed forth bis red over be land of Egypt, and the Lord brought an east-wind spon the land all that day, and all that night: and ben it was morning, the east-wind brought the locusts. 14. And the locusts went up over all the land of Egypt, and rested in all the coasts of Egypt: very rievans were they; before them there were no fuch locusts as they, neither after them shall be such.

15. For they covered the face of the whole earth, fo that she land was darkned, and they did eat every herb of she land, and all the fruit of the trees, which the bail bad left: and there remained not any green thing in the trees, or in the berbs of the field, through all the

and of Egypt.

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LV.

The Ninth Plague. Thick Darkness is Egypt. Light in Goshen.

warning did the Ninth dread Plague foreshow,

Like Thunder, where the Bolt outflies the Blow: (Who play with Heav'n, their Day of Mercy pass'd;

A fudden Vengeance them shall seize at last.)
On all the Land prodigious Darkness fell,
It sill'd the Heav'ns, tho' it arose from Hell;
Their Lamps extinct, their Fires no cheerful Ray
Emitt, but trembling in their Ashes lay:
If any Gleams of ghastly Light appear
Across the Shades, they only raise their Fear,
While boding Shrieks, and dismal Yells they hear:
While many a Fiend, with sierce and bloods to Eye
Dire Faces and deform'd, shoot glaring by:
Only their Parents Ghosts wou'd longer stay,
With hollow Murmurs beckning them away:
Where e'r at sirst they stood, wheree'r they lay,

Like

ke Statues fix'd the Wretches still remain, and with a more than Adamantine Chain: hile happy Gosben cheerful Light enjoy'd, hile in their Great Redeemer's Praise employ'd, see saw the Pitchy Darkness roll from far hellish Fogs, without one friendly Star, am Abraham's Bosom thus bless'd Souls survey, see Dungeons of the Damn'd, and Realms remov'd from Day.

KODUS, Chap. X. Ver. 21. to 23.

1.1. The Lord said unto Moses, stretch out thine id toward heaven, that there may be darkness over land of Egypt, even darkness which may be

^{2.} And Moles stretched forth his hand toward pen: and there was a shick darkness in all the left Egypt three days.

^{3.} They saw not one another, neither rose any n his place for three days: but all the children of cl had light in their dwellings.

LVL

The Passover instituted.

FEHOVA spake -- One Plague I yet will being On stubborn Egypt, and their faithless King; Then shall they soon dismiss my People thence, And thrust em from them in their own Defence. Their Sons, their dear First-born, their Strength

and Might

The Pestilence shall slay: One faral Wight Shall sweep them all, but Israel shall be free, And just Revenge on their Oppressors see. A Spotless Lamb let every House prepare, And every Soul the facred Banquet share. With Sandals on your Feet, proclaiming haft, And Staff in Hand I order this Repart, Which shall to immemorial Ages last. The Blood which from the dying Victim flows, When feen, where my deftroying Angel goes On his dread Message, sprinkled o'r the Gate, Shall fave you from the fudden stroke of Fare: That facred Sign shall every House defend. Th' Almighty's Sword stiall spare th' Almighty's Friend;

But bath'd in Blood, and red with flanghter come From Egypt's Sons in Triumph reaking home.

Glad I/rael hear, adoring they obey'd, And for the last, the great Decisive Moment staid.

LVI.

Dus, Chap. XII. Ver. 3. to 28.



. In the tenth day of this month they shall take to very man a lamb, according to the house of their t, a lamb for an house.

Your lamb shall be without blemish, a male of the ar: ye shall take it out from the sheep, or from ats.

Eat not of it raw, nor sodden at all with water, it with fire: his head with his legs, and with renance thereof.

And thus shall ye eat it; with your loyns girded, note on your feet, and your staff in your hand: and ! eat it in haste; it is the Lords passover.

LVIII.

LVIL

The Death of the Firstborn.

AND now the Night her table Wings displaid, And half the World lay drown'd in dusky shade:

The Fire on Pharab's Tower remissly burn, And fnatch thort Life from their exhausted Um: Lean Avarice slumbers o'r its useless store, Ev'n Malice Sleeps, in some to wake no more. Fix'd in their Orbs the sickning Planets stand, And Ammon trembles for his darling Land.

"Tis pass'd -- th' Almighty Word from Heav'a leap'd down,

And on his radiant Face he wore a Frown
To Angels terrible; his Sword unsheaths,
Walks thro' the Land, and deals Ten Thousand
Deaths;

But stops at each protected Hebrews Door,
And drops the Point, or waves it gently o'r:
Then, as the Nile, where Hills or Damms oppose,
When these surpass'd, with greater Fury flows,
He shoots away and draws a purple Flood,
Agen the Land is drunk with Seas of Blood.
What steely Heart can bear, what Tongue recite
The mortal Terrors of that dreadful Night?
Expiring Groans the gentlest Sounds they hear,
And something worse than Death the Living sear:
An Universal Shriek invades the Skies;
As when th' Unjust compell'd to Judgement rise:

So Pharaob rose amidst his ghastly Friends, And now for Moses not dissembling sends; He beggs, he sues, he hastens him away, No Children now, or Goods behind must stay: Nor empty thence, nor unadorn'd they went, Loaden with Jewels by th' Egyptians lent: The Hosts of God, led by his own strong Hand In peaceful Triumph march from Egypts hated Land.

Exodus, Chap. XII. 29. to 33.

29. At midnight the Lord smote all the first-born in the Land of Egypt, from the sirst-born of Pharaoh hat sat on his throne, unto the sirst-born of the captive hat was in the dungeon; and all the first-born of attel.

30. And Pharaoh rose up in the night, he and all is servants, and all the Egyptians; and there was great cry in Egypt: for there was not a house where here was not one dead.

31. And he called for Moses and Aaron by night, nd said, rise up, and get you up from amongst my copie, both you and the children of Israel: and go, true the Lord, as ye have said, &c.

LVIII. Pharaoh pursues the Israelites.

MAN Pharaob late repriev'd so soon rebel? He can, he does he grows too ripe for Hell. (When respite once a perjur'd Tyrant gains, Nothing can hold him but infernal Chains.) Leviathan the Great enrag'd, pursues The Prey he feem'd e'rwhile consent to lose: Chariots, and Horse which knew not to retire (But how can Stubble face confuming Fire ?) He leads, defenceles Ifrael to oppress, Entangl'd in th' impervious Wilderness. The Sea in Front, their Flanks huge Mountains lin'd. And Pharaoh's num'rous Army press'd behind, The servile Crowd, base as the Chains they wore Envy the Bondage which they mourn'd before: In vain the fiery Column now may thine. Dumb Idols fear'd above the Pow'r divine. Moles to God for speedy Succour flies, And God to Moses from the Cloud replies: Let not the Hours in weak Complaints run waste, But give the word to march, and forward hafte! March for the founding Shore without delay, And he that bids you go will make, or find the Way. IAZ

LVIII.

KODUS, Chap. XIV. Ver. 5. to 15.



v. 6. Pharaoh made ready his chariot, and took his ople with him.

7. And he took fix hundred chosen chariots, and all e chariots of Egypt, and captains over every one of

8. And he pursued after the shildren of Israel: and schildren of Israel went out with an high hand.

9. But the Egyptians pursued after them, (all the rises and chariots of Pharaoh, and his horsemen, and is arms) and evertook them encamping by the sea.

LIX.

Pharaoh and his Army drowned in the Red Sea.

Ehold, stretch'd out before the Hebrew Host The Rod which had not yet its Virtue loft I The Sea divides, and every shouldring Wave His Neighbour pressing, easie passage gave: Old Ocean's fecret Chambers open lay, Its Pearls and Gemms expos'd an easie prey; Pale Coral blush'd to see th' invading Day. The rescu'd Hebrews tremble now no more. But wall'd with Floods attempt the distant Shore. Th' Egyptians with Revenge and Fury blind Pursue the Track, and press'em close behind: The Cloud and Fiery Pillar interpose, And Israel shield from their devoted Foes: What mortal Force Heav'ns angry Looks can bear, Which in a Moment frowns it to Despair? Terror, Confusion, Horror, and Dismay Their Army seize; their Horses disobey The Master's Voice; unwheel'd their Chariots flag, And thro' the Sand, a pond'rous Load, they drag; Too late the Wretches now their Error fee; From Ifraels God too late attempt to flee:

LIX.

XODUS, Chap. XIV. from Ver. 21.



v. 29. Moles stretched forth his hand over the sea, and the sea returned to his strength when the morning opeared, and the Egyptians sted against it: and the ord overthrew the Egyptians in the midst of the sea. 28. And the waters returned, and covered the variots and the horsemen, and all the host of Pharaoh at came into the sea after them: there remained not much as one of them.

29. But the children of Israel walked upon dry-land the midst of the sea: and the waters were a wall to them on their right hand, and on their left.

Moses

Moses agen his fatal Rod extends,
The Ocean sees, and from its Walls descends:
On every side its watt'y Troops appear,
And charge at once their Front, their Flank, and
Rear,
The gen'rous Coursers rear, and plunge in vain
To break the Studded Harness, and the Rein,
And like Sea Monsters sloat upon the Main.
Nobles and Pcasants, Princes and their Slaves
Fall undistinguish'd in the roaring Waves:
Pharab the last, tho' high above the rest,
Like Luciser his Looks, his Pride confess'd:
Cursing he from his losty Chariot fell,
His Carcass sunk to Earth, his faithless Soul to
Hell.

LX.

EXODUS, Chap. XV. MOSES's Song.

N Etham's adverse Shore the Hebrews stand, And see their Foes extended on the Sand: Each sees the cruel Lord from whom he sted, Trembling they view, and scarce believe em dead. While Moses thus transmits to After-Days The Great Event, and their Redeemer's Praise.

vd T

Lord's triumphant Name let all rehearle, the dread Maker of the Universe! Horse whom rich Caparisons adorn. Riders by the gen'rous Courfers born, e have flept their Everlafting Sleep, e lie buried in th' Arabian Deep. ad God of Battles! we'll thy works proclaim vondrous Works -- Jehova is thy Name. aviour thou, my Strength, my Song, my ife. ther's God -- Thy glorious Name I'll raise; hee a Stately Temple I'll prepare, as the Centre, tow'ring as the Air. us faid th' insulting Foe -- I will pursue, word in Blood, my thirsty Sword imbrue: Winds of God blew terrible and loud, bys the Signal takes, and overwhelms the rud. Stones, like Lead they fink, they all expire, k Stubble in thy Wraths confuming Fire. Waters faw, thy Voice the Waters hear, et their Nature, and congeal with Fear: Sea like Earth, and Earth like Seas appear: rulfions cleave the Ground in horrid Caves, thow a new Abyls beneath the Waves. reat God of Ifrael! what vain Idol dare 1 thee, th' Eternal Lord of Hosts, compare?

Thy Glory shall thy ransom'd Saints express,
Obedient Nature does thy Pow'r confess,
And Thee with Faces veil'd the dazled Angels
bless,

LXI.

Exodus, Chap. XV. from Vcr. 22.

The Israelites journey to Marah. They murmur. The Water healed. They arrive at Elim.

THE Seas, and Sanguine Shore they now for take,

And thro' th' untroden Wild their Journey take: Three Days they measure that unhappy Land, O'r Rocks of Salt, and burning Hills of Sand: At Marab, Water found, but found in vain, It mocks their Thirst, and but augments their Pain.

Bitter and Salt, -- The murm'ring Host complain; Forget their Saviour who, from Egype brought, And all the Signs in Zoan's Fields he wrought: (But every Age produces Murm'rers too,

Israel we blame, yet Israel's Crimes pursue.)

To Heav'n their Leader slies, which sends Relief,
Heav'n which can find a Cure for ev'ry Grief.

A Tree of wondrous Use, and Pow'r reveals,
Whose Virtue soon the brackish Waters heals.

Journying from thence, at Elim they arrive,
Scarce Canaan's felf cou'd more of Pleasure give:
For every Tribe a Crystal Spring they found,
Whose limpid Waters fall with murm'ring Sound,
And Iull their Cares; the Host encamps around,
Beneath a Palm-Tree Grove's refreshing Shades
No Sun can reach em there, no Storms invade.

O Happy who for heavenly Canaan press
Tho' wand'ring thro' a weary Wilderness,
When some reviving Drops kind Angels bring
From Loves and Pleasures unexhausted Spring;
Whose Streams from God's high Throne incessant
flow.

On whose green Banks in comely Order grow Fair Trees, whose gen'rous Fruit that charms the Eyes,

Who wou'd not die to tafte? who tafts it never dies.

LXII.

Manna given.

Their Stores exhausted ask a new supply: Happy th' Egyptians, who in plenty dy! The Mercy of a Plague, who wou'd not chuse Rather than Life by lingring Famine lose! How gladly wou'd they those bless'd Times regain, And Pharaoh's happy, peaceful, glorious Reign!

While thus th' Assembly murmur and repine, Behold the God of Ifrael's Glory shine Amid the Cloud, which rais'd its losty Head Above the Camp, and thus th' Almighty said: Ungrate! who gave you life can give you bread: To morrows Sun your Plenty shall renew, And shew a faithless Race what Heav'n can do.

Nor fooner did Heav'ns Lamp th' Horizon pals, And draw the fragrant moisture from the Grass, When on the ground a hoary Substance lav I ike tender Frosts, that melt at fight of Day: Unseen before, unknown from whence it came. But Manna now the wondrous Food they name. Transparent Crystal Globes less bright, and round, Fairer than Pearls in Indian Oceans found: Of noblest Taste, and fixed to invite, But never cloy the treated Appetite. Less sweet the Hony which from Hybla flows, Or Oyl, that Asher's fruitful portion grows: Celestial Fare! if ought above they need, On this, or not unlike it, Angels feed: Their radiant Vehicles with this renew, And feast on pearly Drops of fragrant Morning IXII'Dew.

LXII.

Dus, Chap XVI. Ver. 3. 4. 10. 12. 14. 15.



13. In the morning the dew lay round about the

va. And when the drw that lay was gont up, behold, the face of the wilderness there lay a small round, as small as the boar frost on the ground.

. And when the children of Israel fan is, they me to another, it is Manna: for they wist not is was. And Moses faid unto them, this is the twhich the Lord has given you to car.

i. Gather of it every man according to his enting: ver for every man, according to the number of your us, take ye every man for them which are in his cents. LXIII

LXIII.

Moses praying Amalek discomsteed.

LD Esau's quarrel Amalek pursues;
And first with Jacob's Sons his War renews:
But Joshua, Jacob's Sons their Leader choose,
While Moses with strong Pray'rs attacks their Foes,
Planted upon a neighb'ring Mountains height;
No unconcern'd Spectator of the Fight:
From Heav'n auxiliary Troops he draws,
And Guardian Hosts espouse the juster cause:
Invisible they charge, the Invaders yield;

Retiring in disorder from the Field.

Heavy with Age the Prophet strives in vain, And can no more his palfied Hands fuftain: The strong Cherubic Guards retire from fight. The Foe returns with doubled rage and might: When Hur and Aaron this perceiv'd from far. And mark'd the various Fortune of the War. Ebbing and flowing saw the doubtful Tide, Which Moles rais'd or drooping Hands did guide, Cautious they plac'd themselves on either side: Supported thus till Night the Prophet pray'd, The dubious Chanceno longer now delay'd, But Conquest on the Hebrew Banner staid: When thus th' Allhigh - Let future Ages know Who first was ransom'd Israel's conquer'd Foe: Write, in the Sacred Volumes, write it fair, Let future Nations find, and read it there. That God, with Amalek proclaims eternal War.)

XLIII.

conus, Chap. XVII. from Ver. 8. to the End.



to Johna fought with Amalek: and Moses, n, and Hur, went up to the top of the hill. , And when Moles held up his hand, Israel pre-1: and when he let it down Amalek prevailed, . But Moses's hands were heavy, and they took e, and put it under him, and he fat thereon: aron and Hur stayed up his hands, the one on e side, and the other on the other side; and his were steady until the going down of the sun. And Joshua discomfitted Amalek and his people re-edge of the sword.

LXIV.

The Law is given from Mount Sinai is.

Thunder and Lightning.

O Sinai next, the Mount of God, they came, Which foon was veil'd in awful Clouds, and Flame:

Tehova calls, and bids the Camp prepare, From Heav'n he will his facred Laws declare; Around the spatious Mount must Bounds be made, Nor Man nor Beast on pain of Death invade.

Archangels now th' amazing Trumpets found, Which from th' Arabian Deep, and Western Shores

rebound:

Heark how th' unsufferable Thunders tear
Both Earth and Heav'n! while forky Lightnings
glare,

And with blue Flames transfix the ambient Air: Trembled the Camp, the folid Mountain shakes. And Earth beneath it, to the Centre quakes: Red Volcans from its mould ring Top expire, Extinguish Day, and damp the Lightnings Fire, The Lord descends, the Thund rers Voice is known. The Holy Myriads guarding round his Theres. The Ten dread Words from Sinai he recites. Which his own Hand in Marble Tables white: Great Natures Transcript, and Eternal Law. Whence future Sages shall their Models draw, Wise Greece and haughty Rome are here surpais Each Word, each Tittle hereshall Earth and Heave out-last.

LXIV.

XODUS, Chap. XIX. and Chap. XX.



Chap. xix. V. 18. Mount Sittai was altogether on inoles, because the Lord descended upon it in fire: debe smoke thereof ascended as the smoke of a furnace, descended mount quaked greats.

20. And the Lord came down upon mount Sittai, the top of the mount: and the Lord called Moses to the top of the mount; and Moses went up.

21. And the people stood afar off, and Moses draw a unto the thick darkness where God was.

LXV., The Altar and Tabernacle.

Moses God the sacred Model shows,
Whence he his moving Temple should
compose:

Figure of heavenly Things in Shades conceal'd, And Truths to be by lab'ring Time reveal'd. Of Shittim's precious Wood an Altar's rear'd, And all its facred Utenfils prepar'd:
Next fee the Court whose spacious Curtains joyn, Embroider'd richly o'r, a Work divine:
On Twenty neat Pilasters strongly born, Whose Heads fair Silver Cornishes adorn. The Tabernacle next -- with awful Fear Approach the Place, for God himself is here. Let all adoring enter, nor presume With Feet unhallow'd to invade the Room: Where a rich Branch with purest Oil supply'd' Scatters perpetual Day on every side,

But what the Veil conceals we can't furvey,
Until the Son of God in Mortal Clay
Into the Holy' of Holies shews the way:
Yet Faith may pierce beyond dull Sense's Eye,
And those tremendous Mysteries descry.
The sacred Ark with purest Gold o'rlaid,
Of the Redeemers Flesh a Mystic Shade:
High over all the Shechina divine,
From whence unsufferable Glories shine.

Here Faith must stop, for Heav'n can give no movel.
Here Modest Seraphs veil their Faces, and adore.

LXV.

Exodus, Chap. XXV. Ver. 8, 9, 10. 17, 18. 22. Chap. XXVII. to the End.



Chap. xxv. V. 8. Let them make me a sanctuary; that I may dwell amongst them.

 According to all that I show thee, after the pattern of the tabernacle, and the pattern of all the infruments thereof, even so shall ye make it.

10. And they shall make an ark of Shittim-wood:

11. And thou shalt overlay it with pure gold, &c. Chap. xxvii: V. 1. And thou shalt make an altar of Shittim-wood, five cubits long, and five cubits broad: the altar shall be four-square, and the height thereof shall be three cubits.

2. And thou shalt make the horns of it upon the sour conserve thereof: his horns shall be of the same: and thou shalt overlay it with brass, &c. I 3 LXVI.

LXVI.

The Golden Calf.

Hile Moles in the Mount with God remain'd. Shameful Idolatry the People stain'd: Their Leader absent, who shou'd them proceed? Rejecting him they God himself reject: A Golden Calf the Crowd in Horeb frame, And for their Idol steal Jebova's Name. Then thus the gaudy Nothing's Praise proclaim.) "Hail, facred Heifer! thus we bow to thee. " Who Ifrael didft from Egypts Bondage free: "O wide us thro' this barren World of Sand. "And bring us safe to Cana ans blissful Land! From him not hid, who ev'n our Thoughts can fee. Their Black Ingratitude, and Blasphemy: In wrathful Clouds his Face he soon conceals. And thus to Moses he their Crime reveals: " Hence to the Camp descend, nor longer here remain! ". Thy People, (mine no more, they my Commands

distain,)
"Whom thou from Egrps brought st, so seen extrupted grown,

"New Golden Gods adore, their Fathers God disown:

"Confirm'd and steel'd in Sin, of harden'd Heart and Face.

" My Vengeance I'll unrein on all their murm'ring Rage,

Exones, Chap XXXII.



Homade it a melten calf: and they faid. be thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out e land of Egypt.

And when Aaron saw it, he built an altar before med Agron made proclamation and Said, to morrow

feast to the Lord.

. And they rafe up early on the morrow, and offered s-offerings, and broughs peace-offerings: and she le fat down to eat, and to drink, and roje up to play. 9. As soon as Moses came nigh unto the camp, saw the palf, and the dancing; Moles anger ed bot, and be cast the tables out of his hands, and e them beneath the mount, &c. IVXI

Low on the Ground the trembling Prophet falls. And on th' offended Pow's for Mercy calls and if His Truth and Glory pleads; nor pleads in vain-Then from the Mount descends as Heav's commends With both the Sacred Tables in his Hands: 1100 Approach'd the Camp he did too foon descry Their New-born Golden Idol plac'd on high: ? Riot and Shouts his festal Pomp proclaim, Lewd Dances spread his Glory and their Shame, The Saint did all with just Resentments view, And from his Hands the heav'nly Treasure threw; Against the craggy Rock the Tables brake; Then did their Calf, their helpless Idol take, Moulten and ground to Duft, the Duft he ftrom Upon the Brook which from the Mountain flows: Then brings his fond Adorers to the Brink. And makes 'em of the cdious Potion drink. . Nor this enough to expiate their stain, Till Thousands of th' Unjust by Zealous Levi slain,

LXVII.

Aaron's Vestments. His Offerings.

ND now behold the holy Vestments grace Great Aaron, and his consecrated Race: Of purest Linnen twin'd his Mitre made, A glorious Ephod o'r his Shoulders laid: Light and Perfection on his Breast he wears, And near his Heart the Names of Israel bears,

On right Gems within the Folds enchasid. Which as he mov'd a dazling Splendor cast. In finest Linnen clad his Sons appear, Miters their Heads, their Shoulders Ephods wear. Mestimable Unguents largely shed Surround the Holy Pontiff's rev'rend Head. Thence to his Robes descend, and teatt ring there With fragrant Odoors till the Ambient Air: Thus-vested, he his Offerings makes t' atone At once the Peoples Errors, and his own: An Holocaust upon the Mar lays, And next the peaceful Minches chearful blaze: Pure Incense last within the Veil he burns. Then Moles joyns, and to the Crowd returns. Whom both with lifted Hands they bleis - when fee. To firm their Pray'rs a welcome Prodigie! Th'illumin'd Cloud is fill'd with golden Streams, Which drown the fainter Suns retiring Beams: From whence large Sheets of pure Ætherial Flame Shorthro the Clouds and instantaneous came; Confume the Fat which on the Altar lies. Confume at once the grateful Sacrifice.

Low on the Ground th' aftonish'd People fell, And with loud Shouts they praise the God of Ifrael.

LEVITICUS, Chap VIII from Ver. 5. to 10. Chap. IX.

v.5. This is the thing which the Lord commanded to be done.

^{6.} And Moses brought Aaron and his sons, and washed them with water, &c.

LXVIII.

THYMIL

K of Nedak and Abland Trivil

Dold Nadab and Abibu here prepare,
The daily Incense in their Course to bear.
They saw no friendly Blaze to Heav'n aspire,
They saw the Smoak in gloomy Curls retire,
Their Incense kindled with unhallow'd Fire.
But from th' affronted Oracle there came
In rolling Clouds a more than Lambent Flame,
Which seiz'd th' audacious as too late they sled,
Reveng'd their Sacrilege, and lest 'em dead,
Their Robes untouch'd - Thus Lightnings wondrous Fire,

Which melts the Blade the Scabbard leaves entire.
When Moses thus to their sad Kindred spoke,
Restrain your Tears, nor mourn this dreadful Stroke.
From Heav'n it comes, 'tis just, tho' 'tis severe,
For thus Jehova did his Will declare.

"Let those who my dread Courts approach,

beware.

"Holy as I am Holy, Clean, and Pure,
"Nor can the smallest Stain of Sin endure,
"Presume not then your Brethren to lament,
Cover'd your Heads, nor shall your Cloaths be rent,
Lest while th' anointing Sacred Oyl you bear,
And that with Grief pollute, their Fates you share.

Nor shall they fall unmourn d, for Heav n ordains Sepulchral Honours to their great Remains:

All If sel shall their Obsequies attend, Bemoan their rash Attempt, and their untimely End.

LXVIIL

LEVITICUS, Chap. X. Ver. I. to 7.



V. I. Nadah and Abihu, the fons of Aaron, took either of them his censer, and put fire therein, and put incense thereou, and offered strange fire before the Lord, which he commanded them not.

2. And there went out fire from the Lord, and de-

placed them, and they died before the Lord.

3. Then Moses said unto Anton: this is that the Lord spake, saying, I will be sandified in them that came nigh me, and before all the people I will be gio-yisted.

LXIX.

Shelomith's Son blasphemes, and is st.

HE Son of Sheldmith, of Ipurious Ra Sprung from a proud Egyptian's loath'd His Father's Nature but too well express'd, (t And all the Heathen in his Life confess'd; Stubborn and lewd, inclin'd to curs'd Debate Ifrael alike, and Ifrael's God he hates: Always Contentious, ever in the Wrong, Boafting his nervous Strength, but vainly ftro As impotent of Heart as frout of Tongue. He challenges the Camp his Force to try, But shameful Foyl his boasted Victory; O'rthrown and bailled by a fingle Hand, Curfing the Impious falls, and bites the Sand Enrag'd, on partial Heav'n he throws the blat Blasphemes the Great Jebeva's sacred Name; But on himself his Curses backward fly And wound his Head, but cannot reach the S The pious Crowd around with Horror hears They seize the harden'd Wretch and stop their To the Tribunal dragg'd, his Cause is try'd, The Fact Notorious not to be deny'd: No Punishment that reach'd his daring Crime Their Laws had fix'd, unknown to former Ti The Oracle confulted, strait replies, No Mercy shew to him who Heav'n defies ? Beneath a stony Show'r th' abhorr'd Blaspl mer dies.

Such be their Fate who Glory in their Shat And still affront th' Unalterable Name: But happy those, who on Heav in side engage, Bold Blasphemy to check, and steman impous

LXIX.

yeticus, Chap. XXIV. Ver. 10.



i, 10, 11. The son of an Israelitish woman blasphelibe name of the Lord, and cursed: and they broughs i unto Moses, and his mothers name was Sheloh, &c. 13. And the Lord spake unto Moses saying, 14. Bring forth him that hath cursed, without the ip, and let all that heard him, lay hands upon his d, and let all the congregation stone him. 13. And the children of Israel did as the Lord manded Moses.

IXX.

XX to the survey of the state o

Apple कार्याद्याच्याः १**००१** सम्बद्धाननाम्

The Number and Encamplaints

Wice had the Sun to either Tropic diff in A His Golden Car, and view'd both Ends of Heav'n,

Since Jacob's Sons from Egypt's Thraldom came, Conducted by the wondrous Cloud and Flame: When God in Sinai's Wild to Moles spake, And bids of all the Tribes the Number rake. With him the Princes of th' Assembly join, The famous Heads of every Patriarch's Line: To Sixty Myriads did their Males amount, Tho' Levi not included in th' Account: The Charge of God his constant happy Care, His facred Tribe the facred Vessels bear; For this encamp'd the Tabernacle round, The rest far off from that forbidden Ground: Each House the Standard of their Tribe regard, Each, Tribe observes its own peculiar Ward.

Where first the Sun its smiling Beams displays Great Judah's Princely Lion meets his Rays:
Wise Is achar his deep Battallion join'd,
And Zebulon encamp'd not far behind.
Against fierce Noon were Ruben's Arms displaid,
But skreen'd beneath the Clouds refreshing Shale,
Simeon and Gad their Brother's Quarter share,
A pow'rful Army each, and each a War:
Bobraim encamps against the midland Main,
Manasseh him, and Benjamin sustain:

Rear to Dan's herce Thoulands Mofes gave, eath the frozen Pole his Banners wave; numerous Camp bless'd Asber's Sons igment,

Nephebali behind em pitch'd his Tent. is marshald they the Sandy Defart tread, ere e'r the Ark and wondrous Column led: : Signal giv'n for marching, Moses pray'd, por in vain, implor'd celestial Aid: -Arife. O Lord! and those that hate thee find. atter'd like Dust or Chaff before the Wind ! -when agen their weary Armies halt, os did he their Redeemer's Praise exalt; There thou our Guard, no Shape of Ill we fear : ettern, O Lord! and blefs thy chosen Myriads iere.

UMBERS, Chap. I. II. Chap. X. Ver. 35.36.

Ch. L. v. 1. The Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Late ye the fum of all the congregation of the larent of Israel, after their families, by the beinge of ir fathers, with the number of their names, every le by their soll :

to From twenty years old and upward, all that are vious forth towar in Israel; thou and Agron feall **ebir them by their armies, &c.**

LXXI.

TABERAH.

And rank Egyptian Dainties they prefet To that rich Food whereon th' Immortals fet The sordid Bread of Slaves to Angels Bread Ah who, they cry, shall give us Flesh to ear! The same dry nauseous Food we still repear? Is Heav'n so Poor it can no better treat? Nothing but Manna, Manna can afford? Too well and now recall that crowded Board We did in Egypt withour Masters share. Nor wanted tasteful I eeks and Onions there: They thought em Gods, and them we scarce blame,

Who if we faw em now, shou'd do the same, Jehova heard, his wrathful Vengeance rose, And woe to his unthankful murm ring Foes! Behold the Fire of God from Heav'n appear; And seize their utmost Tents like Stragglers in Rear.

Raging unquenchable; the Rebels fly,
Or in the rapid Flames blaspheming dy.
With short extorted Penitence the rest.
To Moses cry, and he to Heav'n address'd,
Which soon the furious Blement repress'd:
The Place's Name the wondrous Action share:
And thence, unchang'd by Time, to distant a
bears.

LXXII.

iBERS, Chap. XI. Ver. 1. to 6.



When the people complained, it displeased the and the Lord heard it; and his anger was; and the fire of the Lord burnt among them, uned them that were in the uttermost parts of

nd the people eried unto Moles; and when Moles meto the Lord, the fire was quenched.
Ind he called the name of the place Taberah:

LXXIII. Quails Given. The People Plagud.

H! who the Depths of Man's false Heart can tell, And base Ingratitude, as deep as Hell! As fast as God can Pardon, we rebel: Obnoxious Sinners think his Bolts too flow. Challenge his Thunder, and prevent the blow. The stubborn Mutineers, their Fellows slain, Mercy to them, and Grace, indulg'd in vain, Against the Hand that gave 'em Life complain:) For Flesh their cry, around the Camp it ran, From every Tent 'twas heard, and every man: Ye shall, said God: your raging Wish enjoy, And with the fatal Grant your felves deftroy! One Day, nor Two, nor Twenty shall suffice, Since you the Lord, and what he sends despile; For a full Month of Days you Flesh shall eat. Till with the lufted Dainties all replete, You loath, like Manna now, your own desire, And tated with the Food unbless'd expire. He faid, when strait tempestuous Winds arise, And fill with Clouds of Quails, the burthen'd Skies: Tired with their Flight they fall the Camp around, And cover wide away the Sandy Ground; Thick as th' unnumber'd Drops, when Außer brings Warm fruitful Rains upon his Humid Wings. The People seize the animated Show'r, And half alive their bleeding Limbs devour. Nor long behind the thankle's Gluttons staid, Nor was the threatn'd Vengeance long delay'd: A fudden Plague from Heav'n th' Unjust consumes. And late Posterity with Horror shows their Tombs.

·WXXIII.

LXXIII.

sers, Chap. XI. Ver. 31. to 34



There went forth a wind from the Lord, and uails from the sea, and let them fall by the it were a days journey on this side, and as it is journey on the other side, round about the ulas is were two cubits high upon the face of

nd the people stood up all that day, and all se, and all the next day, and they gathered is he that gathered least, gathered ten homers: spread shim all abroad for themselves round camp, &c.

LXXIV.

LXXIV.

Aaron and Miriam's sedition, ber Leprafie, and Cure.

MOSES, on Earth the meekest Man in vain; The more he bears, the more the Crowd complain:

The Foe to Goodness moves domestic Strife Betwixt his haughty Sifter and his Wife: Ambirion, Pride, and reftless Female Rage, Three pow'rful Fiends did on his fide engage: Place, and Preeminence, (which cou'd they chuse What Woman wou'd not rather die than lose!) The weighty Causes of their mutual Jarra; This no Superior, that no Rival bears. Miriam too weak, her Brother Aaron draws Against their Sister to espouse her cause: Moses for his unhappy choice they blame, A Cushite she, their Stocks and Nations shame: Silent he stood, nor in their Fewds engag'd, With weightier Thoughts employ'd - the more en-At length they into open Faction brake, The Lord by them, as well as Moses spake: Nor thisth' All high, who from his radiant Throne Regards the Meek, and still their Cause will own: His well-known Glory in the Cloud appears, Far off the whole Assembly kneels and fears: A Voice from his Majestick Presence went, Which Aaron call'd, and Miriam from their Tent: Trembling they came, when thus Jehova said:

And were you not, and acious Pair! affraid Against my Servant Moses to repine, And with th' accursed murm'ring Crowd combine? If You the Great Prophetic Office share In Dreams and Visions I'll my will declare; But Face to Face with Him I'll speak, and he Shall only my unclouded Glories see.

He faid, and from the guilty Pair withdrew;
The marks of heav'nly Anger soon they knew:
All o'r a ghastly Leper Miriam grown,
Unclean, deform'd, and to her self unknown:
Affrighted Aaron saw, to Moses ran,
Fell at his Feet, and thus with Tears began:
Our shameful Guilt and Folly we deplore
Goodness like yours, my Lord! will ask no more:
That Mercy which your greatest Foe can spare
O now let a repenting Sister share!
He hears, he prays, and Heav'n did her restore.
The Plague remov'd, as sound and beauteous as before.

NUMBERS, Chap. XII,

2. And they said, bath the Lord indeed spoken only by Moses? hath he not spoken also by us? And the Lord beard it. &c.

ver. Miriam and Aaron spake against Moses because of the Ethiopian woman, whom he had married, for he had married an Ethiopian woman.

LXXV.

The Spies and Bunch of Grapes.

N Canaans Southern Bounds glad Ifrael fland And of their Rulers fend to fearch the Land: By ancient Hebrons Tow'rs they took their way And those tall Hills which round proud Febrs lay: Thence to delightful Fericho they came, The City' of Palm-Trees, widely known to Fame: O'r Kishon's Foords, near Tabor's Mount and Fields, Kilhon, which to fair Fordan only yields. The founding Shores of Cinnereth survey: Their Journey thence to Fordan's Fountains lay. Which under hoary Libanus arise, Whose Ridges bound the Land, and threat the Skies. Returning they to fruitful Escol came, Thence Eshcol stil'd, before unknown to Fame: Twas now the Time when Nature in her Pride That happy Land with gen'rous Fruits supply'd: With Golden Cheeks the rich Pomgranates thine, And tempting Grapes load each luxuriant Vine.

LXXV.

NUMBERS, Chap. XIII.



v. 17, &c. Moses sent men to spie out the land of Canaan, and said, get you up, and see the land what it is, whether it he good or had, fat or lean, &c.

23. And they came unto the brook of Eshcol, and cut down from thence a branch with one cluster of grapes, and they have it between two upon a staff; and they brought of the pomgranates, and of the figs.

24. The place was called the brook Efficol, because f the cluster of grapes which the children of Israelcue

down from thence.

Of these they a vast Cluster with 'em bear, Th' enormous weight Two of the Strongest share, Brought on a knotty Staff with Sweat and Pain, The knotty Staff cou'd scarce the the Load sustain Full Forty Days expir'd at length they come In an unlucky Hour to Paran home. The Land, they must confess, was rich and good Exuberant every where with Fruit and Food. And all the needs of Life; But still they must In their Accounts impartial be, and just, And not betray the Peoples weighty Trust: They were not fond of War, nor wish'd to try The Force of their unequal Enemy: Their Garisons were strong, their Walls were high, Their num'rous People Bold and Warlike were, Anak the Great, with his fierce Sons were there: Proud Amalek the Southern Border fills. The Hittite and the Amorite the Hills. Themselves as Tall; bold Jebus Sons the rest. The Canaanite the Shore and Fordan's Coast posses'd. manification 2 - LXXVI.

J. 587 No. 1 14 45

NUMBERS, Chap. XIV.

he People murmur. Joshua and Calch endeavour to still them, &c.

T was a mournful and a tedious Night: The fiery Pillar shot no friendly light, Pannic fear the trembling Camp invades, mack'd by Legions of infernal shades: iscord and Malice, Discontent and Care gratitude, Sedition, and Despair, nd Faction, fowlest Fiend of Hell were there. mid the Croud in close Cabals they lay reparing for the Mischief of the Day: /ith fullen Gloom the luckless Day arose, nd did the Counsels of the Night disclose, athring in Globes fee the Tumultuous Crowd. our'd from their Tents their Treasons vent aloud: for only Moles now, but God accuse, oth did deceive 'em, both their Faith abuse; 'o Canaan's hungry Sword their Host betray, heir Wives and Children doom'd the Victor's preyhis was too much, nor longer cou'd be born; /hat they cou'd yet prevent they vainly mourn, Captain made to Egypt they'll return.

Joshua and gen'rous Caleb stood their Ground, Of all the Spies, these only loyal found: In vain they strive the heated Crowd t'appease.

"If God in us delight and him we please,
We soon shall in bless'd Canaan's Land repose,
Bless'd Canaan's Land with Milk and Hony slows,
The Natives vainly boast their Walls and Town,
Their Strength, their Hearts are gone, and God's
ours:

Deaf to their Charms th' Assembly furious grown A motion made they both the Traitors stone:
Intrepid still the mighty Moses staid,
And still to Heav'n that ne'r forsook him, prayd:
So when rude Winds the angry Billows chase,
The steddy Steersman they'd in vain displace,
And dash the Salt-Sea Foam against his Face;
Whilst on the Star that must his Vessel guide
Fixing his Eyes he scorns the Ocean's Pride.

And now the Glory' of God appears on high,
And flashing Lightnings streak the angry Sky:
The Factious Heads who the just War oppose,
Abuse their trust and magnise the Foes,
By a swift Plague from Heav'n of Life berest,
Caleb and faithful Joshua only left:
The rest must to the howling Wild retire,
And wand'ring Forty Years unlov'd, unbless'd expire.

LXXVII

LXXVII.

NUMBERS, Chap. XVL KORAH's Rebellion.

TOR yet did Factions in th' Affembly ceafe, For Korah's Arts diffurb their short-livid f Levi's Sons too many Names he draws, (Peace: reedom the Plea, Int'rest and Pride the Cause: If heavy Grievances aloud they cry'd, has Moses Rod did Auron's Censer guide: The Lordly Priefts no longer they'l obey. Mean Instruments of base Despotick Sway. Wes of men the meekest they upbraid That he'd their Ancient Liberties invade: With these proud Dathan and Abiram join, Of fank ring Reuben's weak and angry Line. And still they urge their forfeit Right Divine. To them no Honour, no Preferments fall, Arm and Tudab had engross d'em all: They for their Birthright strive; they Levi hate, Yet Aid his angry Sons in this Debate. These in the Sanbedrim of Name and Note, And us'd to sway the House of Judgement's Vote; Whom the dull Crowd implicitly admir'd, Hung on their Lips, and thought 'em all inspir'd: The mingled Multitude, that murmur'd ftill,

From Egyps crowded on, and fav'd against their will.

LXXVIII.

Dathan and Abiram swallowed up.

7Hen all things now were ripe for mildu grown, Korab his Party heads, and leads 'em on: Before the Altar they embattel'd stand With each his kindled Censer in his Hand: So far their Arts among the Tribes prevail, That on their fide the whole Assembly rail: Moses and Aaron all deserted, blame. (They did not so when they from Egypt came.) Not one to own, or to defend em dares; Nor did they Numbers need, for God was their When from the Cloud amazing Splendor broke, And to his Servants thus Feliova spoke: "Retire, my Friends, with speed from this devote · Place. "And in a moment I'll consume this murm'ringRao The injur'd Saints for Mercy proftrate fall, Shall one offend, and Vengeance seize on all! They intercede a moment e'r too late, And stop the issuing Word before 'twas Fate. The Sanhedrim converted with 'em joyn, They faw th' Appearance of the Pow'r Divine: To Dathan and Abiram's factious Tent. So Heav'n commands, they with 'em trembling we (Korab and his, to just Destruction doom'd. The while, are by the Fire of God confum'd.) When Miles thus -- If these Offenders fall The common way that Nature paves for all, I ask no Faith that I from God am fent: But if impatient Heav'n their Fates prevent;

LXXVIIL

BERS, Chap. XVI. Ver. 19, 21, 22, 25, 28, to 34.



ng Earth shall them alive receive, Impostor; you'll my Words believe. sooner said when dire Convulsions heave ring Earth -- Behold its surface cleave; ret Realms of Ghosts and Shades display, in Night upon th' invaded Day; thro the horrid Chasm the Traitors go, ith loud Shrieks they sink, deep, deep to below.

LXXIX.

LXXIX.

Moles smites the Rock, and brings forth Water at Meribah.

HE People now in Rekem's Borders stand, Horrid with barren Rocks, and Hills of Sand: Mountains on huge mishapen Mountains pil'd, A Prospect hideous, terrible and wild: The Pilgrim-Stream which thro' the Defart wide) Following the num rous Hoft their Thirst supply'd, Forfakes em here. - Th' Affembly Mofes chide: Is this? is this the Canaan we must gain, For which we travel'd cross the sandy Main. And with vain Hopes for fook bless'd Egype's Fields? No Figs or Vines th' unhappy Region yields; No Seeds will on the the barren Surface grow; Nor from the Rocks refreshing Waters flow. When from the Cloud th' All-high to Moses spake, The Rod of God agen commands him take; Then bid the Rock disclose its Secret Store. And Wat'ry Treasures never known before: Provok'd, the Prophet his Commission breaks, And for the Rock the harder Crowd bespeaks.

Hear now, ye Rebels! must ye hence receive Miracu'lous Streams, nor will ye yet believe? Then smote the Rock, when from its shirty Womb Tumbling in loud Cascades new Waters come For all the Camp - But ah! how dear they cost! For this the engry Brethren Camana lost;

LXXIX.

NUMBERS, Chap. XX. from Ver. 1. to 12.



Condemn'd to die in Sight of that bles'd Land, For rashly disobeying Heav'ns Command.

Holy, and Just, and True! thine Ifrael spare!

Let Levi all unseemly Warmth forbear!

Like thee their Anger, the provok'd restrain;

So shall the Meek at length, the Heav'nly Canaan gain.

ŀ

LXXX.

The Brazen Serpent set up.

E Floodborn Prophet guides the facred Hoft. Around their Brother Edom's hoftile Coaft: They thro' rough ways, thro' fcorching Defarts go Huge ragged Rocks above, and Sands below: Agen of God and Moses they complain, And tastful Manna, heavenly Food, disdain: The Lord displeas'd a dreadful Army sent Of fiery Serpents, who commanded went Attack'd the Camp, and enter'd every Tent: Among the rest himself th' Old Serpent came His Mouth, his Eyes shot Flakes of smoky Flame: Rais'd on his Folds, a Crown adorn'd his head, And hiffing horrible his scaly Troops he led: Their Quarry seiz'd they poisnous Vapors breath Around the Rebelstwin'd, an odious Wreath, And scatter every where Despair and Death: Those who escape to injur'd Moses fly. Their Guilt acknowledge, and for Mercy cry: To angry Heav'n he for the People prays, Which bids him strait a Brazen Serpent raise High in Mid-Air, which speedy Ease shou'd give, And all the wounded Hoft who look'd shou'd live. Nor

LXXX.

MBERS, Chap. XXI. from Ver. 4. to 9.



5. The people spake against God, and against 3. &c.

And the Lord Sent Stery Serpents among the

And the Lord said unto Moses, make thee a serpent, and set upon a pole: and it shall come so, that every one that is bitten, when he looketh it, shall live.

And Moles made a serpent of brass, and put m a pole, and it came to pass, that if a serpent itten any man, when he beheld the serpent of he lived.

LXXXIL

Balak sends to Balaam, &c. The Ass speaks.

Hen Heav'n will blaft a lofty Tyrant's reign, His Cunning and his Force are all in vain: In vain he strives against its strong Decree. His Hopes are Wind, his End is Infamy. This, Balak, Lord of faithless Meab found, When Israel's Songs approach'd his Eastern Bound: When human Succours fail, to Hell he goes, With curs'd Enchantments to confound his Foes. To Balaam, thro' the East too widely known, By Magic infamously famous grown: Who by strong Charms, and many a secret Spell, The servile Gods cou'd to his Aid compel: No vulgar Embassy the Tyrant sends, Of Moab's Lords, and Midianitish Friends: T' enquire of Heav'n the Sorcerer pretends. But to the Fiends in dead of Night he goes, And asks their Counsel to destroy their Foes: In vain obsequious to his Charms they come, His Threats in vain, their Oracles are dumb. When lo! a heav'nly Light the Room invades, And chases thence the foul infernal Shades: They durft not stay, for God himself was there, Concern'd for Ifrael, his peculiar Care; Beware, he crys, audacious Wretch beware, Move not a Foot, thou can't not hope success. Nor canst thou curse the Man whom God will bless. I rembline

LXXXII.

MBERS, Chap. XXII. Ver. 4. to 35.



28, — The ass said unto Balaum, what have to unso thee, that then hast smitten me these times?

. And Balaam said unto the ass, because thou mecked me: I would there were a sword in mine , for now would I kill thee.

. And the ass said unto Balaam, am not I ass, upon which thou hast ridden ever since I thine, unto this day? was I ever went to do so thee? and he said, nay.

we the angel of the Lord standing in the way, and word drawn in his hand, &c.

L 3

Trembling

Trembling he heard, unwillingly obey'd,
And Balak's Lords return'd, behind 'em stay'd.
But when a second Embassy he sent,
The wav'ring Wizard rose, and with 'em went.
The Wages of Unrighteousness he chose,
But see a Mighty Angel him oppose:
His As at first the shining Form espy'd,
And started oft, and oft he turn'd aside.
In vain he strikes, and works her to the Road,
Till down she sinks beneath her impious Load.
With silent Looks complaining of the Wrong,
When Heav'n, (What cannot Heav'n!) unloos'd
her Tongue.

With human Voice form'd in her secret Breast, She the mad Prophet's brutal Rage repress'd; Whose eyes unseal'd, he sees the Angel stand, A staming Sabre in his vengeful Hand, Pointed against his Breast; to Earth he falls, And half a Penitent, for Mercy calls. The Angel lets him still pursue his way, But bids him only what high Heav'n shou'd dictate, say.

LXXXIII.

Numbers, Chap. XXII. 39. 41. XXIII. 1. 5. 7. to 10. 21. to 24.

Balak meets Balaam. His Sacrifice, &c.

TO Huzzeth's Town the King and Prophet come,
Which from its spatious Streets received its Name;

10

To Baal's high Places thence together go, There to survey and curse their hated Foe: Sev'n Altars that falle Wizard bids them rear. A Bullock and a Ram on each prepare; Thus did the Zabii's Heathen Kites advise, And to the Planets thus they facrifice. When lo a Pow'r unknown the Sage oppress'd, Spake with his Lips, and struggled in his Breast: Heav'n, which before his Ass's Tongue did loofe, Her impious Master's now is pleas'd to use: Unwillingly inspir'd he can't forbear, But must these bold ungrateful Truths declare. "In vain has Balak me from Aram fought,

"In vain has from the Eastern Mountains brought,

" Jacob to curse, and Israel to distress,

"Ah! who can curse the Man whom God will bless?

" Vain Idols he in Jacob has not found,

"Whose shameful Worship fills the Nations round.

"What Charms can then against his Sons prevail? "Divining's loft, and strong Enchantments fail.

" I fee him from the Mountains wide away,

" And from the craggy Rocks his Camps furvey:

"His God's peculiar choice, he dwells alone, "His Numbers as the Dust or Sand unknown.

" With him, O let me to the Grave descend!

" What e'er my Life, like his I'd wish my End.

" Is God like Man, to Lie, or to Repent? "Who can his Words reverse, or who prevent?

". What Jubilees, what Triumphs shall proclaim

" The peaceful Kings, the Great Messiab's Name?

"His Ifrael God from Egypt's Bondage led; " See his protecting Cloud around him spred!

"Couch'd like a Lion safe beneath its Shade,

"What desp'rate Mortal dares his awful Rest in-

" vade ?

LXXXIV.

Numbers, Chap. XXIV.

Balaam blesses Israel. He Prophesses of Christ, the Assyrians, and Romans, &c.

Hen Balaam found his Charms had no Success, But his own Israel God resolv'd to bless; Delusive Auguries he sought no more Nor follow'd curs'd Enchantments as before: Another Spi'rit had seiz'd the alter'd Sage, And swell'd his Bosom with diviner Rage: Fierce Balak's Anger he does now disdain, (His Golden Promises alike in vain.) And thus of all the World the diftant Fates explain: " How goodly, Jacob! are thy Tents! how fair! "They with the fertile Valleys may compare; " Or Gardens richly deck'd with Nature's Pride, "Whole Verdant Trees by some fair River's Side " Like Cedars Tall in comely Order grow. " And view their Branches in the Streams below: " Beyond a Mortal's Skill their vast Design, "The Model and the Structure all divine. "Tome th' Almighty has his Will declar'd; " What Visions have I seen, what Wonders heard? " Far off I see a radiant Star arise. " And with new wond'rous Light adorn the Skies: " The Orient shall his fated Empire gain, " Of Facob's Race the Great Messiah reign: " Moab and all the Heathen Lands his Prey, " The spacious Globe shall his Commands obe

Thy Sons, Proud Amalek! he next surveys In Canaan's Southern Bounds, and thus he fays. " Of all the Nations Thou didst first declare " Against God's Favourite People impious War: " Too weak thy Arms, unequal this Debate, " Ruin, eternal Ruin is thy Fate. To Feebro's Offspring next he turns his Eyes: "Strong is thy Dwelling Place, thy choice is wife; " Happy Exchange, he says; yet all in vain, "Thy Doom at length to wear Proud Asher's Chain: 44 Ah who shall live that sees that luckless Day! "Yet worse behind! behold the Western Sea "Cover'd with Ships, whence Chittim's Offspring "And thy renowned Sons, O future Rome! (come, " Afour must fall, and Heber strives in vain, " For so the strong Decrees of Fate ordain: " Nor shall their haughty Victor long survive; "Empire, like Men, their stated Periods live:

"Evernal Rome must die, her Reign is o'r,
"Tumbling from her proud Hills she falls to rise no
"more.

LXXXV.

Numbers, Chap. XXV.

Zimri and Cozbi.

(bin'd,
What Hell's and Moal's Force and Fraud comIn vain attempted and in vain design'd,
At length by Female Guile accomplish'd see,
And Israel naked to its Enemy!

7) T

Each Civil Hoft, t'oblige his Hebres Friend, Their Gods, and more, their Wives and Daughters lend:

Whose Charms than Balaam's Curses far more strong, More pow'rful Magic in their Eyes and Tongue: With these they their enchanted Guests intice To their lewd Idols pompons Sacrifice: Peor of old, thro' Moabs Regions fam'd. In after-Days the foul Priagus nam'd. Nor did th' unnurtur'd Crowd alone rebel. For in the specious Snare their Nobles fell: Zimri, a noted Chief of Simeons Race. Who Private Lewdness only, thought disgrace, In open Day false Cozbi with him brings. Sprung from the Stem of Midianitish Kings Nor Zealous Phineas this, who inauch'd a Spear Which double Death on its Sharp Point did wear. And in the very Act of Lewdness found: Transfix'd'em both, and nail'd'em to the Ground: Nor this without Commission he presum'd. For God's dread Word before to Death had doom'd Each Wretch whom foul Idolatry had stain'd: Nor unrewarded his just Zeal remain'd: Those guilty Victims angry Heav'n appeard, And in the Camp the wide Contagion ceas'd: The Covenant of Peace his Justice gains, An everlatting Priesthood he obtains.

Has bounteous Heav'n exhausted all its store?
And can unbounded Goodness give no more?
There is, there is, a sure Reward for those
Who own its Cause against its mighty Foes:
Who bear the Sword with an impartial Hand,
And in the Breach, firm and undaunted stand,
To punish daring Vice, and save a Guilty Land.

LXXXVI.

NUMBERS, Chap. XXXI.

The War with Midian.

VEngeance divine, unerring, tho' 'tis flow, Suspends its Arm to give the greater Blow. For all the Whores and Gods that Midian gave The chosen Race to weaken and enslave, Twelve Thousand Warriours harness'd for the Fight

Must now their curs'd Civilities require:
Brave Phinehas gladly leads the chosen Band,
The Trump of God adorns his strong Right-Hand:
In vain th' unequal Foes their Host surround,
And like unnumber'd Locusts spread the Ground.
Sound! Sound a Charge! They shake, they bend,
they sly,

And Ifrael gains an easy Victory.
False Midian's haughty Princes strive in vain,
Zur, Evi, Rekem, Hur, and Reba slain;
Whose Fate their Wizard-Prophet Balaam shares,
Victorious Israel's just Revenge he bears,
He scap'd the Angel's Sword, but cou'd not others.

Into the Countries Heart (their Army broke)
They pierce, and gain their Towns without a
ftroke.

With Fire and Sword the Treach rous Race pursue,

Their Palaces they burnt, their Men they New.

But a falle Pity pleaded for the Fair, The faral Causes of the War they spare: These with uncounted Spoils, they bear away, And to their Breth'rens joyful Camp convey: When Moses saw, his Anger justly rose:

" --- What Madness this, to spare your strongest

Foes?

A mortalPlague they brought, themselves a worse;

"Where Balaam cou'd not, these prevail'd to curic.
"Your Swords against the splendid Serpents turn,

"Who have their Thousands slain: Let Midies mourn,

"As Ifrael did before -- They plead in vain;

Juft, the severe their Doom, the specious Plagues
are slain.

LXXXVII.

DEUTERONOMY, Chap. XXVII.

Ebal and Gerizim.

M Moab's Borders now the People Rand, Whom Moses thus accosts by Heav'ns command:

When Fordan pass'd, you seize the Promis'd Land;

Two hanging Rocks you'll see with equal Pride Thrust out their rugged Fronts on either side:

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Like some huge Arches distant Ruins show, Whose mould ring Walls affright the Vale below:

low:
Be half the People plac'd on Ebal's Brim,
The other on the cloudy Gerizim:
When Levi thus the Curses shall repeat
Which GOD's just Laws on harden'd Sinners
threat.

Curs'd be the Man who Gold or Silver takes. And an abominable Idol makes! In vain he sets it in a secret Place: Tust Vengeance him shall find, and all his Race. 2 An equal Curse those Wretches shall oppress Who slight their Aged Parents in distress: Those who the Ancient Land-Mark move away. And those who make the helpless Blind to stray : Who poor unfriended Strangers shall oppress, Or wrong the Widow, and the Fatherles: Whom Incest, or unnatural Crimes delight, Or who in secret shall their Neighbour smite: Who for Reward the Innocent pursue, Or who in Blood their guilty Hands embrue: Who not confirm each awful Word they hear: All are accurs'd, and all their Sin shall bear: While distant Eccho sounds each Gurse agen. All Israel to each Curse shall give their loud Amen!

LXXXVIII.

Moles's View of Canaan. His Death, Burial, and Elegy.

TOW dear did One rash Word the Prophet cost! For this his Life, and more, he Canaan loft: His temperate Youth with vigorous Age was bless'd. And no Decays his num'rous Years confess'd: His Eyes as full of Fire, his Pulse as warm As when th' abhorr'd Egyptian felt his Arm: Yet he must die - But sirst the Favour gain'd To see the Land for Israel's Sons ordain'd: Behold him to the Top of Pilgah go, And view the Country and the Clouds below! Sweet Fericho's delightful Town and Plain, And Fudah's Lot to the Great Western Main: From thence to North furvey with longing Eyes Where goodly Lebanon's fair Cliffs arise, Whose Tall Eternal Cedars threat the Skies. Last of the Southern Wild a Prospect take To Casiotis, and the Syrbon-Lake: He cou'd no more, but on the Turf reclin'd. As meekly as he liv'd, his Soul refign'd: Officious Seraphs bare his Soul away, And to a happier Canaan him convey:

LXXXIX.

UTERONOMY, Chap. XXXIV.



1. Moles wens up from the plains of Moab unto nounsain of Nebo, to the top of Pilgah, that is against Jericho: and the Lord showed him all the of Gilead, unto Dan, &c.

A. And the Lord said unto him, this is the land h I sware unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and unto h, saying, I will give it unto thy seed: I have caused to see it with thine eyes, but thou shalt not go over her.

. 5, 6: And Moses the ferwant of the Lord died

2; but no man knoweth of his sepulchre, unto this

But God himself his Fun'ral Honours pay'd, And in a Tomb unknown to Mortals laid: Nor this enough, O favour'd Saint for thee; Since God himself thus wrote thy Elegy.

- "What Prophet by the Sacred Breath inspired,
- " What Friend of God with Holy Raptures fir'd,
- "Whose Deathless Name can equal Glories share,"
- "Or with my Servant Moses can compare?
- "With Mortal Eyes th' Invisible he saw,
- "On trembling Sinai's Top receiv'd the Law:
- " From Egype's Fetters ransom'd Israel brought,
- " And in their fight, dread Signs, and mighy Wonders wrought.

LXXXIX.

Joshua, Chap. I. Ver. 1.2. Chap. II.
Rahab and the Spies.

Ntomb'd in Moab's Valley Moses lies;

Jehova bids the Valiant Joshua rise;

Second in Honour fill his Vacant Place,

And to their happy Seats conduct the chosen Race:

The Prudent General's Thoughts and Care no less,

Tho' Heav'n itself assures him of Success:

Two Spies to neighb'ring Jericho he sent,

Nor undiscover'd thro' the Guards they went.

The jealous King apprized of their Intent,

Vith speed his Guards to faithful Rabab sends,
Sut Rabab's House conceals her Hebrew Friends:
The Souldiers hope in vain their Prey to find,
'our'd thro' the Eastern Gate as swift as Wind,
n vain pursuing those who staid behind;
To whom their Fair Preserver thus begins:

- "Too well we know the weight of Canaan's Sins:
- ' Your Title and Possession Heav'n secures;
- 'Yours are our Cities, and our I and is Yours:
- A Panic Fear does every Breast invade.
- " We faint, we melt, of Israel's Arms afraid.
- " We've heard how God did you thro' Seas convey
- "While parting Waters show'd your world'rous
- "What you to Silon and to Og have done, (way:
- "Trembling we hear, and make their Fates our own:
- "Since then with hazard of my Life conceal'd,
- " Nor to the threatning cheated Guards reveal'd,
- "The Mercy I have shown you, let me find,
- "And to my Father's House be just and kind.
- "Swear by the Pow'r that loves your Nation Swear
- "The hungry Sword their precious Lives shall spare:

They did, then o'r the Wall she lets'em down, They to the Mountain slee, and leave the Town: Three Days conceal'd in Palm-Tree Groves they lay Almost impervious to the All-searching Day; Then fording Jardan, to the Camp repair; To Jashua and the rest the joyful news they bear.

XC.

Jordan divided. Israel passes over.

THE Hoft of God, a mighty Hoft, remain, Near Jordan's Banks decamp'd from Shirtim's Plain:

With longing Eyes they view'd, unfatisfy'd, Their promis'd Fields that grac'd his Western side, Still to their Wishes and their Vows deny'd; For Fordan now his slimy Banks o'reflows, And broad as Father Nile, or Ganges grows: In vain, for Nature to her Lord gives way: When Seas divide, can Rivers not obey? The Priests, in Stoles of purest Linen, bear The dreadful Ark, and to the Brink repair; Nor sooner on the utmost Rivage tread, When, lo! the Waters saw, and backward fled, Their ancient Course forgot, and Oozy Bed; Far, far away to Adam's distant Strand, And furl'd on Heaps like Icy Mountains stand: While those below fail from the Salt-sea Plain, Whose thirsty Soil expects their cooling Waves in vain.

This great Event the trembling Guards perceive, From Jericho, and scarce their Eyes believe:
Thick on the Walls and Battlements they froed,
To their chill Hearts retir'd the curdling Blood:
They saw the ransom'd Flock come safely o're,
And with glad Shouts salute the welcom Shore:
Twelve weighty Stones from Jordan saw them take,
And Signals of their wondrous Passage make:

XC.

OSHUA, Chap. III. Ver. 1. to 17. Chap. IV. Ver. 5. to 18.



Chap. IV. Ver. 5. Joshua faid, Pass over before ark of the Lord your God into the midst of Jordan, I take ye up every man of you a stone upon his ulder, according unto the number of the tribes of children of Israel.

6. That this may be a sign among you, that when r children ask their fathers in time to come, say-, What mean you by these stones?

7. Then ye shall answer them, &c.

Nor fooner had the Priests the Channel pass'd,
Who as they enter'd first, ascended last:
The Firm no sooner by their Sandals press'd,
And on the sedgy Banks the Ark did rest;
When Jordan breaks with burst of Thunder's
roar,
Like some sierce Eagre sweeps each sounding
Shore,
And shoots its soaming Waves as widely as before.

XCI.

Joshua, Chap. V. Ver. 13. to the End.

Joshua sees the Captain of the Lords
Host.

OW Israel's Army Jericho invest, And with a strong Blockade 'tis closely press'd:

Alone the fearless Joshua walks the round, To view the Place, if any weakness found, Or to surprize, or storm from advantageous Ground.

Thoughtful he ftood, reclining on his Spear, When lo! he fees an awful Form appear. Mortal he feem'd, yet more than mortal Grace, And Splendor terrible adorn'd his Face. A Sword he grasp'd, as bright as it were made, Of a portentous Comets flaming Blade: When thus the General of the chosen Host, The Great unknown undanned did accost.

om-whence, and whose? What are thou, soon "declare,

bael am I, the shining Form reply'd,
r from the Throne the Host of God to guide:
Rrate the General falls, and prints the Sand,
l waits for his Superior's dread Command;
bids, to loose his Sandals not distain,
with irreverend Steps the hallow'd Place
profane:

bus obeys, new Orders he receives, som, mounting to the Clouds, the heav'nly Vifions leaves.

XCII.

; ¥.

he Walls of Jericho fall down, the City aken: Rahab and her Family preserv'd.

Defence, rrays-our Guilt, or owns our Impotence. he strongest Walls an inward Fear confess, inlies and Shields, and glittring Helms no less; in Force or Fraud o'er our weak Frames prevail, ho' arm'd with Tow'rs, or wall'd with Coats of

Mail.
From our fellow Mortals unsecure,
hat Fortress can, against just Heav'n ensure?
hat rocky Ramparts may its Bolts endure?
or needs it the red Thunder still unsheath,
or grants each guilty Wretch so great a Death.

M 3

71

It can with Arms contemptible confound,
And solid Substance shake with airy Sound:
This, Jericho, thy touring Walls declare,
No Steel-head Rams, no strong Machins of War
Provok'd that Fate which for thy Crimes was jult,
And roll'd thy ancient Honours in the Dust:
But Israel's Sons, so Heav'n commands, surround
Thy Ramparts with the clanging Trumpet's sound:
The Priests, the Ark in long Procession bore,
The harnes'd Warriors silent march'd before:
A Week of Days they prosecute their Toil,
While from the Walls th' abhort d Barbarians smile!
But scarce the seventh bless'd Morn had deck'd the
Skies,

When with new Hopes inspired the Assembly rife: Seven times the nodding Towers and Walls they

pass'd,
And Joshua gives the Signal at the last:
Now shout, he said, your Conquest Heav'n assures;
Ascend! for the devoted Town as yours:
Let Rahab live, but all the rest must die,
So loud their ripen'd Sins for Vengeance cry:
The Spoil is Ged's, beware th' accursed Thing,
Lest on yourselves and us the Curse you bring.

He said, with shouts the Army rends the Skies, Tumble the Walls, thick Clouds of Dust arise: So bursts a Torrent from the Mountains side, So roars the Thunder thro' the Welkin wide: Each in his Rank ascends from where he stood, The City's won, and fill'd with Fire and Blood. Rahab alone her Countries Loss survives, And with her Fathers House in Israel lives; Whom Holy Bands to Princely Salmon joyn, Whence a long Race of Kings in Judat's sacred Line.

XCIII

XCII.

OSHUA, Chap. IV. Vcr. 20, to 23.



v. 20. The people shouted when the priests blew with the trumpets: and it came to pass when the copie heard the sound of the trumpet, and the people houted with a great shout, that the wall fell down flat, it has the people went up into the city, every man traight before him, and they took the city.

21. And they utterly destroyed all that was in the

ity, &c.

23. --- But they brought out Rahab, and her faher, and her mother, and her brethren, and all that he had, &c.

M 4

XCIII*

XCIII.

Joshua, Chap. VII. and VIII.

Achan and Ai.

Unger of Gold, and Sacrilegious Thirst. Unsatisfied to be alone accurs'd, Your pois nous Influence larger Conquests gains. And blafts th' unhappy Nation where it reigns. One Achan Israels Glory can deface, And spread wide Vengeance round the sacred Race. For Ai, Three Thousand Warriors now prepare, More than enough their Force, had God been there, --- But he was gone, and Conquest with him led Before their feeble Enemies they fled: Some fall transfix'd, and wounded some return: They melt, they faint, the whole Assembly mourn: · Prostrate on Earth afflicted Foshua lay With Israel's Elders all that luckless Day, Their Clothsthey rend; around 'em Sackloth spread, And scatter Dust on each dishonour'd Head. When God to Foshua did the Crime disclose, Which made his People naked to their Foes: The blafting Sacrilegious Guilt reveals. Tho' for a while the guilty Wretch conceals:

ut that th' unerring Lot at length decides, and Tribe from Tribe, and House from House divides:

ingling at last devoted Achan's Head, 'aler than Death when his black Name was read: rembling and manifest of Guilt he stands, When Joshua mildly all the Truth demands, Is best becomes a Judge -- Th' accurs'd replies His Sacrilege confess'd, and Avarice; Among the Spoils he saw a goodly Prize, A Royal Garment, glorious to behold, Embroder'd rich, and squalid all with Gold: And near, a Golden Wedge inviting lay'd; The precious Spoils he to the Camp convey'd: Nor these alone, a Heap of Silver coin'd. Hid close in Earth they in his Tent might find. Both these, and all who did his Crime partake They with their Sire a just Example make: Beneath a Show'r of Stones the Traitors groan, And happy He by whom the First was thrown. When thus they angry Heav'ns fierce Wrath appease,

Proud Ai is conquer'd and destroy'd with ease.

[&]quot; Might all our Achan's such a Vengeance sce,

[&]quot; Our Ifrael cou'd not miss to gain the Victory.

XCIV.

JOSHUA, Chap. IX. and X.

Gibeon makes a League with Joshua. The Kings discomfitted who combined against it. The Sun and the Moon stand still.

THE Tidings foon thro' Canasm's Regions flown,

They hear their Neighbour's Fates, and dread their own:

Yet justly harden'd in their Crimes oppose
With Force united their unequal Foes:
Gibeon alone by Wiles a Peace obtain'd,
Gladly their Lives, tho' not their Freedom gain'd:
Against whose Walls the Lord of Jebus brings
A num'rous Host of tributary Kings:
Hebron, and Jarmuth, and strong Lachish joyn'd,
With learned Debir's pow'rful Prince combin'd:
The Gibeonites distress'd with Numbers, sly
For Succour to their New and Great Ally:
Oblig'd by sacred Oaths to their Desence,
For sacred Oaths cou'd then oblige a Prince:
Brave Joshua heard, nor timely help delay'd,
But marches strait to his Consed'rates Aid:

All Night he march'd, and as the Morning role,
Fell furious in upon his careles Foes:
Th' Intrenchments gain'd, How vast a Carnage
made?

And roll'd in Dust, what heaps of Princes laid?

Stangliver, was glutted, Ruin wanted Breath,
And panting Hades scarce cou'd follow Death:

Who scap'd the hungry Sword, in vain wou'd fly,
Beneath prodigious Show'rs of Hail they die:
A dismal Gleam th' affrighted Sun did yield,
And gather'd sanguine Vapours from the Field:
When Joshua stretch'd alost his knotty Spear,
And thus began, "Ye rolling Heav'ns, give Ear!
Attend, O silent Moon! thou Solar Brightness,
"hear!

" --- Stand! --- in your Maker's Name, I charge you " ftand,

While Israel executes his dread Command!
They heard; the great Machine no longer rolls.
It ftood unmov'd and stable as the Poles:
Nature the stop perceiv'd, and shook for fear;
She thought her fatal Period now was near:
Scarce more amaz'd, when this great Frame gives way,

And Earth and Heav'n shall mingled fall at the last dreadful Day.

XCV.

Joshua, Chap. XXIII. and XXIV.

Joshua's Advice, and last Speech to Israel. His Death.

When Canaan's Natives slain or disposses'd,
And God by Joshua gave his Israel rest;
Bending with Age his Dust to Dust inclin'd,
But firm and vigorous still his deathless Mind:
E're what was Mortal to Corruption falls,
Of Israel's States he an Assembly calls,
Then thus began--- Near broad Euphrates side,
Your Paynim Fathers did of old reside:
From thence was Abr'ham call'd to this bless'd
Land,

Whose Seed unnumber'd as the Stars or Sand:
Nor have you yet forgot the Wonders wrought,
When God your Fathers out of Egypt brought,
Nor how the Amorites against you fought:
How treach'rous Balak did for Balaam send,
How vain his Curses, how deserv'd his End.
What Nations leagu'd your Conquests to prevent,
Destroy your Name, and frustrate Heav'ns intent;

Heav'n, which has now subdu'd your pow'rfulFoe,
And not your own Right-hand, your Sword or
Bow;

Has giv'n a Land where Milk and Honey flow: Whose happy Fields without your Toil, produce The Olives, and the Grapes reviving Juice: What shall you for his Goodness, then repay? Febovah fear, and him fincere, obey. That Idol-Fire which Chefed's Sons adore, Th' Egyptian Gods, which vainly guard their Shore, Exterminate their very Names, and be Alone devote to Israel's Deity. If this bless'd Service you ingrate, refuse, Declare whose Altars you defign to chuse! --Or those which Abraham did in Ur forsake. Or Canaan's Gods, whose helpless Shrines you brake? For me and mine, while vital Breath shall last, Our happy Choice is made, our Lot is cast: To God alone we'll Adoration pay, To Ifrael's God, whom Earth and Heav'n obey. He said, Then does his Limbs to Rest compose, And whilst his Eyes surrounding Princes close. To Abraham's Bosom, and his great Fore-fathers goes.

XCVI.

War with the Canaanites. Bezek taken. Adoni-bezek punish'd.

O Shiloh's Oracle the Tribes repair, And wait for Orders to renew the War: Warn'd by their murm'ring Fathers impious Rage, They dare no more without Command engage: Brave Judah's Sons the Pofts of Honour gain, Which with sev'n harness'd Myriads they maintain; . Their Royal Lion warring in the Field. Unknowing to retreat, and less to yield: Proud Bezek's spatious Walls with Turrers crown'd, On ev'ry fide the Hoft of God furround: Too weak the Town to bear their first attack. They push the Foe, they storm, they gain, they sack; While Bezek's haughty Lord refifts in vain, Nor can his trembling Guards the Fight maintain: Ignoble Flight with like Success he tries, A short Reprieve with Shame too dearly buys: Pursu'd and seiz'd, the same hard Fare he bore, Which seventy Kings had done from him before; Who glean'd their Meat beneath the Tyrant's Board, The Footfools they of their imperious Lord: Maim'd and abus'd--- he still prolong'd their Breath, As envying them the Luxury of Death. He owns his Fate is Just --- and so must all. Who as they trace his Crimes may thare his Fall: Stifled with Malice, Pride and Rage he dies. To clear a Providence, and vindicate the Skies.

CXVL

JUDGES, Chap. I. from Ver. 1. to Ver. 8.



Ver. 5. They found Adoni-bezek in Bezek: and bey fought against him, and they slew the Canaanites, and the Perizzikes.

6. : But Adoni-bezek fled, and they pursued after im and caught him, and cut off his thumbs and his treat toes.

7. And Adoni-bezek said, Threescore and ten kings, having their thumbs and their great toes cut off, gathered their meat under my table: as I have done, so God hath requited me.

XCVII.

Judah conquers Hebron and Debir. Achsah given to Othniel.

Strong Hebron next thro' Canaan's Regions fam'd,
Of old from Anakean Arba nam'd;
Judah's victorious Army dar'd oppose,
Who saw unmov'd their huge Gigantic Foes:
The monstrous Sons of Anak saw from far,
Each nodding Terrour, each himself a War.
Low in the Plain encamp'd the Hebrews lay,
Whom from the Walls with scorn their Foes survey:
Behold above the rest proud Sheshai stand,
Who own'd no God but his own strong Righthand:

The Fear of Ifrael he aloud defies,
And darts retorted curses at the Skies:
Nor valiant Othniel this, who from below,
Shoots o're the Hill to meet th' unequal Foe:
Thro' Darts, thro' Swords, thro' Show'rs of Death
he's born,

Thro' rocky Fragments from the Mountain torn:
See him upon the talleft Rampart stand,
And meet the bold Blasphener hand to hand:
His well-known Sword he rais'd (the dreadful
Blade,

With choicest Skill at rich Damascus made,)
And cleaves him to the Twist....---Still like a half demolish'd Tow'r he stood,
And his warm Entrails spouted Seas of Blood:

At length he falls, and num'rous Crowds beneath, In his wide Ruins find their Grave and Death: Dread and Dismay the weak Defendants seize, By Israel trampled, and destroy'd with ease.

To Debir next victorious Othniel goes,
Their Battlements he scales, and routs his Foes:
Below the beauteous Achsab view'd the Fight,
Honour and Love at once enflam'd her Knight:
Honour bids high, but Love had stronger Charms,
He comes, and reaps the Fruit of Conquest in her
Arms.

Judges, Chap. I. Ver. 10. to 13.

Ver. 1c. And Judah went against the Canaanites that dwelt in Hebron, (now the name of Hebron before was Kirjath-arba) and they sew Sheshai and Ahiman, and Talmai.

11. And from thence he went against the inhabizants of Debir: (and the name of Debir before was

Kirjath-sepher,)

12. And Caleb said, He that smitteth Kirjathsepher, and taketh it, to him will I give Achsali my

daughter to wife.

13. And Othniel the son of Kenaz, Calebs younger brother, took it: and he gave him Achsah his daughter to wife.

XCVIII.

XCVIII.

Deborah and Barak. Jael and Sifera

P OR Ifraei's Sins fierce Jabin them subdues,
And baffled Canaan's desp'rate Claim renews;
While Sis'ra his victorious Char'ots leads,
And Slaughter all around, and Ruin spreads:
Lopp'd Arms, and bleeding Heads lie strow'd beneath

His Murd'ring Scythes, too hard for Time or Death: His fiery Coursers trampling o'er the Plain, Their brazen Hooss dash round a sanguine Rain,

Degen'rate Isr'el Sons embrace their Chain, I Their very Souls enslav'd-- But heav'n can find In female Breasts a more than manly Mind: The Sex that boast themselves for Empire made, Had dropp'd the Sword, the Sov'reign Pow'r be-

tray'd: Undaunted Deborah reclaims their Right. And with Abin'am's Son descends to fight: The Heathen hear, their dreadful Charious arm, And on the Banks of ancient Kilhon swarm; Clust'ring above, an Iron-Wall, they stood, Breaft high, God's Army marches o're the Flood: They cast their Darts, they mount, they joyn, they And Sisra bears the News of his Defeat: Inglorious Chief! himfelf the News did bring. He sav'd his precious Life for Canaan's King. --- How short the Life which he in vain did save? How foon the fatal Stroke a Woman gave? Sleeping he dies, unknowing yields his Breath, Now first couragious teems, for now he smiles on Death.

XCVIII.

DGEs, Chap. IV. Ver. 1. to 22.



et. 21. Jael Heber's wife took a nail of the and rook a bammer in her hand, and went softly him, and smore the nail into his temples, and it into the ground: (for he was fast assept vears) so he died.

. And behold, as Barak pursued Sisera, Jacl out to most him, and said unto him, Come, and! Show thee the man whom thou seekest. And he came into her tent, behold, Sisera lay dead, be nail was in his temples.

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By Counsel or by Action, Pen or Sword, To fave their Country, and to help the Lord: But curse ye Meroz ! an uncommon weight Of Vengeance feize 'em, and a Neuter's Fate! They wou'd the Spoil, tho' not the Danger, share, When Sifera is faln, they'll now declare. --- His Boafts, his fruitless Hopes, his Fears are

o're:

He bow'd, he fell, he funk, to rife no more. So let thy Foes, O God! to Duft descend. But those that love thee, brighter Stars attend! The Sun himself less glorious far than they. The Sun, when mounted on the blazing Noon of Day.

C.

Gideon's Expostulation. The Miracle of the Fleece.

Orgetful Ifrael foon agen offends, And foon their angry God his Judgments fends:

O're all the Land wild Midian's Offspring pours, An Epidemic Plague, like Locusts, all devours : To Caves and Dens th' affrighted Hebrews run, Entomb themselves alive their Death to thun: Nor long unmov'd the Father at their Cries. At his Command an Angel cleaves the Skies; Beneath a spatious Oak at Ophrah stays, And to the thoughtful Gideon thus he fays : Brave Man! fecure of Fare, and Aid divine! No Danger canst thou fear, for God is thine. N 3

He thus -- If God be ours, as once we thought, Where are those Wonders he in Egypt wrought? Are all our Maler's, all our Folkne's 2000. Our Orimie's, and our Ecol's? Are there none To Heir their Virtues, that we fill must bear The Heathers Yoke, and of Relief despair? -Yes-one there is, fays God, and thou art he: Go then, in this thy Might, thy Country free! With Reformation be the Wars begins. He knew their firongest Foes were Ifrael's Sins: Baal's helples Altar to the Ground he throws. And fells the Grove which near his Altar grows: Inspir'd, the Trumper takes, and blew a Blast, Which first thro' Optrab's narrow Confines pass'd: It pass'd thro' Abiezer's numost bound; Glad Ifrael hears, and gathers to the Sound: From double trib'd Manasseb thousands run, From diftant Asker, and from Zebulun. When Gideon thus did Israel's God address. And humbly asks an Omen of Success. If one so mean thy People must defend, O let the Dew on my sole Fleece descend! Tis done--- the Grass and Floor around are dry: Agen the Hero, Heav'n prefumes to try: Upon his Fleece no drop of moisture found, While Sheets of Silver Dew spread all the ambient

Ground.

C.

UDGES, Chap. VI. Ver. 36. to the End.



Ver. 36. Gideon said unto God, If thou wilt e Marel by mine hand, as thou hast said, 17. Behold, I will put a steece of wool in the remain if the dew be on the steece only, and it be upon all the earth beside, then shall I know that while save Israel by mine hand, as thou hast i, 38. And it was so: for he rose up early on the map, and thrust the stace together, and wringed dew out of the steece, a bowlful of water.

CI.

Mistian difempted.

Line reviews his Heat on Harof's Plain. I Too maniform yet the Victory to gain: Three Myried: who at first the Hero joyn'd Me : cff. Three handred only left behind : By there, faid God, too few their Strength to boalt, Will I di comfit Midias's num rous Hoft: This Night go down, in March's Vale they lie, And welcom Omens meet of Victory! He goes, his faithful Phurab by his fide, They find their careless Army scaner'd wide: They hear a Soldier no vain Dream relate Of Ifrael's Conquest, and of Midian's Fate: From thence return'd secure of wish'd Success. The joyful News by Looks and Words express. Gideon his Army, (scarce an Army) heads, And not to Battel, but to Conquest leads: (Word Around the flumb'ring Camps they shout; The Was Gideon's and Jehovah's vengeful Sword! Horror and Guilt the Paynim Host affright, Dread founds their Ears, their Eyes a ghaftly Light: They ran, they cry'd, they fled; their Swords? they drew, And each did in his Fellows's Blood imbrew; Manasseb, Asher, Nepthali pursue: Fierce Ephraim seiz'd the Foords of Fordan's Flood, And dy'd his Streams with Midianitish Blood: Oreb and Zeeb in their Flight they meet, Their bleeding Heads they bring, and cast at Gideon's Feet.

CI.

JUDGES, Chap. VII. Ver. 5. to the End.



Ver. 5, 6. --- The Lord said unto Gideon, Every one that lappeth of the water with his tongue, as a dog lappeth, him shalt thou set by himself; and the number of them that lapped, putting their hand to their mouth, were three hundred men.

7. And the Lord said, By the three hundred men that lapped will I save yeu, and deliver the Midia-

nites into thine hand.

22,23. --The Lord set every man's sword against bis fellow, even throughout all his host, and the host sled: and the men of Israel pursued the Midianites.

CIL

Judges, Chap. IX.

Abimelech made King, and Shechem destroy'd.

Nworthy to supply Great Gidson's Place,
Abimelech arose of spurious Race:
Without Remorse his seventy Brethren slain,
He thought a Crown he still did cheaply gain:
To Shechem he his ill-got Empire ows,
Ally'd by Birth, yet they his secret Foes:
In narrow Passes they an Ambush lay,
And hope Abimelesh himself their Prey;
Their plenteous Vintage home, well-warm'd they
bring,

And by their Idol-Gods they curse their Idol-King:
Nor this cou'd Gideon's Blood, tho' base endure;
To crush his Rebels, and his Friends secure
He with a potent Army takes the Field,
To whose superior Force the double Traytors
vield:

The Victor to the City them pursues,
Th' unwieldy Gates are clos'd, the War renews:
The wrathful King, impetuous, presses on,
Their ill-defended Gates and Walls are gone:
The Foe breaks in like an impetuous Flood,
Which tops the Banks that long its Course withstood,

The City's fow'd with Salt, and moisten'd with their Blood,

e Tow'r alone impregnable remain'd, d Treaty they alike and Force disdain'd: ey trust their God, the Hold was nam'd from Baal.

e Victor thinks their firm and lofty Wall:
e Victor thinks the reft in vain was won,
I Art compleats what Valour had begun;
ove the Town an hoary Mountain flood,
sofe venerable Head was crown'd with Wood:
e Firs and Pines thick Branches thence they rend,
it to the Tow'r, a moving Grove descend;
ese to the Gates apply'd th' Assailants fire,
vain within they from the Gates retire:
once their dismal Shrieks ascend the Skies,
eir dying, and their Fun'ral Flames arise,
ver had Baal before so large a Sacrifice.

CIII.

Abimelech slain by a Weman.

/ Irrue alone can deathless Laurels boast;
She gains the Day when Life itself is lost:
at with ring Joys deceitful Conquest yields;
m Cities sack d, and from triumphant Fields!
w soon the giddy Globe of Fortune turns,
c Captive smiles, th' insulting Victor mourns!
s, Great Abimelech! from thee we learn,
ad future Warriors may their Fate discern:)
w happy, if thou bear thy Ensign's back,
Thebez Walls, with Stars averse, attack:

Fate draws thee on, and beckons from afar. And Death, disguis'd like Glory, leads to War: The Town is frorm'd, the weak Defendants fled, But in the Citadel again make Head; Arm'd with Despair a brave Resistance make; Again their well-known Fire th' Affailants take Tho lately try'd, of wish'd Success it fails; One Stratagem but rarely twice prevails: Greedy of Fame, imparient of Delay, To his warm Troops the Gen'ral leads the way; Whom, at the Gates, to his despairing Foes, His lofty Plume and glitt ring Arms disclose: --- Tis done, and from a Mill-stone's deadly weight. A Woman, a weak Woman fends his Fate: He feels the Stroke the Seat of Life confound, ? His Helmer crush'd, his Head a single Wound; Groaning he falls, reluctant ftrikes the Ground: But his ftrong Heart still rifes with Disdain, " Can Gideon's Son by Female Hands be flain? " Let some kind Sword the Stroke of Mercy lend, " If near me either Enemy or Friend! His faithful Squire, who oft in Battel try'd, Had ne're unguarded left his Master's fide, This last kind cruel Office not deny'd: Soon as the Sword its fatal Passage found, He rifes to the Point, and meets the welcom Wound,

CIII.

Judges, Chap. IX. Ver. 50, to 552



Vet. 51. There was a strong tower within the city, and thither fled all the men and women, and all they of the city, and shut it to them, and gat them up to the top of the tower.

53. And a certain woman cast a piece of a milstone upon Abimelech's bead, and all to brake his

bead.

54. Then he called hastily unto the young man his armour-hearer, and said unto him, Draw thy sword and slay me, that men say not of me, A woman slew him. And his young man thrust him through, and he died.

CIV.

Chap. X. Ver. 17, 18.

Jephthah chosen Captain by the Gileadites.

A Mmon's incestuous Offspring now prevail,
From Rabbab's Tow'rs they Gibeab's Walls
affail:

At Mizpel's neighb'ring Hills the Tribes unite. Pressing Memorials their Distress recite, And valiant Jephthah to their Aid invite. From foreign Lands their loud Complaints he hears, And speeds away to dissipate their Fears; Their high Estates in full Convention joyn'd. To him the vacant Soveraign Pow'r affign'd: He knew 'twas an unthank ful Work to save, He knew the Wealthy never lov'd the Brave; And, Ammon beat, might civilly defire, He'd ease the Nation, and to Tob retire. Revolving deep he poiz'd the Crown, before His thoughtful Brows that thorny Trifle wore: For publick Good at length accepts the Weight, For others Freedom he a Slave of State. In their new Head secure they promise fair, And to their rightful Saviour Homage swear, And Fephthah does for their Defence prepare: By Treaty first does friendly Terms propound, But ne're was Ammon yet by Treaty bound; For where no Faith is, how shou'd Truth be found? And And now the facred Sp'riz invades his Breast, And all the God his mighty Soul possest: Like Lighthing thro' the Clouds he darts away, And only wou'd a while at Mixpole stay, The Gen'ral thought it no Disgrace to pray.

New Strength receiv'd, secure of Conquests, goes At once to find, engage and rout his Foes.

Go on, Great Prince! may Glory and Renown Attend thy Banner, and thy Temple crows! Thy conquiring Sword infulting Ammsn's Rod, Their Chemosh forc'd to yield to Israel's God!
—"But, ah! in vain thy Brows with Laurel" crown'd,

"For Fate and gloomy Death encompass thee a"round.

CV.

Ammon discomsted. Jephtha's Vow.

Flerce Ammon's num'rous Van appears in fight;
Glad Ifrael rose and shouted for the Fight:
Between both Armies valiant Jephthab ran,
His Spear to Heav'n he rais'd, and thus began;

"So may my Arms the God of Battles blefs,
"And grant his own lov'd Israel wish'd Success;

"As when from War with Conquest I return, "What e're I meet, a Sacrifice shall burn,

The spatious Plain now grows a narrow Line, The lost Forlorns engage, the Battles joyn: Heaps upon Heaps accurfed Ammon's slain, But fresh Reserves the tott ring Fight sustain: Till Jephtha's Guards, their General at their Head, Charg'd their unwieldy Gross, which bent and sled: Their Main dispers'd, the Wings no longer stood, The rest was Carnage all, a Field of Blood.

But, ah! how short are wretched Mortals Joys! This Moment gives 'em, and the next destroys: How dear must what he wins, brave Jephtha cost? How oft he'll rather with his Life he had loft ? Swift Fame did his desir'd Return prevent. And with her Silver Trump before him went: An only Daughter Heav'n the Hero lent. A lov'd, an only Child, as chast as fair, She did her Father's Soul and Virtues thare: Her Country's Love and Duty made her fly To Joy him of his mournful Victory: --He saw the Maid, and like a Statue stood, Pale was his alter'd Face, congeal'd his Blood: " --- My Daughter! -- longer mine, alas! no more! "Thy cruel Dury we must both deplore: "Th' irrevocable Word to God is past, "Thou now art his, this Day must be thy last! Thus he; unmov'd and calm her Doom she hears, Her charming Eyes alone are free from Tears: When Ifrael's safe, her Death she scorns to grieve, And only asks, submiss, a short Reprieve: Sadly he grants, two wexing Moons she stay'd, Then his hard Vow's fulfill'd on the devoted Maid,

CV.

unges, Chap. XI. from Ver. 30. to Ver. 39.



v. 32. Jephtha pass'd over to fight against the ldren of Ammon, and the Lord delivered them into hands.

34. And when he same to his house, behold his ughter came out to meet him.

35. And when he saw her, he rent his closhes, and d, alas, my daughter! for I have opened my mouth to the Lord, and I cannot go back.

CVL

An Angel appears to Mattoals and his Wife, and promises them a Son.

SRAEL again by Sin themselves debase, Enflav'd to faithless Capthor's fore-skin'd Race: To Zorab's Fields a heav'nly Watcher came, (His dazling Robes laid by, and Wings of Flame;) Where liv'd a happy Pair with Plenty bless'd, And only want a Son to crown the reft. The Angel did the pleasing Tidings bear, And to the Wife fore-told a joyful Heir: A Nazarite of God; the tempting Wine, To him in vain thro' Crystal Walls shou'd shine: No Razor must his sacred Locks profane, His Hands must loose his injur'd Nation's Chain. She haftens home to bring her Lord the News, So great, he did almost his Faith refuse: Agen the wondrous Messenger appears, And all confirm'd attentive Manoab hears; Who on the Rock an Holocaust prepares To Israel's God, and joyns his fervent Pray rs: 4 The Angel his celeftial Robe refumes, His Sun-like Face, and gay Cherubic Plames 2: \h Behold his alter'd God-like Presence shine, Alive His large extended Form confess'd Divine Printers High on a fiery Column's wondrous Car, To Heav'n he mounts, swift as a shooting Stars-Prostrate on Earth the trembling Pair are laid: When Manoah filence broke, and thus he faid read

CVI.

JUDGES, Chap. XIII. Ver. 2. to 23.



Ver. 19. Manoah sook a kid, with a meatoffering, and offered it upon a rock to the Lord.

20. And when the slame wont up toward beaven from off the altar, the angel of the Lord ascended in the slame of the altar; and Manoch and his wife looked on it, and fell on their faces to the ground!

21. (But the angel of the Lord did no more ap-

pear mi Manoah and to his wife, &c.)

22 And Manada faid to his wife, We shall furely dis, because we have feen God.

23. But his wife faid unto him, If the Lord, &c.

This dreadful Scene we shall not long survive, For who can see the Face of God and live? With fairer Hopes his Consort thus rejoyn'd, If God displeas'd our speedy Deaths design'd; Why shou'd the Angel with such Care advise,? And why shou'd Heav'n accept our Sacrifice?

Her, no vain Omens found their with d Event, of For e're ten waning Moons their Orbs had spent, of The Angel's Words perform'd, a wondrous Heir (

is sent.

CVII.

Samson slays a Lion, &c.

Y Oung Samson grew, and Heav'n the Hero bless'd,
And soon the sacred Spirit invades his Breast;
Near Eshtaol and Zorah's fruitful Plain,
His lab ring Breast cou'd scarce the God sustain.
Prompted to mighty Deeds the more than Man,
Afflicted Israel's Freedom thus began.

A fair Philiftian Maid at Timnah spy'd, He wish'd the charming Insidel his Pride, So Heav'n itself directs him, which fore knows, He'll hence Occasion gain against his Foes: His Parents, ignorant of Fates intent, Unwillingly to Timnah with him went: The aged Couple thro' the Vineyards walk, And of their Son's unhappy Choice they talk; Samson behind; when from the secret Shades A Lion ramps, and him unamed invades:

CVII,

JUDGES, Chap. XIV. to Ver. 8.



Ver. 5. Samson went down, and his father and mother to Timnah, and came to the vineyards of Timnah: and behold a young lion roared against him.

6. And the spirit of the Lord came mightily upon him, and he rent him as he would have rent a kid, and he had nothing in his hand: but he told not his father or his mother what he had done,

7. And be went down and talked with the woman,

and she pleased Samson well.

8. And after a time, he returned to her, and he turned afide to see the carcass of the lion, &c.

No

Nor Sword nor Spear th' undatisted Charleson needs,
The facred Spirit, earnest of mightier Deeds, IT Scizes him all; the rugged Foe he joyn'd the T Crush'd his broad Break, and his facility Needs Te twin'd:

Onward he walks, the careful Pair o'retakes, 101/1 But of his great Exploit no memion makes to 101/1 The lovely Timmite saw, who charmed him many Than when her Eyes had seiz'd his Heart bestern. Scarce cou'd his Parents longer disapprovened the His Passion, where they saw such Cause of Essel. Their Wealth, his Merits, cou'd not be deny d. Nor long his Faith and Constancy were try'd, the soon returns with Joy to wed his beautous.

CVIII.

Bride.

JUDGES, Chap. XIV. Ver. 711A

Samson's Riddle.

A S thro' the Vineyards Samfon takes his way,
Near where the Lions putrid Carcass lay;
He hears surprized, from thence a murm ring Sound,
He sees live Honey flowing on the Ground:
The dropping Combs he from their Mansion tears,
Walks eating on, and with his Parents shares:

With all the Joy and Pomp that fits their State, At Timnab they his Nuprials celebrate: Th' Ill meaning Politician Lords combine, T' entrap their gen'rous Guest, their base Design: To mark his Actions they, in Friends disguise, His festal Table crowd with thirty Spies: Nor had his wond rous Birth escap d their Ears, Nor ever yet were Tyrants void of Fears: Open and brave young Sampson all receives, As he no Ill designs, no Ill believes: At length the Feast he crowns with gen rous Wine, From Gaza's and Sarepea's noble Vine; But with the crystal Nymph his Thirst allays, Nor needs the fuming Grape his Spirits to raile: T're from the Board the chearful Guests arose, This Riddle Samson did to all propose; "The Eater did on others Meat bestow. " And from the strong did wond'rous Sweetness "flow:

If they the knotty Riddle cou'd explain,
Each for his share shou'd a rich Vestment gain.
They turn'd it off, and try'd, but try'd in vain:
At length they with his facil Spouse confer,
She wrung it from her Lord, and they from her:
Enrag'd he heard it solv'd, her Treason knew,
And Thirty of th' abhorr'd Philistians slew:
Near Ashkalon's proud Walls their Spoils he takes,
And to their faithless Friends th' ill-omen'd Present makes.

CIX.

Samson's Foxes. He kills a Thousand Men with the Jaw-bone of an Ass.

Uarrels of Lovers feldom long endure, And Time's a Leach that deepest Wounds can cure:

All Breaches he, but that of Faith can bind;
No Salve, no Herbs, no Charms for this can find,
If falfly heal'd, he leaves the pois nous Head behind.

Samson, appeas'd, does with a Kid prepare,
Agen to see his false Philistian Fair;
Now his no more, another's Wife she's made,
And to his treach'rous Friend with Ease betray'd:
Nor this Great Samson unreveng'd cou'd bear,
Philistia, tremble! you, th' Aggressors were!
Foxes and Fire-brands thro'their Harvest turn'd,
Their Shocks at once, and standing Corn he burn'd.
(To Mimic Rome the late Tradition came,
Their shouting Cirque each Year beheld the same.)
The Cause around their wasted Country known,
Their Rage is on the perjur'd Timnite shown:
To vengeful Flames they the fair Trait'ress doom,
And her, and all her Father's House consume.

And now to Etham's Rock the Danite went, The Lordly Philistines their Army sent: And from their slavish Vassals him demand, Of Judah's Sons a base inglorious Band Unto their Camps the willing Captive bear, At whose approach with Shouts they rend the Air.

The Hero hears, his ficry Virtue wakes, And from his Hands the Cords like Threads he shakes.

An Affes Jaw his boney Sword he takes: **Behold him dealing dole amongst his Focs!** Terror before, behind him Slaughter goes, From Heaps to Heaps of Carcailes they stride. Which Streams of warm and recking Blood divide,

And hanghry Death sits crown'd upon the crimfon Tide.

Judges, Chap. XV. from Ver. 3. to Ver. 15.

Ver. 4. Samson went and caught three hundred foxes, and took fire-brands, and surned tail to tail, and put a fire-brand in the midst between two tails.

ing. And when he had fet the brands on fire, he let them go into the standing corn of the Philistines, and burnet up both the shock and also the standing-corn with the vineyards and olives.

15. And he found a new jaw-bone of an ass, and put forth his hand and took it, and flew a thousand

men therewith

CX

Delilah berrays Salafon.

OW vainly Men their Scrength and Con-By Female Wiles, how often trapp'd and loft? We rave, but still they wind us back again, In Destinies or Follies endles Chain: But newly scap'd the beauteous Timmite's snare, Nor yet cou'd Samfon of her Sex beware: He saw in Sorek's pleasant Vale retird, False Delilab, he law her and admir'd: In lazy Luxury his Hours he past, His matchles Might, and useless Life ran wast: Philistia heard with false mistaken Joy, And rouzd that Virtue must themselves destroy Happy for them if still he there had stay'd! To worse than Delilab he ne're cou'd be berray d Yet her they bring vast Sums of tempting Gold What Kings, what Senates have for less been sol Twas hers, if the his Countels would betray : And shew wherein his Strength and I frael's lay Long he eludes her Arts, tho hourly press'd, And lock'd the faral Secret in his Breast: She frowns, the fmiles, the all the Woman try In vain, he still evades, or still denies: The specious Syren baits his passive Ears, Nor want foft fighs, or well-commanded Te " Was't this, was t this, false Man! you did d When at my Feet you vow'd your Hear s snim s

CX.

JUDGES, Chap. XVI. Ver. 4. to 20.



Ver. 19. Delitati made him sleep upon her knees, and she called for a man, and she caused him to shave off the seven locks of his head, and she began to afflish him, and his strength went from him.

to afflict him, and his strength went from him.
20. And she said, The Philistines he upon thee, Samson. And he awoke out of his sleep, and said, I will go out as at other times before, and shake my felf: And he wist not that the Lord was departed stath him.

"How easie to my Ruin I believe?

"How soon the Viper to my Breaft receiv'd?

" May every Maid your faithless Nation shun,

" And learn by me, forfaken, fcorn'd, undone! --- He cou'd no more, his stubborn Heart gave way Doubly betray'd, he does himself betray: . Like easie Man the fatal Secret tells, Which like true Woman Delilab reveals: Robb'd of his facred Locks, amidst his Foes Th' infulting Traitress did her Lord expose: In vain he rouz'd, in vain his Limbs he shakes, And self-forsaken him his God forsakes: Vanquish'd with Ease, a Captive, scorn'd and

blind. T' inglorious Pains, a publick Drudge confin'd, Shorn of his boafted Strength, and yet compell'd

to grind.

CXI.

Samson's Death.

Appy Affliction, by whose welcom Rod We learn at once to know ourselves. God!

Samson by this the truest Freedom gains, Smiles in his Dungeon, and enjoys his Chains And his purg'd Soul's endu'd with inward Li Which more than pays his Loss of sensual fir His haughty Lords less free than him they b By their own Pride and Vice enflav'd and I

CXI

JUDGES, Chap. XVI. from Ver. 23.



Ver. 23. Then the hads of the Philittines gathered themselves together for to offer a great sacrifice unto Dagon their god, &c.

29. Samson took hold of the two middle pil-

lars, upon which the beuse stood, &c.

30. And Samion said, Let me die with the Philitines: and he bowed himself with all his might, and the house fell upon the lords, and upon all the people that were therein: so the dead which he slew as his death, were mo than they which he slew in his life.

odW

Who now a joyful Feast around proclaim,
To spread their mighty Fishes glorious Name;
Their two-form'd God, who to Philistia gave
Samson, their once dread Foe, but now their Slave;
The Feast and Noon grow high, for him they feld.
And at his fight with Shourt the Heavens they
rend:

His gifted Strength their Scorn, which lave their Dread,

Thro' all their Streets in shameful Triumph led:
Their spatious Theatre was crowded round.
And with the Flow'r of weaking Gaza crown defended to the standard of the vaulted Roof two maisty Columns bets; I o' Samson, as tir'd, sues to repose him there we sall Berwixt whose Bases by his Leader plac'd, Straining his utmost nervous Force, he because his A The Pillars from their sirm Foundations reside the With burst of Thunder strait the Roof desended to Crushing at once the shricking Growd beneath to the Samson among the rest contented fell, Samson among the rest contented fell, Samson among the rest contented fell, Samson among the rest contented fell,

Happy the Man who thus his Fame regains of the And by so fair a Death, can loose his Country Chains?

And to Bhoy The c The co

CXIII

CXII.

Chap. XX. Ver. 46.

The War with Benjamin.

Nhounded Rule! How num rous is thy ftore. . Of mortal Plagues? but Anarchies are more: Law no Faith, no Wrongs in her redress'd e Swords blind Chance of Right and Just the Test. I every Man's a Lewn to the rest. h Brolling Levise there a Priest will be, h House must have its diff rent Deity: r those secure, for Micab's Art and Cost. : wooden Priest, and golden Gods are lost: irder and Rape avow d, the Tribes engage zivil Fury, and intestine Rage: Mizzob met, they Gibeab's Walls affail, were Benjamin's fierce Offspring twice prevail: erch'd on their Mother Earth four Myriads lav. sence ev'n degen'rate Ifrael learns to pray: Shileb's slighted Oracle repair, ar Betbel's Fields the Ark of God was there, I still just Phineas did the Ephod wear: ey fast, they mourn, and from the Altar's Fire eir grateful Odors to the Clouds aspire, en of propitious Heav'n agen enquire; sich bids 'em go, and Promise adds to bless, eir righteous Arms refum'd with with'd fuccefs.

To Gibeah's well-known Leaguer they return, Whose alter'd Fate her Children soon must mourn: Flush'd with success they sally from their Hold, And as an Herd of Wolves assault the Fold; With hideous Shouts they Israel's Host attack, With well-dissembled Fear retreating back: But when to Gibeah's Walls their Ambush came, Defenceless now; when thence th' ambitious Flame Glar'd in mid Heav'n, the Host the Signal knew, And their amaz'd Pursuers soon pursue, Trod down with ease; their Tribe at once they slay:

---By Lewdness, thus and Discord, States decay, Thus many an Age's Growth is ruin'd in a Day.

CXIII.

RUTH, Chap. I. Ver. 1. to 21.

Elimelech's Hiftory. Ruth and Naomi.

While various Judges Ifrael's Scepter sway'd, Whose Sons were free by turns, by turns obey'd;

A good old Sire, Elimelech his Name, To Moab from his native Bethl'hem came: His Wife, and two fair Sons did with him bear, By Famine forc'd to feek a shelter there: Nor long he stays before to Fate he yields, His Bones inhum'd in Moab's friendly Fields:

The careful Mother for the Sons provides, A pair of beauteous Moabitish Brides: Nor long, alas! possess d they their desire. Their Nuptial Torch might light their Fun'ral In Prime of Youth they childless both expire: What Grief their Parent, what their Brides posses'd. The Story says not, but with ease 'tis guels'd: Nor long the widow'd exil'd Mother mourn'd, E'te the to blefs'd Judeas Fields return'd; Part of the Journey both her Daughters went, Orbab, at her defire, was foon content To take her leave, and back her Footsteps bent: The Younger, Rath, (whole memorable Name, In Judah's future Annals place shall claim, While History remains, configued to Fame;) Her Mother's preffing Instances deny'd, Nor wou'd while Life remain'd, forsake her side. Nor ev'n shou'd envious Death their Dust divide: In Weal or Wo her Fortunes preis'd to share, One Law, one God for Naomi and her. (A rare Example of a pious Mind! Equal Success may all such Daughters find!) Arriv'd at Beth!chem, all the City come T admire their Neighbor, and to welcom home: They scarce can credit what themselves they see, And ask, if this the alter'd Naomi? O call me by that happy Name no more. She said, which while my Fortunes smil'd, I bore! Forgotten Joy long fince is out of date.

And Bitter be my Name, as bitter is my Fate!

CXIV.

Ruth gleans in the Field of Boaz. takes her to Wife.

Was now the time when Sol the Lion leave And the just Maid her glorious Gue receives:

The Swarthy Reapers fill their Arms with Sheave As chanc'd, or rather Heav'n dispos'd th' Event The virtuous Ruth with Naomi's Confent. To glean the Fields of wealthy Boaz went: Who foon observ'd her more than common Grac Her modest Air, and lovely virtuous Face: Not unconcern'd he asks the Damsel's Name, To whom his Hind replys-- 'Tis she that came With Naomi: His Master bids her stay. Glean in his Fields, nor from the Reapers stray She from his Servants no abuse shou'd meet: Prostrate she falls at her great Kinsman's Feet: Whence, Sir! is this obliging Goodness shown, She faid, to me, a Stranger, and unknown? We are not ignorant, he pleas'd, rejoyn'd, What widow'd Naomi from thee did find; How tender thou, how dutiful and kind: Of Father and of Mother both, bereft. Thy native Land, and Country-Idols left, For Alrars and for Hearths unknown before: And may that Pow'r whom Israel's Race adore Thee underneath his Wings from Danger guar And on thy Virtues show'r a full Reward!

CXIV.

RUTH, Chap. I. Ver. 22. Chap. II. Ver. 2. to the Frid. Chap. IV. Ver. 13.



Chap. II. Ver. 8. Boaz said unto Ruth, Hearest thou not, my daughter? Go not to glean in another field, neither go from hence, but abide bere fast by my maidens.

9. Let thine eyes be on the field that they do reap, and go thou after them: bave I not charged the young men, that they shall west ouch thee? and when thou art athirst, go unto the vessels, and drink of that which the young men have drawn.

. Chap. IV. Ver. 13. Boaz took Ruth, and the was bis wife: and when be went in unto her, the Lord

zave her consequence, and she bare a son.

Now

New choing Day aimest its course had run, And western Waves prepared to meet the Sun; When the fair Gleaner to her Mother goes, And what had paidd, and what the gain'd, the shows,

And does her Benefactor's Name disclose:

And when the Fields were of their Burthen
floors

And with loud Shouts and ruffic Songs, the Corn On groaning Wheels to crowded Garner's born; Her wealthy Kinsman, so their Laws ordain'd, In childless Chilins room she for her Consort gain'd.

CXV.

I SAMUEL, Chap. I. Ver. 11. Chap. II. Ver. 1. to 11.

Elkanah and Hannah. Samuel born. Hannah's Song.

Just Elkanab of holy Levi's Race,
Whose Life did ne're his Character disgrace;
The pious Hannah chose his beautious Bride,
But Heav'n to both their Vows a Son deny'd:
To sacred Shilah yearly they repair,
To pay their Gifts and pure Oblations there:
She griev'd, she wept, she pour'd her pious Pray'r Before the Oracle, nor pray'd in vain,
A welcom Heir her ardent Vows obtain:
Samuel his Name—from Heav'n she him implor'd,
And to the Pow'r that gave, agen refron'd:

A Nazaries of God did him defign,
Ethrang'd from fuming Bowls of tempting Wine:
No Razor must his hallow'd Locks invade,
Or the long Honours of his Hair degrade,
And guilty of her Vows, her Vows she pay'd:
When wean'd to Shiloh brought and lest him there,
Entrusted to the Rev'rend Eli's care;
Then thus with well according Heart and Tongue,
She God's high Praise in deathless Numbers sung.

'In God, my Saviour, O my Soul, rejoyce!
'Awake my vocal Lyre! awake my tuneful Voice!
'Thee, Holy! Holy! Thee alone,

Officious Angels ferve, around thy Throne.

'Insult no more, ye hard of Heart and proud!
'Restrain your Tongues, nor talk so sierce and loud!

For God's impartial Eye the World surveys,

'With equal Justice every Action weighs.'
The mighty Bows, which mighry Arms did wield,

Unftring'd and broke are featter'd round the Field.
 O God of Strength, by thee the weak are rais'd,

The Hungry fill'd, the Rich and Proud debas'd:
The barren Womb a num'rous Offspring fills,

"Tis he that makes alive, 'tis he that kills:

"Tis his alone, or Poor or Rich to make,

He from the Dunghil does the Lazars take.
O Scorn of human Pride! with Princes seat.

And stamp him honourable there, and great:

Those Pillars of the World are his alone,

ب

They prop the Universe, and he supports their
 Throne.

'To gloomy Shades th' Unjust shall be confin'd,

His Foes shall God's fierce Wrath to pieces grind:

- While from his angry Throne th' unerring Darts, With Vengeance wing'd, shall pierce their faith-
- 'O're all the World shall he extend his sway,
- And all the World his Great Messiah's Laws obey.

CXVI.

Eli's weak Government. A Prophet reproves him.

Scarce equal to his Honours and his Cares: Contempt alone his easie Goodness gains. While with too slack a Hand he holds the Reins. Two Sons he had, now happy had he none! Whose Crimes their Country's ruin, and their own. Those Sons of Belial wou'd not know the Lord, They made his Off'rings, by the Crowd abhor'd, Rapine and Lust for Deities ador'd: Yet when reprov'd by their indulgent Sire, Softly he touch'd the Wound which did require The deepest Search, the Lancet and the Fire.

Not so to him, a Man of God, who came, And thus from injur'd Heav'n did War proclaim.

Did I thy Father's House in Egypt chuse?
Did I by them my Peoples Bondage loose?
Did I for this the stronger Tribes refuse?
And favour'd Aaron separate along.

wear my Ephod and approach my Throne?

70F

CXVI.

I SAMUEL, Chap. II. Ver. 12. to 33.



Ver. 27. There came a man of God unto Eli, and faid unto bim, Thus saith the Lord, Did I plainly appear unto the bouse of thy father, when they were in

Egypt in Pharaoh's bouse?

28. And did I chuse him out of all the tribes of Mrael to be my priest, to offer upon mine altar, to burn incense, to wear an ephod before me? and did I give unto the house of thy father all the offerings made by fire of the children of Mrael?

29. Wherefore kick ye at my sacrifice, and at mine offering, which I have commanded in my habitation.

and bonourest thy sons above me, &c.

Hor

Nor this unpay'd—with Sacrifices fed,
He shar'd my Table and he ear my Bread:
And will not these your greedy Wish suffice,
That ye my Off'ring, and my House despile,
And trample on my deily Sacrifice?
I faid, thy Father's House shou'd still be mine,
Tis you are chang'd, and from my Paths decline:
Jebovah ever was, and is the same,
He honours those who honour his dread Name,
Whilst all who him despise, stand manifest of
Shame.

The Day, the dreadful Day approaches near, When from thy Shoulder I thy Arm will tear: Will wither all thy Houses Pride and Joy, And in their Flow'r of Life thy impious Sons destroy.

CXVII.

The Lord calls Samuel, who prophesies the Destruction of Eli's House.

Was Night, and all in Glent Slumbers laid.
The Lamp of God flone faintly thro the Shade:

Old Eli his dim Eyes did newly close, By'n Samuel slept, indulging soft repose:
Nor had the Lord to Samuel yet appear'd, Bur now a still small, awful Voice he heard, His Name repeating—he to Eli ran, Who call'd him not, but bids him rest again? Thrice was the Voice repeated, thrice he rose, And thro' the solemn Shades to Eli goes;

CXVII.

I SAMUEL, Chap. III. Ver. 5. to 18.



Ver. 11. The Lord said to Samuel, Behold, I will do a thing in Hrael, at which both the ears of every one that heareth it, shall tingle.

12. In that day I will perform against Eli all shings which I have spoken concerning his house: when

I begin, I will also make an end.

13. For I have told him, that I will judge his house for ever, for the iniquity which he knoweth: because his sons made themselves vile, and he restrained them not.

14. And therefore I have fworn unto the house of Eli, that the iniquity of Eli's house shall not be purged with sacrifice, nor offering for ever, &c.

At length the aged Sire the Truth perceives, And his young Pupil new Instructions gives: It calls agen, the future Prophet sears, And thus, submis- "Speak, Lord! thy Servant "hears!

To whom diffinct the awful Voice proceeds,

" Behold in Ifrael I will do fuch Deeds;

" As all who hear shall with amazement quail,

"Their Ears shall tingle, and their Hearts shall fail.
"Let Eli's lost devoted House prepare.

For what my Servant did, inspir'd, declare;
"Theirs in the Show'r of Wrath the largest
"there."

" For ever will I them, for ever leave,

"And no Atomement for their Crimes receive and Their Crimes he knows, regardless to restrain, T

He bears my Image and my Sword in vaine 14

The Sun had spread the Hills with heaving

When Samuel did the facred Gares unfold:
The Judge adjures him, nothing to conceal,
Who all the dreadful Message did reveal:
He owns the Doom was just his Faults procur'd,
And God was good, whate're his House endur'd.

May all who Eli's Charge and Honours share.
His false Indulgence shun, as they'd his Fare:
beware!

CXVIII.

The Ark taken. Hophni and Phinchas

Of Capthor's Sons, which valiant Samfon broke:

The Tribes of Israel arm without success,
For how shou'd God a sinful Nation bless?
Baffi'd and beat, four thousand Warrior's stain,
Their Bones unbury'd lay on Aphek's Plain.
With stronger Forces they renew the War,
God's Ark they to the Camp from Shilah bear:
But what avails his Ark when God's not there?
Trembled the Plains, the hollow Mountains ring,
When to the Camp that sacred Pledge they bring;
So loud a Shout the joyful Army gave,
Tho' neither that itself nor them cou'd save.
Their Enemy the Noise with wonder hear,
Which soon, th' Occasion known, is chang'd to
Fear:

Wo to our Nation—thus alarm'd they cry'd, Dangers like this, till now we never try'd:
Who, from these mighty Gods our Host shall save, Which plung'd th' Exprisans underneath the Wave? Philistia! now exert thy utmost might!
The Conquest gain, or fall in manful Fight!
They joyn, and long the Battel doubtful stood, The Fields with Warrior's strew'd and dy'd in Blood:

Isa acl

They shut their Gates, and from the Walls they

The winged Plague did o're the Rampires fly, in The Streets with Corples fill'd, and thousands dies. Thro' every House the dise Contagion spread, The tortur'd Living envy ev'n the Dead. The Lords of their five Satrapies advise, With those who were, or who were committed.

How to appeale the anger of the Skies: Refolv'd, the Ark with Presents home they sent, To glad Besteeness that, and they to Ekron went.

CXXI.

I SAMUEL, Chap. VII.

The Philistines discomsited. Ebenezer.

WIth Tears unfeign'd afflicted Ifrael mount, To God at length, and to themselves return:

Their former Sins and Follies now lament,
Obsequious to the Prophet's call, repent.
For Samuel with resistless Eloquence,
Soft piercing Words, and more than manly Sink,
Moulds'em to Good, recalls'em when they sing,
And guides direct in Virtues glorious way.
If they return to God with Hearts sincere,
If they to keep his Laws, their Mind prepare;

Ashrareth and Baalim they forsake, nd him alone their Rock and Saviour make; le soon wou'd break Philistia's servile Bands, nd save 'em from th' insulting Heathens Hands. Vith Hearts contrite they hear, with ready Will, zact Obedience promise and fulfil: or all the Tribes to Mizpeh Samuel sent. They fast, they pray, their num'rous Crimes lament:

*hilifica's Pow'r their Lords against them raise, fremble the People, and the Prophet prays:

A bleating Lamb upon the Altar lies,
And Heav'n accepts a spotless Sacrifice:
Th' uncircumcis'd the sacred Host assail,
Nor fear but Dagon will again prevail:
D harden'd to your Fate, who still go on,
Their Strength is now return'd, and yours is gone!
Look up, and see your Death in yonder Sky!
The ruddy Bolts are in the Act to fly:
---Tis pass'd, they Fire and Thunder on their
Head,

Behold the Field with groveling Warriors spred, The living Shelter seek beneath the Dead!

Ifrael.no more their Strength or Numbers fear,
But sallying forth attack them in the Rear:

Their double Ruin they in vain would shun,
The Hebrews perfect what just Heav'n begun.

The Fragment of a Rock the Prophet takes, And thence a rugged antique Pillar makes; Which in the Field of Battel rear'd, conveys The memorable Fact to long succeeding Days.

CXXII.

Saul feeking his Father's Affes, is and mild's
King by Samuel

ROM small Events what mighty things pro-

Our Fates, tho' not our Crimes, by Heav'n decreed. To Reach and Fore-fight, vainly we pretend. How unproportion'd oft the Means and End? On no high Deed, no strange Adventure bound, Monsters to quell, or Tyrants to confound; The Son of Kish, so did wise Heav'n dispose, To feek his Father's Affes humbly goes: But onward drawn by a strong secret Chain, Fulfils his Fate and does the Kingdom gain: One faithful Servant joyns him in the Queft, Who still a ready Will to please exprest: Thro' Epbraim's woody Mount they search in vain Thro' Shalim's Coast, and rich Shalisha's Plain; Thro' Benjamin's yet thinly peopled Ground, Whose Tribe still halted of so deep a Wound: Now Zaphim's hanging Rocks before 'em fpy, And pleasant Ramsh tow'ring in the Sky. The Master here proposes to return, Left for their Lofs his careful Father mourn: Pious and Wife the Servants thus reply'd, Experies one Expedient yet remains untry'd:

CXXIL

MUEL, Chap. IX. from Ver. 3. to End. Chap. X. Ver. 1. to Ver. 27,



ap. IX. Ver. 3: The affect of Kith, Saul's faere lost; and Kith said to Saul his son, Take te of the servants with thee and arise, go seek ses---

And as they were going down to the end of the Samuel said to Saul, Bid the servant pass on us, (and he passed on) but stand thou still a that I may shew thee the word of God.

ap. X. Ver. 1. Then Samuel took a vial of nd poured it upon his head, and kiffed him, and Is it not because the Lord hath anointed thee to rain over his inheritance? &c.

A Man of God does in this City dwell, Who pass'd, and present knows, and future things can tell:

Thither let's turn afide, the Place is nour or 2 ? He'll foon direct what Course is best to steer: The motion pleas'd, with painful Steps they climb The rocky Path, and reach the Hill sublime: Whose Cliff surmounted they a while respire, And of the Seer himself, they for himself enquire: Nor was their Journey, or its Cause unknown, For God, before, had all to Samuel shown: He knew that Day, that happy Hour mould be the Israel's Defire, and fated future King: Dismis, said he, your Care, and rest you here: For what you feek difmifs your groundless Feat.2A Safe and return'd --- Be you my Guests to day, To morrow you I'll fend in Peace away. The Strangers feasted, there that Night repose, And early with the dawning Morn arose, Then leave the Town, the Prophet with em goes: Behold him on the wond'ring Hero, shed A show'r of mystic Oyl, and thus he said.

"The Lord does thee with this high Honour" grace,

[&]quot; Appointed Captain o're his chosen Race:

[&]quot; Another Spirit shall soon thy Breast invade,

[&]quot;And mighty Signs shall thee to mighty Deeds
"persuade.

and through

MU-Ly Chap. X. from Ver. 17-to the End.

Saul's Election

De Mispul's Hills th' expecting Tribes . . . sepair evel call'd, to fix the grand Affair, us the Rev'rend Sire accosts them there.

s faith the Lord- I you from Egypt brought, vour Foes my felf from Heav'n have fought: racles protected when oppress'd. w on ev'ry side have giv'n you rest: nat returns? Weary of Peace and me, l'ribes abjure divine Theocracy. your Wish, what e're th' Event it bring! ch, and Heav'n will foon declare your King. ame, the great decifive Lot is caft. songer and more num'rous Tribes it past. ı exhausted Benjamin did fall; 1 leaps the House of Kish, and forth leaps " Saul. t above the vulgar Crowd he stood,

me fair Pine the Monarch of the Wood.

The Pillogy of

Black as the Raven's glossy Plumes his Hair,
Which fell adown his Shoulders with loose Care:
A modest Fire his Sun-bright Eyes did grace,
Diffusing a calm Lustre round his Face:
His well knit Nerves did Strength and Vigour show.

Equal to Toils a Prince must undergo:

Erect his Gate, majestic was his Mein,

And when his God-like Form by all was seen,

A gen'ral Shout that rends the Heav'ns they give,

God save the King! Let him for ever live!

The sacred Contract next the Prince is shown,

The Peoples surest Safeguard and his own.

God and the fickle Crowd at first agree,
He pleas'd 'em with their lov'd Variety;
But soon the Sons of Belial weary grown,
Their Tribute murm'ring paid, or paid him none;
What they had rais'd, Why might they not de-

God's Choice a fatal Disappointment brings, Their Worth o'relook'd, they'd fain have all been Kings.

Silent he stood, their factious Rage despis'd, Which Time and ripening Fate without his Aim, chastis'd.

CXXIV.

CXXIV.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XI. from Ver. 1. to Ver. 13.

The War with Nahash.

OR long the Royal Virtue slumb'ring lay,
But did itself from secret Shades display:
Fierce Nahash, like a Torrent, pours along,
By num'rous Nations formidably strong;
From Rabbah's Gates to Jabesh Walls o'reslows,
But Jabesh Walls too weak his Strength toppose:

A cruel Tribute by the Victor laid,

Must for inglorious Life be meanly paid;

They their right Hands, and dearer Eyes must
give,

Sev'n Days allow'd 'em for a short Reprieve,
'To try if Earth or Heav'n wou'd them relieve.

Wo to the vanquish'd--- who a Message sent
To Saul, But how cou'd Saul their Fate prevent?

Th' unsettled King was weak, the Factions strong,

And wou'd in fruitless Counsels time prolong,

in f

Till Action pass'd and their thort Tenn property

The Monarch in his ruftic Court retired.

Their Message hears, with gen'rous Anger fir'd.

Like Him whom God did his Vicegereat chuse,
He speaks, and acts, and all the King indues:
(Thus from their Fields did the Great Fabii come,
To fix the Fate of all the World and Rome.)
His Royal Mandate sent, the Tribes prepare,
With strong united Force to meet the War;
And e're the Mornings purple dress'd the Skies,
Proud Anmon's num'rous careless Host surprize;
Diffus'd abroad, bury'd in Sleep and Wine;
But Sleep must now his softer sway resign
To his Twin-Brother Death—— How wide its reign?

How high its Throne on heaps of Subjects slain?

O why shou'd Man his Maker's Work deface, Murder his Kind, destroy his God-like Race? Why shou'd he lend his cruel Sword to Fate, And mow the Flow'rs that have so short a Date?—But savage Beasts, and Men must be subdu'd; The Boar is justly thro' the Woods pursu'd, And in his Blood the glitt'ring Spear embru'd. For this of old High-Heav'n Commission gave, To Hero's—'Tis a glorious Work to save;

And shalling Mosey food research the Timbre, IIIT Then Justice has its awful Business done:
The Brave tione have Courage to forgive to the Timbre When Said with Conquest thought he bids his Relative.

CXXV.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XI. Ver. 15... Chap. XIL

The Kingdom confirmed to Saul. Samuel appeals to the People for his Integrity.

T Gilgal met, glad Ifrael's publick Voice
Confirms their own, and Heav'ns unchanging Choice:

ging Choice:

(---How many Loyal Converts makes success!)

When Samuel thus-- Your Wish you now possess:

A King you ask'd with one united Cry,

Nor did I your concurring Votes deny:

Yet e're I to forgotten Shades repair,

And these gray Hairs, silver d with Age and

Care

To Ramah's Fields, or to the Grave I bear;

To you any once level Charge, I here appeal. From God, and God's anothed nought conceal! What Ill you know, of Samuel, now reveal! Whole Ox or Als Tre wrongfully possess'd, If ever I for Bribes did Justice wrest, Any defrauded, any have oppress'd? If you with Truth and Justice cann't complain, Why have you then cast off th' Almighty's Reign? Can you his Pow'r suspect, his Love distrust, His Truth arraign, Ingrateful! and Unjust! Look up, and see his wrathful Terrors nigh, His ruddy Vengeance gath'ring in the Sky! He said, and gloomy Night the Air invades, The forky Lightnings cross the fearful Shades: Th' Almighty's angry Voice is heard from far, The rolling Thunder gives the fign of War: Huge Cararacts of Rain come pouring down, As they'd the Lab'rers Hopes, and promis'd Harveft drown:

Agen he prays, and all agen is fair,
Hush'd are the chiding Winds, screne the Air:
Then thus goes on— Tis not, you see, too late,
Sincere Repentance may avert your Fate.
With steddy Piety your God adore,
And vain and helpless Idols serve no more!
Forsake not him, nor will he you forsake,
Whom he his own peculiar Choice did make:

For me, forbid it Heav's I e're shou'd cease,
With fervent Vows to pray for Israel's Peace!
But still must plain ungrateful Truths declare,
My Country Love, but not its Vices spare;
Which if still unreform'd, at length will bring.
A Vengeance worthy Heav'n on you, and on your
King.

CXXVI.

Jonathan falls on the Outguards of the Philistines. Their Army routed.

E Ncamp'd at Michmas the Philistians lie,
Whose proud unnumber'd Fishes fill the Sky:
Saul, in far different State at Gibeah lay,
Bach hour his heartless Army melt away,
Now scarce a Crowd, six hundred only stay
To guard their Prince, unarm'd and trembling these,

But no Inch base unmanly Passions seize
Undaunted Jonathan; his Squire he takes,
And from the Camp a bold Excursion makes,
To where secure th' uncircumcis'd remain'd,
And Israel both, and Israel's God distain'd:

Two craggy Rocks, Breez and Scholb mint d, 211
For this Event to after Ages fam'd ages roof. Their Ourguards held, a narrow Pais between to the stubborn Stone was scarcely seen and When from above the valiant Pair espyd, and The Captain of the Guard insulting cry'd and Tome up, ye Hebrew Slaves, and quickly meet. If That Fate your Treasons merit, at our Feet! The Prince the welcom Omen understands
With Pain and Joy; upon their Knees and Hands
They clamber up the Hill, nor sooner there,
But their dread Message from high Heav'n declare:

In Heaps they fell, mow'd by the Prince's Sword,
And faithful Abdon glean'd behind his Lord:
Those who escap'd, to their main Body fly,
And tell'em all the Hebrew Host was nigh:
Scarce had they spoke, when swister than the Wind,
Behold the eager Victors press behind:
They storm the Camp, where e're they reach,
they kill,

And all with Terror and Distraction fill:

A panic Fear invades their Hoft from God,

Trembled the conscious Earth on which they trode:

Chariots, and Horse, and Foot confounded fly, And by Philistian Arms Philistians die: This faw from Gibeah's Hills the feeble Guards.
They faw them melt, the thickning Tumult heards
Swift as before they fled, the Foes purfue,
Fell on their featter'd Rear, and thousands flew.
The Slaughter reach'd abhorr'd Bethaven's Plain.
To Canaan's Gods Philiftia prays in vain;
Till Night did o're the Heavens her Wingsdifplay,
And fav'd the broken Reliques of the fatal Day;

I SAMUEL, Chap. XIII. Ver. 23. Chap. XIV.

Chap. XIII. Ver. 3. And Jonathan smote the garison of the Philistines that was in Geba, and the Philistines beard of it: and Saul blew the trumpet throughout all the land, saying, Let the Hebrews bear, &c.

she passage of Michmash.

Chap. XIV. Ver. 1. --- Jonathan said to his armour-bearer, Come, and let us go over to the Phi-

listines garison, that is on the other side, &c.

12. And the men of the garifon answered Jonathan and his armour-bearer, and said, Come to us, and we will shew you a thing. And Jonathan said to his armour-bearer, Come up after me; for the Lord bath delivered them into the hand of Israel.

13. And Jonathan climbed up upon his hands and upon his feet, and his armour-bearer after him:

and they fell before Jonathan, &c.

1.3 1

CXXA1

CXXVII.

Saul wars with Amalek, spares Aging," who is hew'd in pieces by Samuel.

YET one important Task for Saul remains, To whom wife Samuel thus the Fates explains:

God, who did thee his Peoples Head appoint,
And by these Hands with holy Oyl anoint;
Forgets not treacherous Analek's Design,
When you from Egypt came, but says, Revenge is mine.

Go then- against th' accurs'd, renew the War! Whatever breaths destroy, and nothing spare!

The Monarch hears, and with a numerous Host
Invades the Amalekites devoted Coast:
Dispirited they faint, they sly, they yield,
With Blood the Town's deform'd, with Blood the
Field.

In vain they yield, in vain for Mercy cry, Their Doom is fix'd, the faithless Nation die.

CXXVII.

E SAMUEL, Chap. XV. from Ver. 1. to Ver. 34.



Chap. XV. Ver. 31. Samuel surned again after

Saul, and Saul worshipped the Lord.

32. Then faid Samuel, Bring you hither to me Agag the king of the Amalekites: and Agag came unto him delicately. And Agag said, Surely the bitternels of ideath is past.

33. And Samuel faid, As thy sword bath made women childless, so shall thy mother be childless among women. And Samuel bewed Agag in pieces

before the Lord in Gilgal.

Their King alone, AGAG the GREATH My ipare,
The goodlieft Spoil, and Trophy of the War all

The goodlieft Spoil, and Trophy of the War all The flow'r of all the Flocks and Herilathey fate.

The Vile and Refuse to the Slaughter gaves 1822.

When Saul the Prophet met, and thus he said,

—At length have we the Arrears of Vengenter paid.

And have exactly Heav'ns commands charita From whence can then proceed, stylics the Steet These bleating, and these bellowing Sounds I haw: The Choice of all the Cattel, Saul replies Our pious Warriors sparid for Sacrifice Agag with these in golden Chains they bring To grace their Triumphs with a captive King. When Samuel thus -- Does God Oblations need? The Hecarombs should on his Altars bleed. From a rebellious Hand, he'd all despite; Obedience is she noblest Sacrifice. Tis in the Pates thy Pate thou can't not shun, They chaid Mercy has thy folf undone. Nor shall the sanguine Tyrant scape -- he dies: The guiltless Blood h' has shed, for Wengeans Cries:

The same his haughty Mien, his Eyes the same,

His fierce black Eyes shot round indignant

Flame:

Scarce feem'd so feel the Ground on which he trod,

Erect and comely, as a fanti'd God:

When thus the Seer --- fince all thy Acts defame

A King's belov'd, and fear'd paternal Name;

In Blood thy Hands, in Blood defil'd thy Throne,

That Fate which others shar'd, be now thy own:

He says, and God's all righteous Doom fulfils, 'The Victim's Life before his Altar spills:

See his black Blood through num rous Channels flow.

And with a Groan his haughty Soul flies to the Shades below.

CXXVIII:

Samuel anoints David.

O Gibeab, Saul ill-pleas d and discon And Samuel to his native Ramab we Never, ah never now to see him more! Yet his well-natur'd Tears his Fate deplore When God-- How long wilt thou for Saul la Himself has fix'd his Doom, nor will repent To Ephratean Jesse's Fields repair, Thy Horn with Oyl replenish'd with thee b My People I'll provide a Captain there, Amongst his Sons; to blind the Tyrant's E A free-neck'd Heifer take for Sacrifice. Arriv'd, their Elders trembled at his fight: He 7esse did with all his Sons invite. Eliab, his eldest Hope the first appears, A tall young Man, in Life's most vigorous When Samuel to himself--- It must be he. And fighing faid --- a fecond Saul I fee: But God corrects the Prophet's hasty Choi And thus reproves with inward secret Voic Gaze not, intemp'rate, on his manly Face His tow'ring Stature, and majestic Grace! 'Tis God alone his secret Soul can see. Deform'd with Pride, unfit for Royalty.

CXXVIII.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XV. Ver. 34, 35. Chap. XVI. to Ver. 13.



Chap. XVI. Ver. 11. Samuel faid unto Jesse, Are here all the children? And he faid, There remaineth yet the youngest, and behold he keepeth the sheep. And Samuel faid unto Jesse, Send and fetch him: for we will not sit down till be come his ther.

12. And he sent, and brought him in: Now he was ruddy, and withal of a beautiful countenance, and goodly to look to. And the Lord said, Arise, anoint him: for this is he.

13. Then Samuel soak the horn of oyl, and emoint-

 R_3

SdT

The brave Abinadab did Jesse bring,
Who, like his five fair Brothers, look of a King; while Yet these rejected—much the Seer admires,
If these were all his Sons, concern'd, requires,
One more there is, the youngest, who remains,
To feed and guard our Flocks on Beiblebein's Plains?
With speed they send, the lovely Youth appears,
What Sprit his Eyes, his Face what Beauty wears,
A Light divine around his Temples shed,
Not more the myssic Drops adorn'd his Head,
Which now in a rich Circle round it shin'd;
So Heav'n commands, and strait his gen rous Mind
Still more exalted, calls to mighty Things,
To punish and to save; Atchievements worthy Kings.

CXXIX.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XVII. to Ver. 37.

Goliah challenges the Host of Israel David accepts the Combat.

Gain Philistia's Force together draws,
To vindicate their Dagon's tott'ring Cause;
Galiah, they, their monstrous Champion chose,
His hideous Form like some huge Mountain rose:
His shaggy Locks like shady Pines, that grow,
Loading the Mountain's side, and fright the Vale
below:

Mime of Brais his mighty Limbs encas'd,

lis known Spear like some fair Gally's Mast;

l young tall Squire, tho' he a Dwarf appear,

When his proud Lord's enormous Bulk was near,

I'd sweating his bright Shield before him bear.

Such was Goliab, such his useless might,

With Terror round him cast, and wild affright,

When challenging all Israel to the Fight.

I'rembled their Host when his vast Form appears,

Ind scarce his own remains secure from fears.

Soung David only cou'd his Threats despise;

I'm more than mortal Strength his Hope relies:

Jamands the Combat at the Royal Tent;

and prais'd his Valour, but he dreads th' Event:

When thus the wond'rous Youth---

As I my Father's Flocks at Betblebem fed,

Bear and Lion by fierce hunger led,

tamp'd o're the Fold, and fnatch'd a Lamb away;

but from their Mouths I pluck'd the bleating Prey:

urious they rose their Booty to regain,

but by my faithful Sheep hook both were slain:

That God who sav'd from their devouring Jaws,

Vill aid me in his own, and Israei's Cause:

by me will humble this fell Monster's Pride,

Vho has his Armies and himself defy'd:

ike one of these shall that Blasphemer be,

Fis Heav'n alone that gives the Victory.

Go then, with Joy and Wonder, Saul reply'd, Go, and fince God inspires thee, God will be thy Guide.

CXXX.

David kills Goliah. The Philistines

HE valiant Youth in Saul's bright AFmour dress'd. Is only with its cumbrous weight oppress'd, And for the Battel does himself divest: Nor other Arms he needs for his Defence. But those of Faith, of Pray'r and Innocence: Yet to offend and quell his Country's Foes. Five Stones he from the neighb'ring Valley chose: One Hand his Staff, a Sling his other held. And thus equipped he marches to the Field: O Shame of human Strength, and boasted Mighel -- Burthus to crush the Proud is Heaven's Delight. The Gittite with Disdain the Youth surveys, Great Dagon! fuch a beardless Boy, he says. Is this the Champion, these the Arms you bring To Combat Men? A Staff, a Stone, a Sling! Approach, rash Boy, and die! --- for tis beneath Our Fame, to move one Step to bring thee Death!

CXXX.

MUE'L, Chap. XVII. from Ver. 37, to the End.



:, 50. David prevailed over the Philistine a sling and with a stone, and smote the Phiand slew him; but there was no sword in the of David.

Therefore David ran, and stood upon the Phiand took his sword, and drew it out of the sheath f, and slew him, and cut off his head therewith. when the Philistines saw their champion was they sled.

And the men of Israel and of Judah arose and it and pursued the Phillittines, &c. When

• When David thus— (and see a Light divine,)
Omen of Conquest round his Temple shine!)
Thou com'st to me with Sword and Shield, and
Spear,

And all the glitt'ring Instruments of War:
But in the Name of Great Jehovah, I,
Whose Armies thou, Blasphemer! dar'd defie,
Descend to fight, secure of Victory:
Thy Host shall fall, and suture Ages tell,
There is a God that reigns in Israel.

The Monster rag'd, and with a furious Look
He hastens on, the Ground beneath him shook:
More happy haste the Youth to meet him makes.
And from his Scrip the fatal Stone he takes,
Then with unerring Aim against him threw,
Wing'd with sure Death, and hizzing as it slew:
In his broad Forehead deeply plung'd it lay,
His crashing Scull to Life's chief Seat gave way:
He falls, his Armour clanks against the Ground,
And Blood and Brains crowd mingled thro' the
Wound:

The Hero ran, and from the Champion's fide,
Drew his broad Sword, in Slaughter often dy'd;
One Blow his Head did from the Trunk divide.
Swift fled the fore-skinn'd Army at the fight,
Vain, as their Boafts before, now was their Flight:

uned the Helson Hoft, their Foes purfue; ding through Blood, and countless Thousands need the Walls of Gash and Ekron shield m their victorious Swords the Reliques of the Field.

CXXXI.

SAMUEL, Chap. XVII. Ver. 57. Chap. XVIII. to Ver. 4.

e Friendship of David and Jonathan.
A Digression concerning Friendship.

Hastly, and pale, and dropping putrid Gore,
His impious Mouth blaspheming now no more;
Monster's Head to Saul young David bore;
ce cou'd the conquiring Army bear the fight;
Hero scarcely cou'd support its weight:
at loud Applause his Actions justly gain!
at Songs, recording his Ten thousand stairs!
then the growing Seeds of Ill insest
h jealous Envy Saul's malignant Breast:
Fair commend the Youth, the Brave approxid,
matchles Jonathan admir'd and lov'd:

By ev'ry Word and graceful Action charm's in the princely Breast with sacred Friendship warm's Intensibly the kindly Ardor stole,
And wrought itself within his secret Soul:
He gave his Sword and Bow--- The Gift was poor,
His noble Heart was David's all before.

What art thou, Friendship's now forgotten Name.
Who dost with Heav'n ambitious Kindred claim?
No cold Acquaintance, no unhallow'd Fire,
By Interest fann'd, or kindled by Desire:
Where both the fame, no Sympathy is shown,
There's no exchange of Souls where both are one.

As Light, which claims the Sun its glorious Cause,

Yet scorns a narrow Definition's Laws;
So all admire thy Power; but what thou art,
We must not ask the Tongue, but ask the Heart.

How blefs'd the Soul by thy kind Influence warm'd!

How many Miracles by thee perform'd!

How fondly Mortals of thy Loss complain,
Thy Footsteps trace, and court thy Smiles in vaint
'Tis Virtue is the solid Base alone
Which, firmer than the Center, bears thy Throne:
When that is to its native Regions slown!

We thee unjustly hope, unjustly claim, riendfoip, when Virtue's gone, is but an empty Name.

CXXXII.

Formure, Chap. XVIII. from Ver. 8.

Saul envies David, and seeks to kill him.

AN hateful Envy, that uneasie Guest Of vulgar Souls, invade the Royal Breast, And rob great Saul himself of Peace and Rest? It dar'd not till his heavenly Guards were fled, And left the Charge of his devoted Head:

When from deep Hell that odious Fantom came, And, like a ruddy Comet's boding Flame,

Swerv'd through th' Abys, to trembling Gibeab.

And enter'd, at the slumb'ring Monarch threw Her best lov'd Snake, too well the way it knew: Around his Heart in deadly Curls it twin'd, Suck'd his best Blood, and Poyson lest behind: His alter'd Eyes the secret Taint confess, His stormy Brow, and sallow Face no less:

While on his healing Harp young Boold plays; And the black Humour's Rage in vain stinys.

He fung, how on the Clouds great Michael 1944,
And led to War the valiant Sons of God:
Beneath whose Arms th' apostate Legions fell,
Who half unpeopled Heav'n, and crowded Hell:
The hideons noise affrighted Chaos made,
When Lucifer's vast Bulk did her black Waves
invade,
Like some broad burning Island soaring laid

Like some broad burning Island souring laid (a) W While round their Prince his vanquish'd Chiess respire,

Into vex'd Ether spouting Seas of Fire:
What Sounds of Joy ran round the Victor Hoss.
Who not their Courage, or their Conduct hoasts
But God's high Praise employ'd the heavily
Quire,

While each triumphant Seraph touch'd his turn ful Lyre.

Deaf to his Charms the gloomy King appears.

The Fiend that feiz'd his Breast, had closed his Ears:

With sudden Rage thro' whizzing Air he threw.
His beamy Spear, which quiver'd as it flew,
And sought the Youth: some Angel who stood by
To hear, to learn his heavily Harmony

improfive Force against the Cedar dy'd: in from his Sear the royal Minstrel fled, for the promised Crown preferr'd his sacress Head.

CXXXIII

tab effer'd. Michal given to David.

She preserves his Life.

"HE fair Abinoum, whose unsported Break.
Of every Grace and every Love possess'd,
at Sand had with two beauteons Daughters bless'd.

ab the first, of a Majestic Mien; school of her high Birth, the spoke and look'da Queen:

bal, the younger, milder Rays adom;
Sifter like the midday-Sun, the like the rifing
Morn.

n Devid's Arms the haughry Merab fled, head-long ran to wealthy Adriel's Bed: but the Youth with juster Byes survey'd, unconcern'd he view'd the Royal Maid:

They love, yet wou'd in wain their Love concest, (For what their Lips deny'd, their Eyes reveal:) Their Paffion, Gratinude and Duty name, Yet foon the Court perceiv'd their growing Flame:

From Saul not hid, who with malicious Joy Improves th' Event the Hero to destroy: No Joynture for his Daughter he requir'd. Tho' she by many a neighb'ring Prince defired:" Not all bright Ophir's Wealth by him was prisid. Like just Revenge upon th' uncircumcis'd : A hundred Fore-skins of Philistian Knights, Vanquish'd by him, and slain in single Fights Was all he ask'd; they'd prove an eafie Prey. Goliab had already shown the way. Arose the Youth, fill'd with a noble Flame. Kindled at once by Beauty and by Fame. And like a Torrent on Philistia came: Two hundred of their choicest Knights he slave. And in full Tale the bloody Dowry pays: Not Ashdod more enrag'd, or Gaza mourn'd Than Saul, when David with Success return'd: Yet can't the Royal Promise be deny'd. The charming Michal soon is made his Bride. --But his unnat'ral Father still pursues. His facred Life, his thirst of Blood renews:

A Band of Ruffians round his Palace spread,

Which Idumean Doeg curing led,

A vast Reward to him, that brings the Traitor's Head:

But pions Michal thro' the conscious Night, Conveys her Lord, and give him time for Flight: The murd'rous Guards with honest Fraud deceives:

A well-diffembled Image only leaves: Thus lav'd the future Grace of Ifrael's Throne, And thus preserv'd a Life far dearer than her own.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XVIIL from Ver. 17. to the End.

Ver. 17. Saul said to David, Behold, my elder daughter Merah, her will I give thee to wise: only he thou valiant for me, and fight the Lord's hattel, &c.

19. But it came to pass at the time when Merab Saul's daughter should have been given to David, that she was given to Adriel the Meholathite to wife.

20. And Michal Saul's daughter loved David:

and they told Saul, and the thing pleafed him.

21. And Saul said, I will give him ber, that she

may be a fnure to him, &cc.

25. Saul said, Thus shall ye say to David, The king desireth not any down; but an hundred fore-skins of the Philistines, to be avenged of the kings enemies.

27. David arose, and wens, be and his men, and

Her of the Philistines two bundred men, &c.

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CXXXIV.

Jonathan's Covenant with David.

A S Sol's bright Beams malignant Vapours raise,
Which sink again, and cloud Earth's dusky Face,
So sicken'd Saul at David's growing Praise:
Griev'd at his Virtue's Lustre, and affraid,
Which did the Dimness of his own upbraid:
Still new Designs against his Life he forms,
At Earth and Heav'n, when disappointed, storms:
Yet still his gen'rous Son unalter'd stood,
Not to be brib'd by Interest or by Blood:
O wond'rous Prince! who couldst with ease
fore-go,
Scepters and Crowns, and all Earth's empty show;
Which Fools above their Souls admire and
prize,
And whose sales belendor dazles ev'n the Wise.

And whose false Splendor dazles ev'n the Wise.

---To thee thy persecuted David flies;

When Jonathan he finds, no more distress'd,

He finds a safe Asylum in thy Breast:

To his great Friend unbosoms all his Cares,

And he the unwieldy Burthen more than shares.

CXXXIV

AMURL, Chap. XX. Ver. 35. to 38.



1.35. --- Jonathan went out into the field at me appointed with David, and a little lad with

And he said unto his lad, Run; find out new rows which I shoot. And as the lad ran, he shot ow beyond him.

And when the lad was come to the place of the which Jonathan had shot, Jonathan cried after 1, and said, Is not the arrow beyond thee?

And Jonathan cried after the lad, Make speed, stay not. And Jonathan's lad gathered up the and same to his master.

What have I done? Jessides thus begins;
Who my Accusers att; and what my Sins,
That Saul with restless Rage my Life pursues:
If die I must, thy Hand I'd father chase;
Thy friendly Sword, to pierce this faithful Breast,
And send my weary trembling Soul to rest:
But do not (O thou canst not!) me betray
To my insulting Foes a guiltless Prey:
By Friendship's sacred Laws I thee adjure,
And let the Oath of God our mutual Faith
secure!

Can David think, the High-born Youth replys,
That I above a Friend, a Father prize?
If ought of Ill against thy Life defign'd,
(But sure it cannot be) I'll search his Mind;
Witness th' Almighty Pow'r that guards his Throne,

The worst shall to my noble Friend be shown? The while go rest secure at Exes's Stone? Thither, my Father sounded, I'll repair, My Arrows shall the filent Message bear.

He said, the Feast forbids the Princes stay, And David to the Field renews his secret way.

CXXXV.

Saul enquires for David at the Beagle.

Jonathan excufes his absence. Saul
casts his Javelin at him, &c.

AND now from Gibeah's Hills with Joy they view

The facred Moon her blunted Horns renew:
The festal Trumpets spread the Tidings round,
And Gibeab's Hills return their filver Sound.
The numerous free-neck'd Herd with Garlands
crown'd

Beneath the Sacrificer's Ax expire;
Then, part employ the Altars hallow'd Fire,
Part hiz on Spits, or vex'd with Flames beneath
Emitting Fume, in brazen Cauldron's feeth.

Next see the Tables spread, the hallow'd Fare
The Priests did with the Prince and People share;
(For 'twas a Tale in after-days devis'd,
That for themselves alone they sacrific'd.)
The Monarch first, on his high Throne was plac'd,
A second Seat by Jonathan was grac'd,
Brave Abner fill'd the Third, but by his side,
The place of David still was unsupply'd:
Not unobserv'd by Saul, whose jealous Eyes,
Had mark'd his absence from the Sacrifice:

At length he of his Son the Caufe enquire? vill perid he uniwers, carriefly defir di He to his native Beth! hem might repair His Father's folemn Sacrifice to thare When pale with Rage the furious King replies Defeated Malice sparkling in his Eye False to thy self and me! the Trainer, dies ! 1159 That Rivel of my Throne without delay was me Produce, or thy false Head for his shall pay: The faithful Prince pleads in his Friend's defence, He pleads in vain his Truth and Inpocence; ? The Fiend had all the Father disposses'd, And darts a Javelin at the Prince's Breast: He rose with Passion never known before. And to his Friend th' unwelcom Tidings here and What was too big for Speech, his Arrows tell. 19th Then on each others Neck with Tears they fell.

O happy Pair! which shall I most commended.

And which the braver Man, the better Friend?

The Palm to Jonathan is justly due,

True to his Friend, against his Int'rest true.

---Yes, O thou dearer than my self to me!

A Crown's a Trisse when compar'd to thee.

Thus said the Prince---- Tis thine by God's own Choice,

Consism'd by Israel's loud according Voice:

Thy Foes impeach thy steady Fate in vain.

Which still moves on, nor, will thy Friend complain,

Nor can I lose a Crown, if David reign.

Next, and but next to thee shall I have place,

And thou shalt Kindness shew to all my Race.

Part of his pious Hopes by Heav'n were fign'd, But part, alas! were lost, and scatter'd into Wind.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XX. Ver. 24. to the End.

Ver. 27. -- Saul said unto Jonathan his son, Wherefore cometh not the son of Jesse to meat, neither yesterday, nor to day?

28. And Jonathan answered Saul, David earnest-

by asked leave of me, to go to Bethlehem:

30. Then Saul's anger was kindled against Jonathan, and he said unto him, Thou son of a perverse rebellious woman, &c.

32. Jonathan answered Saul his father, and said unto him, Wherefore shall he be stain? what hath he done?

33. And Saul cast a javelin at him to smite him: whereby Jonathan knew that it was determined of his father to slay David.

34. So Jonathan arose from the table in sierce anger, and did eat no meat the second day of the month: for he was grieved for David, because his father had done him shame, &c.

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CXXXXI.

CXXXVL

Ahimelech and the Priests at Nob accus'd and slain by Doeg.

ET did th' oraclous facred Ephod shine On just Abimelech of Eli's Line: Faintly it shone, its faded Beams portend, The things concerning him must soon have end: A plain good Man, he wore no double Face; True to his Friend, and Virtue in Disgrace: To God's anointed true, yet always free From Courtiers Craft, and servile Flattery. At Nobah was his pleasant humble Seat, A facerdotal College and Retreat: As David from the jealous Tyrant fled, Hither by Eli's Destiny he's led. Goliah's Sword receives, and hallow'd Bread: Doeg of Idumean Race was there, Who did too sear rough Elau's nature share: Salvage and brutish as the Herds he fed, To Carmel's Hill, or Bashan's Pastures led:

CXXXVI.

SAMUEL, Chap. XXII. from Ver. 9.



Ver. 9. Doeg the Edomite, (which was fit over the servants of Saul) said, I saw the son of Jesse coming to Nob, to Ahimelech the son of Ahitub.

10. And he enquired of the Lord for him, and gave him vistuals, and gave him the sword of Goliah

she Philistine.

11. Then the king fent to call Ahimelech the priest, the son of Ahimb, and all his father's bouse, the priests that were in Nob: and they came all of them to the king, &c.

18. And the king said to Doeg, Turn thou and fall upon the priests. And Doeg the Edomite turned, and he fell upon the priests, and slew on that day fow feore and five persons that did wear a linen ephod.

As now before the Oracle he floode of a from The Hero and the Prieft oblique, be view bound With Rage and transform Jews and Thirst and

So glares the Felon-Wol When faithful Dogs his hung And howls and licks his frothy Yet hopes at length to feize t False Doeg so to Gibeab speeds his way; To furious said he brings th' unwelcom News Of David's Flight, and does the Priest accuse: When for Abimelech the Tyrant fends. Who foon with all his Father's House attends: In vain his Innocence would ward the Blow. He must be guilty, Saul would have so: Nor wou'd a fingle Murther please; on all The facred Priests he bids his Servants fall: The generous Guards the hateful Work refule. Rather than take their Lives, their own they'd lofe: To Doeg next he turns, who pleas'd obeys. The Priests unarm'd the valiant Murd'rer slays: Their loud-tongu'd Wounds, emit a purple Flood, Their holy Vestments roll'd in Dust and Blood:

Almost an Hecatomb resign their Breath,

Composed the Guiltless fell, and smil'd on Death.

From thence, unsated still, the Trainer slew

To trembling Nob, and all that breath'd he slew:

Abiathar alone escap'd the snare,

To David in the Desart did repair,

And found a safe Retreat, and gen'rous wellcom there.

CXXXVII.

David in the Cave of Adullam. He carries his Parents to Moab. Relieves Keilah, &c.

THE while Adullam's faithful Cave defends,
From Saul's fierce Rage the Hero and his
Friends:

Who-e're in Want, or Debt, or Discontent,
To David as their sure Protector went:
Some sew good Men his suffiring Virtue drew,
To own his Cause, but those were always sew:

Beged Burns, nor his weighink Com.

(Before the Line de Lycus world an
foare,)

Reibus, absolt a Na His view Day brings, and Refuge found nd quiet Scars, to Judel's fertile Round : He with his faithful Servants takes his way, And close conceald in Harrib's Forcit lay: But reliefs Fame upon her various Wings, To his Retreat important Tidings brings: That Keilab by Philistian Arms was presid. And all the foraged Country round diffrest : Nor this could David's lively Virtue bear. Yet Heav'n consults e're he begins the War: Commission'd thence his valiant Band he heads. And not to Barrel but to Conquest leads: Invades th' Invader's Hoft; part souted fly, And part beneath the Victor's Swards they die: Keilab reliev'd, and all the Spoil regain'd, The Hero in th' ungrateful Town remain'd: Who their Deliv'rer wou'd to Saul berray 4 Their Embryo Treason, while is larking lay In its dark Causes. God to David shows: To Ziph and woody Hachilah he goes, But still berray'd, his Haunts the Tyrant knews And did to Mass's craggy Rocks purfue: His doubtful Troops he in the Mountains found. Lod with a num'rous Host encompass'd round:

Safe in his Toils the trembling Prey he thought,
Neurer, and still more near the Circle brought,
When see a panting Messenger appear,
Silent awhile he stood for Haste and Fear:
At length with scarce recover'd Breath he said,
"Great Sir! Philistian Troops the Land invade!
When Saul, the Tyrant lest, the King indues,
And private Piques adjourn'd, the publick For pursues.

I SAMUEL, Chap. XXIII. to Ver. 14. 25. to 28.

Ver. 5. David and his men went to Keilah, and fought with the Philistines, and brought away their eastel, and smote them with a great slaughter: so David saved the inhabitants of Keilah.

12. And David Said, O Lord God of Israel, Will the men of Keilah deliver me and my men into the band of Saul? And the Lord said, they will deliver thee up.

14. And David departed out of Keilah, and remained in a mountain in the wilderness of Liph: and Saul soupht him every day, &c.

27. But there came a meffenger unto Saul, saying, Hafte thee and come; for the Philistines have in-

28. Wherefore Saul resurned from pursuing ufter David, and went against the Phillitines.

ČXXXVIII.

Nabal's churlishness: Abigail wisely pacistes David.

When two rich Churls oblig'd, and made their Scorn;

No Worth but Wealth, no Shame but Want they own,
Pity and Gratitude alike unknown;
No Mirth but Drunkenness; in Store unbless d,
For half the Year they starve to make one Miser's
Feast.

Such Nabal was, the Scandal and Disgrace Of Judah's Line, and Caleb's gen'rous Race. On Carmel's Fields, and Maon's shady Rocks He browz'd his Goats, and fed his num'rous Flocks. To him the beauteous Abigail was ty'd, In harsh unequal Bands, condemn'd his Bride; Yet she his Faults cou'd bear and cover too, And liv'd as well as Nabal's Wife cou'd do.

Twas now the time when all his fleecy Train,
To recompence their Master's yearly Pain,
In bleating Droves for fook the verdant Plain;

CXXXVIII."

to Ver. 42.



18. Abigail took two hundred lospes, and two if wine, and five speep ready dressed, and five is af parched corn, and an hundred chisters of and two hundred cakes of figs, and laid them

And when she saw David, she hasted, and off the asi, and bowed herself to the ground.

And said, This blessing which thine hand ath brought unto my lord, let it even be given to point men that follow my lord.

Whom first the purging crystal Streams receive. And then their woolly Robes they gladly leave: The Day well-worn the sweating Shearers reft. And at long Tables every ruftic Guest Sits down confus'd at Nabal's crowded Feaft: A hundred Sheep in his own Pastures fed, With twenty Beeves from ranker Bashan led, Loaded his Boards; yet cou'd he nothing spare For Heav'n, no Stranger was, or Levite there: David in vain expects his Feaft to share; The' while in Mam's spatious Wild he staid, Nor Wolves, nor Robbers dar'd his Flocks invade. Nabal well-warm'd with Taunts his Men receives. And only Language like himself he gives. Th' affronted Hero bids his Troops prepare. They gird their Swords and haften to the War. What pass'd, to prudent Abigail unknown, Who from the drunken Feast retir'd alone. (Happy her Sex, from Noise and Nonsence free, In the calm Joys of sober Piety!) When by her Servants sold, with hafte the rose, And down the fleep with kind Refreshments goes, T' appeale the angry Chief; surprized they meet, She kneek and throws herfelf at David's Feet; Then with fost Words, and artful Praises joyn'd, Difarm'd, at once, and pleas'd his gen'rous Mind: He dropped his Sword, and with attention lung
On every charming Accent of her Tongue:
Her grateful Present smiling he receives,
And Nabal, churlish Nabal's self forgives:
So wou'd not Heav'n, for soon by sudden Death,
Th' unhospitable Wretch resigns his Breath:
His Farms, his Flocks, his useless hoarded Store,
His Fields, his Vines, his spatious Grange, and
more,

The beauteous Abigail compell'd he leaves, Who Freedom by her Gaoler's Death receives; And when a Widow's decent Tears she'd shed, Is, by a happy Change, preferr'd to David's Bed.

CXXXIX.

The Ziphites discover David to Saul. He pursues him. Abishai takes his Spear, &c.

Their Treachery the Ziphites now repeat,
To Saul discoviring David's close Retreat:
With Rage unquenchable the Tyrant rose,
And from his Host three thousand Warriors chose;
With these the Heav'n protected Prince pursu'd,
Tir'd with the Chace, and faint for Thirst of
Blood:

Marine of

774

He beat the Wild from Morn, till dewy Night Surprized him there, when strom a Mountain's height,

By the Moon's friendly and efficious Light.

The Hero his unguarded Camp furveys,
And thus to his attending Worthies fays,
Is any here of Heart fo firm, that dare
Honour and Danger with his Gen'ral share,
And to you Camp descend to view the Foes?

With Joy the bold Abishai with him goes;
Swerv'd from the craggy Rocks at length they found

The careless drowsy Guards diffus'd around; Ev'n faithful Abner slept; they forward press'd To where the weary King himself did rest: Fierce was his mien, and threatning as he lay, His Thoughts recall'd the Labors of the Day. Close by his Head they saw his knotty Spear Planted, in Earth, a Cruse of Water near: When thus Zeruiab's Son—the happy Hour. Is now arriv'd, thy Foe is in thy Pow'r; This Hand, this Spear shall do the righteons! A second Stroke the Tyrant shall not need: In Act to strike, see the sierce Warrior stars But gen'rous David stops his listed Hand: Forbid it Heav'n! thou shalt not him dest Nor at so dear a Rate wou'd I a Crown e

CXXXIX.

to Ver. 17.



er. David and Abishai came to the people by t, and behold Saul lay sleeping within the trench, his spear stuck in the ground at his bosser: but er and the people lay round about him.

Then said Abishai to David, God hath delivered enemy into thine hand this day: now therefore in smite him, I pray thee, with the spear, even to arth, at once, and I will not smite him the second

And David said to Abishai, Destroy him not :
be can stretch forth his hand against the Lora's
sted, and be guiltless?

The Lord's Anointed's facred Life forbear! He shall the common Fate of Mortals share, Or fink by Heav'ns just Stroke, or fall in War. Yet take the Spear and Cruse, nor longer stay, And to our Friends, for us, in Pain, convey! They went, nor sooner had their Camp regain'd, Saul's Army still in heavy Sleep detain'd: When from a diftant Mountain David cry'd, While to his Voice the ecchoing Vales reply'd; Ho. Abner! -- Who with Abner may compare, In Israel Chief, and Father of the War: Where is the Gen'ral's Conduct and his Care? One of the People came your Lord to flay: Justly your Heads for your neglect shou'd pay. Born from the Camp, behold the royal Spear! Behold, untouch'd, the Cruse of Water here!

His Father knew the Voice, confounded flood, And thus he spoke, almost relaps'd to Good:

Virtue, like thine, Success can never fail, It rises when oppress'd, and shall at last prevail.

CXL.

David flies to Achish. Saul goes to the Witch of Endor. Samuel appears, &c.

EST Saul's weak Virtue shou'd not long endure. David with Achifh does himself secure; To whom the Royal Bounty Ziklag gives, Where happy with his Hebrew Friends he lives: Not so proud Saul on his uneasse Throne, Which totter'd, now its chief Support was gone: Too well Philistian Lords his Weakness knew. As David he of late, they him purfue: To Gilboab, he a pow'rful Army draws, Had but their Hearts been equal to their Cause: Bur with his Crimes and hastning Fate oppress'd Their guilty Gen'ral's Fear infects the rest: Unwillingly to God he flies at last, But 'twas too late, his Day of Mercy past: Then desp'rate thus-- Since Heav'n will not foretel My Fate, 'tis time to feek Relief from Hell; Almost defeated there, those Wretches slain, Who with accurfed Spir'ts did Leagues maintain, (For God to Moses gave not Laws in vain.) As Fortun'd, one her Sister-Hags surviv'd, Who with her trufty Imp at Endor livid:

To her th' unhappy Monarch chose to fly,
To know the worst, and read his Destiny:
Disguis'd he did the trembling Sage accost,
And bids her raise him Samies's awful Ghost:
With mystic Characters a Circle made,
Low-mutt'ring dire forbidden Words the said,
And pow'rful Spells repeating; backward pray'd.
But whilst her service Fiends attempt to frame
Illusive Shapes, the real Samues came:
The Wirch his God-like Form survey'd, and knew,
Twas more than all her beasted Charms cou'd do:
She knew the bless'd beyond her magic Call,
Tis Samues's self, she cry'd, and thou art Saul!
The Monarch saw, and knew the more than Man;
He bow'd to Earth, and Samues thus began.

Unhappy Prince! Why, ev'n amongst the Bleis'd,

Hast thou disturb'd my Soul, and robb'd of Rest? When thus the King replies—I'm fore distress'd: Philistia with unequal Force invades, And from thy envy'd Rest and peaceful Shades. Once more I call thee for thy sage Advice, Since God has lest me, and no more replies,

If God himself thy Enemy is grown, And to thy injur'd David gives thy Throne; Agen the Prophet answers, Why too late Am I disturb'd to shew thy suckless Fage?

CXL

AMUEL, Chap. XXVII. Ver. 1. to 6. Chap. XXVIII. Ver. 3. to 20.



12p. XXVIII. Ver. 11. Saul faid, bring me up

.. And when the woman saw Samuel, she cried a loud voice: and the woman spake to Saul, say-Wby hast thou deceived me? for thou art Saul. . And the king said unto her, Be not afraid: bat sawest thou? And the woman said unto Saul. gods ascending out of the earth.

.. And be said unto her, What form is he of? sbe said, An old man cometh up; and be is cowith a mantle. And Saul perceived that it was iel, and he stooped with his face to the ground, rewed bimself, &c:

Thy Disobedience Amalek did spare,
What Agag mis'd, thy self art doom'd to share.
—Prepare! against to morrow's San prepare!
If ael shall fall, and Thon and Thine shall be
Thin airy Ghosts, and empty Shades like me.

The Prince, the difmal Tidings can't fustain, But drops to Earth, at length reviv'd in vain; Unhappy to awake and die with greater Pain.

CXLI.

T SAMUEL, Chap. XXIX. Ver. 1. and Chap. XXXI. to Ver. 4.

The Fight between Israel and the Philistines in Gilboah. Saul and Jonathan flain.

A ND now approach'd the Great decifive Den.
And greedy Death hung how'ring o're her Prey:
Nor more content with mean and vulgar Fare,
The Flesh of Kings and Captains long'd to share;
On Gilboah's green Hills her Table spread,
In Triumphs thither the crown'd Victims led.
From Aphek's Plain the fore-skin'd Host ascend,
The circumcis'd awhile the Hill defend;
Lodg'd on the Cliff an Iron-Wall they stood,
Floated the hollow Road with Streams of Blood;

nro' whose warm Tide the sierce Assailants wade, id nearer these the Hebrew Foes invade; meath their serred Shields, while those from far ith Darts and Stones maintain a missive War: he Battel hung, and neither side gave way, ill Achish charg'd himself and turn'd the Day: Show'r of feather'd Deaths his Guards let sly; once their Bow-strings twang'd, and sill'd the Sky:

s with red Lightnings forky Shafts o'rethrown. retch'd on the Turf th' expiring Hebrews grown: lmost as swift their Foes the Passage gain, and to the Hill descend from beaps of Slain. he rest oppose or flie, alike in vain: he Brave oppress'd with Odds, the vulgar find relorious Death, their Wounds were all behind. sch were not Jonathan's, unmov'd and great, lis Host they might, but cou'd not him defeat: le saw his wounded Father's flow Retreat, le saw the furious Guards his Life pursue, lis precious Life to shield, himself he threw efore their Swords; awhile he stopp'd their Chace, alm and secure of Death, yet terrible his Face. lamgar, the haughty Prince of Ashdod's Town, irst came too near his Sword, which chin'd him down:

carce cou'd the Wretch blaspheme, so swift he fell, lis faithless Soul was in such haste for Hell.

Nor that alone, for foon the Hero fends To wait their Lord, an Army of his Friends: The reft retire, renew th' Assault from far. Nor longer Hand to Hand wou'd tempt the War: Befief'd the Prince, unknowing bow to yield, Tho' Show'rs of Arrows clatter'd round his Shield: Tho' Groves of Dares his faithless Armour bor'd. And purple Streams thro' ev'ry Passage pour'd, "--Thus far, my Father! Jonathan has done.

- " Both what became a Subject and a Son.
- May Heav'n preserve- and more he would have faid.

But Life thro' wide and num'rous Portals fled. And grasping still his Sword, he falls among the Dead.

Less happy Saul, whom now his Foes pursue. And still more near the Royal Quarry drew: Wounded and faint he cou'd no longer flie. Yet by Philistian Hands disdain'd to die: Behold his own his fatal Sword apply To his broad Breast, which soon the way did find. The Hilt on Earth, the Point appear'd behind: While his fierce Soul to those sad Mansions fled. Where Tyrants reign in Wo above the only ar Dead.

CXLII.

2 SAMUEL, Chap I. from Ver. 1. to the End.

David's Elegy on Saul and Jonathan.

A Round the Land th' amazing Tidings spred,
That Ifrael's Host before the Heathen sled,
And Saul, and matchless Jonathan were dead:
Jessides heard, nor longer cou'd resent
His private Wrongs; he wept, his Robes he rent,
His festal Triumphs into Fasting turn'd,
Forgave the Tyrant, and the Father mourn'd.
How did he then his Jonathan deplore!
His Friend, his dearer self was now no more:
Thus did at length his Loyal Passion vent,
And thus his Country's Loss in deathless Songs
lament.

Thy Glory, Israel! and thy Beauty mourn!
'Tis vanish'd, never, never to return.
Ah! who in feeble Mortal's Strength would trust?
Tis fallen, fallen, fallen to the Dust!

O tell it not in Gath's triumphant Gate, Nor in the Streets of Ashkalon relate: Left Capebo's Daughters (hou'd infulting cry, Their Dagus conquers him who rules the Sky.

O fatal Gilboa, where my Friend was flain:
No Dew on thee descend, or kindly Rain!
No Corn or Wine thy blasted Surface yield,
Accurs'd and burnt, as Sodom's dismal Field;
For there was lost the Warrior's mighty Shield,
The Shield of Saul was lost; his facred Head,
Tho' the bles'd Oyl around his Temples shed,
Profan'd and mingled with the vulgar Dead.

Thy Bow, my Friend! was never drawn in wait;
Thy Arrows drunk the Bhood of thousands stain.
What Armies fell by Saul's victorious Sword,
Too faithful now to to its despairing Lord?

Princely his Stature, charming was his Air: With him alone cou'd Jonathan compare: Lovely in Life, in Death too near ally'd, Not Death itself their Friendship cou'd divide: Swifter than Eagles cut their airy way, Stronger than Lions when they seize the Prey.

Mourn all ye Loves! ye tender Virgins mourn! Your flowry Wreaths to Cypress Garlands turn: Mourn your lov'd Monarch's lamentable Fate, On whom so oft your charming Quire did wait, As he from Fight return'd in Kingly State:

Ear

For you he conquer'd; you did with him share
The Wealth of Peace and glorious Spoils of War:
Lay by your purple Robes from Sidon's shore,
And wear your splendid Coroness no more;
For Saul who gave 'em, gen'nous Saul is lost,
And silent Shades receive his mighty Ghost.

How are the Mighty faln-their Strength in vain! O Jonathan! thou wert in Battel flain! Stretch'd on cold Earth, thy lifeless Limbs as cold, Nor those dear Eyes must I agen behold.
O Jonathan! How shall I thee commend!
My more than Brother, and my more than Friend!
My Life, my Jonathan! --- And can we part?
I feel my Loss hang beavy on my Heart.
With mortal Anguish is my Soul oppress'd,
I wear thy bleeding Image in my Breast.
Thy Friendship did the tend'rest Love excel;
'Twas like thy self, 'twas all a Miraclo:
A pure, a constant, and a heavinly Fire,
Beyond the softer Sexes frail Desire.

How are the Mighty faln? Their Fate deplore!

Thy Sword, thy Spear and Shield, O Ifrael! are no more!

CXLIII.

David anointed King by the Tribe of Judah. Ishbosheth made King by Abner. Asahel slain.

Thus fell unhappy Saul, and in his ftead
The promis'd Crown adorns young David's
Hoad:

Brave Abner for a while relists in vain,

Divides, but can't prevent his fated Reign:

Weak Ishbosheth, who now, almost alone

Surviv'd, he plac'd on his Great Father's Throne:

His Fame did Israel to his Party bring,

And Abner rul'd, tho' Ishbosheth was King:

But Judah's pow'rful Tribe for David stood,

Pleas'd with the Choice of Heav'n (and with their Kindred-Blood.)

Weary of Peace, at length the Tribes engage
In civil Discord, and intestine Rage.

Abner, th' Aggressor- he to Gibeon went,
And first will he th' unequal War repent:
Fierce Joah hears with Joy; the Guards he heads,
And to repel the bold Invader leads:
Their Out-guards met, awhile suspended stood,
And their new Foes with sullen Silence view'd,
But soon in Blood their thirsty Swords embrew'd;

CXLIII.

FAMUEL, Chap. H. from Ver. 19. to Ver. 23.



er. 19, 20. Asahel pursued after Abuer, and er looked behind him, and said, Art thou Asahel? be answered, I am.

. And Abner said again to Asahel, Turn aside from following me: wherefore should I

thee to the ground!

1. Howbeit be refused to turn aside: where-Abner with the hinder end of the spear smote under the fifth rib, that the spear came out bebim; and he fell down there, and died in the place.

"Rive desprate Champion's chie, and mingled falle W Nor these cou'd hungry Death suffice, for they But Proludes to the Slaugheer of the Day : Jui. The Bodies joyn, with equal Fury fird. By turns each other push'd, by turns retir'd ? Till Conquest saw at last the beck of Fare. And threw in David's Scale her over-weight. Nor Abner's self his tott'ring Host cou'd stay. Himself he's in the Torrent born away: Yet of he stands, for he disdains to rield. And heads the scatter'd Reliques of the Field: Thus, press'd with Odds, the Lion sow'rly flies. And glares on his rash Foes with Blood-shot Eres If any reach his Paws, the bold Invader dies. Thus forward Asabel far'd, who swift as Wind. Pursu'd and press'd the Hero close behind: Unarm'd the panting Warrior ran, and light. As hasting to a Conquest, not a Fight: Ah, heedless Boy! the gen rous Abner cry'd. Turn from thy hast'ning Fate-yer turn aside! If thou thy unflesh'd Valour long to try, Single a less unequal Enemy! Clefer he plies, and soon he hopes to share The Gen'ral's Spoils, the noblest Prize of Man Agen the Hero warns, -he preffes on; "Tis in the Fater, thy Fate thou canst not shun."

Gresi

at Abner fighing said -- that 'tis not Fear
th warns thee thus, learn from my faichful
Spear!

nstruck - to Life's chief Seat the way it found.

Blood and Soul rush mingled thro' the Wound.

alls the lovely Lily, Natures Pride,
en ruthless Shares its Stem, and beauteous Head
divide.

furious Victors, who pursu'd before,

w stand, to see him weltring in his Gore;
ile Abner rallys after his Defeat,
mournful Joab sounds a late Retreat:

Night he march'd, the Host to Hebron come,
bear his Brother's Corps with joyless Triumphs
home.

CXLIV:

2 SAMUEL, Chap. III.

The Death of Abner.

Nhappy that weak Prince, who fear'd by none, But dimly thines on a precarious Throne:
Foes alike, and pow'rful Friends afraid,
d by those Idols which himself has made:
'ruth by Isbosheth perceiv'd too late,
ether it were his Folly or his Fate;

Cht Divisor of

S. Ample Him in her Heart a A for handly can the Pairideny this Bottle made but This Philadest with feeble Pagins historic of 701/ Half-from d; and was as angry as he He thinks his Father's Afhes were And foftly Abuer chid, who his Rep Tis thus, faid he, anerateful Prince Thole Services they never can requ Did I both God's and Fuddi's Che And fix thee on thy Pather's total find And am I for that despicable shing, A Woman, faulted, by a feeble King? -No - 'tis too much : So God and more to me. If I confirm not righteous Heav'ns Decree: The Son of Fesse's Title I'll maintain, Who now from Dan shall to Beersbeba reign.

His Threats the crouching Monarch tamely hears, Mute as the Dead, and ill conceals his New of the Not for the affronted Chief, who from is greated. For David's Caufe a Patron, and his one; The Heads of Tribes folicies and prevails, His Weight with ease inclines the dubidus Scales: None e're like David had their Basels fonglit. He talk'd of God, but fill of Respire the parties of the control of

At length when all was ripe, to Hebron goes, had And did to David his Design disclose:

The League is made, he treated and carefold, had then dismisted with Thanks his Princely Guesti:
Nor Joab this, who new from Fight returned, his slaughter'd Brother's Fate he long had mourn'd,

And still with deep Revenge he inly burn'd:

For Abner on his way advanc'd, he sends,
They meet, embrace, and who were greater Friends?
Then stabs him to the Heart, and as he fell
This, this, he cries, for murder'd Asabel!
Thus Treachery did Treachery pursue,
And thus a Murderer a haughty Traitor slew.

CXLV.

2 SAMUEL, Chap. IV, V.

Ishbosheth stain. David crown'd. The Jebustes conquer'd, and the Philistines.

Tho' Ishbosheth was mov'd when Abner stain, To dear Indistrence he subsides again, Is all himself, and saunters out his Reign:
With Sloth, the meanest Vice in Kings, oppress'd, No Cares of Empire e're disturb'd his Rest:

Cir. Dillow of

The Day can waste; for him too doors it white all Me till High main indulg d his look decrease in tend? Fill by falle Traitors of his Life begetters. Also they found him, and also have help the raid. Then confcious of their Carlos, and disphases their raid. And cast at Davido Fern his Rived House Had hid waste at Davido Fern his Rived House Had hid waste and they hope for facility with the Traitors both he bates. The Traitors and the Traitors both he bates, it had from his Giller they meet their right come had and from his Giller they meet their right come had.

And now, the late, the Triber And David King of all the Land proc. The facred Contrast firmly fwom, that non Shou'd fail of equal Justice from the Thron Strong 7ebus only still his Pow'r defies, On Canaan's ancient Idols much relies. More on its loft, Tow'rs that threat the S Nor this cou'd the Jeffean Virtue bear; But musters all the Tribes, and heads th The Town furrender'd foon, the Clean Proud of its Site, do's their Affailt's rebel Who e're their Idols cou'd, and shim deltroy, For Life he shall the Gen'ral's place enjoy: This heard Zerviah's Son, and Shoots away, Nor Rocks, nor Darts, nor Men his Course could stay:

The Battlements he gains, and leaping down.

Shouts to his Friends without --- The Fort's que

Their ill-defended Gases are open thrown,
Enters the Hobrero-Army like a Flood,
While Heav'n is fill'd with Shrieks, and Earth
with Blood.

Unwarn'd, their Fates Philistine Armies know.
And in ill Hour they tempt their ancient Fac.
The Giant's Vale their num'rous Squadrons spred,
And to the War their Guardian Idols led;
While David to the facred Ephod goes,
And waits for Orders to attack his Foes:
These soon receiv'd, and of Success secure,
Which Heav'n did to his righteous Arms assure,
With speedy Marches at their Camp arrives,
And all before him unresisted drives:
That David still his Myriads slew they find;
Some sled, but less their captive Gods behind;
Which with load Shouts the Victor Host destroy;
Now first the Wood to some good use imploy,
They make their helpless Trunks, supply their
Fire of Joy.

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CXLVI.

2 SAMUEL, Chap. VI. and I CHROM
Chap XV dinne Chap all

David prepares to bring the Ark to Sion Uzzah smitten. Obed-Edom bless a The Ark carry'd by the Levites. Michal's Barrenness.

Ever'd and lov'd at home, abroad renoun'd, Cover'd with Laurels, and with Conquel crown'd,

Teffides far, while to his working Thought, and sill Or Fate, or Choice, the dear Remembrance brought Of God's bless'd Ark, which long, a Pilgrim grown Had sojourn'd in a Dwelling not his own : His Heart no Eafe, no Rest his Eye-lids found. Till for its Seat he mark'd the destin'd Ground and Fair Sion's Holy Hill the bless'd abode. And peaceful Mansion for the Ark of God : Is div The Flow'r of all the Tribes conven'd attend, alm W Three Myriads they their Courfe to Gibeah bend! And from thy House, Aminadab! they bear it ball The facred Pledge with inauspicious Care PIREW TOM Two Sons, their aged Father's Hopes and Pride W The Carriage, and the bellowing Oxen guide ; alund On Lutes and Harps the long Procession plays !!! 1 And David led the Quire, and led the way: But foon their Pomp to filent Sorrow turn'd.

And David griev d, and all the Affembly mound a

The weari'd Oxen stumbled in the Road, At Nachon's Floor, and shook their precious Load: Bold Uzzab saw, nor longer cou'd refrain, But touch'd the sacred Ark with Hands profane: Nor this th' offentled Pow'r, whose Laws he broke, His Rashness punish'd with a mortal Stroke; He drop'd to Earth and with a Groan expir'd. The trembling Monarch from the Place retird: WINCH Uzzah's Name to distant Ages bore : Viv The viembling Monarch dares attempt no more; The dreadful Ark upon the Road he leaves, Which Obed-Edom's House with Joy receives: Three wexing Moons it with the Gittite staid, Whose bospitable Kindness not unpaid; With all his Housbold bless'd; when David heard Referring Courage, he agen prepar'd With Joy to bring it thence, but warn'd before The Levites now the sacred Symbols bore: · Afast and Ethan with sweet Heman joyn, **Le praise the Goodness and the Pow'r divine**; And Arongly these the vocal Brass inspire, These joyn their Voices to the tuneful Lyre, The Monarch guides the Dance and guides the Quire.

With all his active Strength he play'd and sung, While Sien's Walls with Hallelnjah's rung: This Michal faw, averse, with haughty Eyes, And in her Heart his meaness did despise; Nor wanted words sarcastic and profane, Which not forgot, nor unroveng'd remain; Accurs'd with Barronness, the ne're cou'd claim, Till Death had closed her Eyes, a Mother's joyful

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2 SAMUEL Chap VIII, TANK

David conquers Moab, Zobah and Damascus; shews Kindness to Mephibosheth; sends to condole with Hanun on his Father's Death: His Ambassadors abas'd, &c.

Cook and Zobab, and thy happy Fair Darmesek! to conquering D Van Sums his crowded Treasuries amale, -Of Gold and Silver, and of precious Breket 1913 For Prefents these, and these for Spoils they brin From Hamath some, and some from Zobaha Ki To God who had his Arms with Conquesticsown He gave the Prey, and deck'd his Altars round The rest within the Treasury they place. Which must the future Temple build and grace: Nor cou'd the Hero hope his Gifts alone, And pompous Piety cou'd Heav'n attone; An equal share those buman Virtues claim, Fustice, and Gratitude, and Friendship's facred Names Tho' on the Throne sublime, he cou'd not yes His other-self, his Jonathan forget: The Faults of Fortune he resolv'd to mend, And for Mephibosheth to Court did fend, To pay a Debt due from his Father's Friend: .? ... He his Paternal Fields agen reftord, And plac'd him daily at his regal Board.

r could so gen'rous and so great a Mind. own Cours or Kingdom rest confind: Ammon's distant Fields it reach'd, and sent anun a condoling Compliment: E-Father once receiv'd with Royal State exil d Chief, but now had paid his Debt to Fate : calous Lords their easie Prince persuade, all Design, and he'd his Land invade: Withe Faith and Law of Nations us'd The affronted and abus'd: Men to Fericho with Shame return'd, David this, who with just Anger burn'd; and all his Host Revenge prepare, confcious Ammon flow to meet the War who, Rebob, Ifrael's ancient Foes, r strong auxiliary Troops compose; aselves distinct, their erusty Walls were nigh. fled in the Fight, and forc'd to fly; Cherethites undaunted Foab led. never yet in Battel shrunk or fled. reft did brave Abishai's Virtue head: n Foab thus -- If Sprian Arms prevail, push the Guards, tho' never us'd to fail, from your Wing shall speedy Succours send, to yours, if you to Ammon bend : or our Hearths and Holy Altars fight, Piety and Nature here unite: Men let's Conquer, or like Men let's die, leave the Event to him who rules the Sky. r'd with his Words his Army breaks away, for the Trumpers tardy Signal Stay: Syriams to Superior Virtue yield, earten'd Ampton fees, and outs with shame to

CXLVIII.

David and Bathsheba.

OW vain a Thing is Man! the Great and Brave. How often some inferior Passions slave! Too bad the best, by native Bent inclin'd: --- O why was Pow'r bestow'd on buman kind, A harmfu! Pow'r to make themselves unblest? -But vainly we with righteous Heav's contest: Man were not Man unless indulg'd Free-will. And uncontroll'd in Choice of Good or Ill. The Mind can no exteriour Force control. When Beauty thro' the Body wounds the Saul: Had David clos'd his Eyes, the fatal Dart From Bathsheba had never reach'd his Heart: Vain of her Form, tho' she th' occasion gave. And proud to have a Monarch call'd her Slave. That Virtue which so many Storms cou'd bear, Relax'd with Ease, grew sick in milder Air; Loofe from his Couch with the declining Sun, He rose, and came, and sam, and was undone: Her Bosom the polluted crystal laves, How wild a Flame shot upward from the Waves? Th' unguarded King beheld, review'd, admir'd, Th' unknown forbidden Beauty he defir'd. He blush'd and trembled, and her Name enquir'd, Which his officious Courtiers soon declare, Her Lord detain'd in Ammon's dubious War: Seduc'd with ease the willing Prey they bring. His Blot, his Shame, his Curje to Judah's King: In vain awhile their lawless Loves conceal'd. First by th' Effects, and then the Punishment reveal'd.

CXLVIII.

SAMUEL. Chap. XI, to Yer. 5.



Ver. 2. It cannot be passion an evening the, that vid arose from off his hed, and walked upon roof of the king's house: and from the roof he saw eman washing herself, and the woman was very utiful to look upon.

And David sent and enquired after the won: and one said, is not this Bathsheba the ighter of Eliam, the wife of Uriah the Hit-

4. And David sent messengers, and took ber; and came unto him, and he lay with her.

CXLIX.

The Death of Uriah. + 8 4

OW short the vain Delight that Sin pro-

How long the Sting, and Shame, and Pain endures! From II to II our wand'ring Nature slides. When Pietr, no more, and Virtue guides: To cloak Adult'ry Murther must succeed, And by base Treason brave Urish bleed: Tho' milder Methods first the Monarch tries. And wou'd in vain their Guilt and Shame Disguise: Bathshebah! for thy injur'd Lord he sends. Who with Dispatches from the Camp attends; But with the Pelethites the Guard he kept. Nor in his violated Mansion slept: He scorn'd of Ease and soft Repose to taste. While in the Fields their Nights the Army past'd? Tho' twice the conscious Monarch vainly tries. To hide their Shame; the golden Goblet plies: Well-warm'd the Warrior from his Presence sends. And much of Kindness and of Love prevends:. The Chief perfifts; how dear his Firmness cost His Life by Murther and by Treason lost: He to the Camp the fatal Letters bears. Which to the Genral David's Will declares:

CXLIX.

nue L, Chap. XI. from Ver. 14. to the End.



14. — David wrote a letter to Joah, and by the hand of Uriah.

And he wrote in the letter, saying, See ye in the fore-front of the hotsest battel, and ye from him, that he may be smitten, and

and it came to pass when Joah observed to that he assigned Uriah unto a place where we than valiant men were.

And the men of the city went out and funghe sab: and there fell some of the people of the sersparid, and Urials the Hittise died affer-

Too foon Zerviab's Son his Prince obeys,
With Ammon's Swerd the brave Uriab flays.
The News is brought, which Ammiel's Daughter hears,

And pays awhile a Widow's decent Tears:
With easie Grief the mourns her Husband dead,
But soon resumes her Robes, and shares the Monarch's
Red.

CL

Nathan sent to David : His Parable, &c.

NOR this the righteous Pow'r enthron'd on high,

Above the spacious Circle of the Skr;

Who weighs in equal Scales, our Crimes and Fates,

And Sin, where e're he sees, abbors and bates:

The rev'rend Nathan he to David sent,

Who thus his Wrath disclos'd, and warn'd him to Repent.

Two Neighbours in one City did reside;
With all the steeds of Life was one supply'd,
Nor wanted Food for Luxury and Pride:
Of Herds and Flocks so num'rous was his Store,
Bashan and Carmel hardly pastur'd more;
Unlike the other, indigent and poor,

are obeys, vsit dairi *

MUEL, Chap. XII. from Ver. 1. was we to the End.



11. Nathan said sonto David, Thus faith rd, Behold, I will raise up evil against thee thine own bouse, and I will take thy mives beine eyes, and give them unto thy neighbour, and I lie with thy wives in the fight of this sun.

For thou didft it secretly: but I will do this before all Ifrael, and before the sun.

And David Said unto Nathan, I have finned t the Lord. And Nathan Said unto David. ord also hath put away thy sin; thou shalt not His Stock in belples Children only large,
How unproportion'd his Estate and Charge?
Yet frugal, he, and careful of the main,
One Lamb procur'd, in hopes at length to ghin
Both Milk and Wool his Houshold to suffain:
With much of Pains' twas nurs'd, and much of Care,
His Meat and Drink the Favourite must share;
His Daughter's Rival; thus carefe'd by Day,
By Night within his careful Arms it lay:
As chanc'd one Ev'n a Stranger pass'd his Door,
Nor call'd (for sew make Visits to the Poer;)
But to his wealthy Neighbour did repair,
In hopes of splendid Entertainment there:
The niggard Churl his Flocks and Herds to spare
Seiz'd his poor Neighbour's Lamb, and kill'd, and
dress,

And thus at others Cost he treats his Guest:
When D. vid, thus with Fury in his Eyes,
Fourfold th' unpitying Wretch restores or dies:
With alter'd Voice agen the Seer began,
And thunder'd in his Ears-THOU ART THE

Thus faith the Lord, 'Twas I thy Life did fave,
And thee thy Master's Wives and Kingdom gave;
Why didst thou then my Laws and me despise?
Behold, where poor Uriab murther'd lies,
By Ammon's Sword and thine, whose Blood for Vengeance cries;

His Spoils, as of thy Fee in Battel slain,
His beauteous Wife thou to thy self hast ta'ne:
Not unreveng'd, for Plagues on Plagues shall rise
From thine son House; thy Wives before thy Eyes,
Before this Sun, be by thy Neighbour known,
And spread thy wide Dishonour, and their son:
This shalt thou for thy foul Transgression bear,
Thus others warn, and thus affronsed Heav'n repair.

CLI.

Amnon's Rape of Tamar. He is flains by Absalom.

OR was the promis'd Vengeance long delaid,
Th' Arrears of brave Uriah's Ghoft unpaid:
See where it comes like a refiftles Flood,
And Luft is plagu'd with Luft, and Blood with

Pair Famar kindles Amnon's loofe Defire,
Who fore'd the Royal Maid, and quench'd his lawless Fire:

Possess wone) than he hates her more, (The Sexes wone) than he admir'd before: Nor this could Absalom's great Hours digest, Tho' long he kept it begling in his Breast:

166

40

The King and Court invites His Father him day'd, but hindly black da in With more Success he his Defire removal, When he for Annon and his Breshow fact ? Cheaful they go, on Regal Fare they limble and And crown the plenteous Food with noble Wine. Their Hoft the Signal gave for Amnon's Death, His Servants in his Breaft their Pomiards Medite Life gulbes Out at many a griefly Wanted, .. And mingled Blood and Wine diffains the Gran The Boards are over-minish the Gall's sine mich Look back, and think their Bresher What their But Fame which always tilingles Trash with E And firerch'd on Jail Wings fill pathers Prevents their Speed, more swife than Year it fle And rold the aftending King, that as dis tidend : the year to built on hat

Swift to his Henry the frighted Blood repaired,

All deadly pale he from his Throne descends,
Stretch'd on cold Earth his Royal Robes he rends;
The same around his filent mournful Friends:
Wise Jonadah alone applies Relief,
Alone durst stem the Tide of Royal Grief:
That Amnon only was for Tamar slain,
He wou'd persuade, but wou'd persuade in vain;
Till how the Royal Company appears,
At once consirms, at once consuces their Fears,
And with their mournful Father's this their
Tears;

While Absalon to Syrian Geshur sled,

And till his Face was ripe, from Justice savid his

Head.

2 SAMUEL, Chap. XIII.

Ver. 10. -- Tamar took the cakes which she had made, and brought them into the chamber to Amnon ber brother.

11. And when she had brought them unto him to eat; he took hold of her, and said unto her, Come lie with me, my fister.

12. And she answer d him, Nay, my brother, do not force me: for no such thing ought to be done in Israel; do not thou this folly.

14. Howbeit, be would not bearken unto her voice s but being stronger than she, forced her, and lay with her, &c.

XΙ

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN

CLIR

Ablalon's Return; He fiels the Hary

Compell'd their frail Mortality must own;
Their Counfels oft they change; as oft by those Abus'd, on whom they shine, and Faith repose:
This David was by dear Experience taught,
When Absalon he from long Exile brought:
Yet who cou'd fondness blame for such a Sou,
So lov'd, so prais'd, so fair as Absalon?
A manly Beauty he, without a Mole,
(Ah, had he but enjoy'd as fair a Soul!)
Nor cou'd the Raven's glossy Plumes compare,
When jesting in the Sun, with his long weight of
Hair:

To this the Tampers's felf had fearce a Tongue More foftly fit'd than his, more finouthly hing; Form'd to decade; the Air of Majors he knew, But more himself from bouncess Nature drew; Chariots and Horfe, and regal Pomp afformes, And glitters in his dighted Father's Phones; Norneeds he those, a Living Tide came round, Where e're he walk'd, and bore him from the Ground;

CLH.

AMURL, Chap. XIV. from Ver. 23, 25, 26. Chap. XV. to Ver. 6.



hap. XV. Vet. 2. Absalom flood beside the of the gate: and is was so, that when any man had a controversie same to the king for judgment, Absalom called unto him, and said, Of what city thou? And he said, Thy servant is of one of the es of Israel.

. And Absalom Suid unto him, See, thy matters good and right, but there is no man deputed of the

to hear thee.

se in the land, and that every man which bath fuit or cause, might come unto me, &c.

low lowly to the gazing Ross he bow'd, For none can feem to handle as the Preud? Rath he role, so ill Ambition slept, h the Gare peopercal Guard be bept: : When any of the Tribes for Julice came He sounds his Bus ness, his Abode, and Name And Court-Delays does well-diffembling blame : My Father to his Harp delights to fing The Temple-Hymns, too pious for a King : The while the Business of the State forgot, And Law alike, and FUSTICE fold and bought. Ah, had I, tho' unworthy fuch a Grace, On his Tribunal, but the meanest Place : None justly shou'd with my award be griev'd, None shou'd depart my Presence unreliev'd. When to the Royal Youth Obeifance made. Top much, my Friend, tis far four much he fill, You must not thus to me yourself debase. Then flooping, regir can with a kind thebrief al Thus fleats their Henry; also King along Robb'd of his Subjects, fare on his deferred

CLIL

CLIIL

Absalon's Conspiracy. David's Flight from Jerusalem. Hushai's Loyalty, &c.

HE Seeds of Treason now grew ripe for Bireb,

And raise their baleful Heads from reeming Earsh; Of War and Bloodsbed bode a plenteam Crop, And hov'ring Piends their bleeding Quarry hope: Too long th' Unnatural thinks he waits in vain, While his bard Fasher still protracts his Reign: The small Remains of Piety he breaks, And thus the Hyposrice his injur'd Sire bespeaks:

With Grief and Shame, Great Sir! I call in mind.

The Faults of Youth, which none but one so kind,
Cou'd e're have pardon'd--- Then, when in difgrace,

Deny'd the Blis to see a Father's Face;
Wandring in foreign Fields, a Vow I made,
Which, ah! too long has now remain'd unpaid;
That if my Father's God wou'd me reftore
To his lov'd Hause, I there wou'd him adore,
And with an bundred Vittims die the sacred Floor;

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Yet form In large which in the control of the last of the control of the control

To Royal Hobron he his Progress bends,

To all the Tribes his trulty Spies he fends,

When themosthey beards from far alse Brandpel

The Signal twas that Abfalom was crowned.
And all must spread the soful Nawaasonned south
But none could serve his lask Designation of the As thy Serpentine Head, Achirophet and noticed in
The Chamilous Traiser came, as Sataba with 111
For darling Mischief left his Sacrifica to the soliquit.
From every Tribe intermber a Thousands rupe.
And Hebran crowned a about the rifing Sansar rupe.
Suprizing Tidings they to David Dring, or hard.
That all was lost, and add their managements of this

Salem he leavers his midsful Grand activity.

Moiften'd with Tears they Office allered; In all By E cyal Haffai arct; his Petites arcies: Friend.

Dy E cyal Haffai arct; his Petites arcies: Friend.

With bourfs thank the Trainer to deceive; It was now from Hebres Hills came creating down,

And enter with loud Shouts the washarded faired.

And enter with loud Shouts th' unguarded faced Town,

2 SAMULL, Chap. XV. from Vew 7.

Ver. 10. Absalom sent spies throughout all the tribes of Israel, saying, As soon as ye bear the sound of the trumpet, then ye shall say, Absalom resigneth in Hebron.

11. And wish Abfalom went two hundred men out of Jerusalem, that were called, and they went in their simplicity, and they knew not any thing.

13. And there came a messenger to David, saying, The hearts of the men of Israel are after Absalous.

14. And David said unto all his servants that were wish him its farulalent, Arise, and let in see; for we shall not else escape from Absalous: make speed to depart, lest be borreade in suddenly, and bring evil speems, and smito the city with the edge of the sword, Sec.

CLIV

Ziba'r Frank Shimei carfes David.
Achithophel's Counfel overthrown by
Hushai, on which he hangs bimsolf.

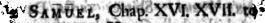
Alse Ziba's Drove the Royal Entle meet,
He lights and throws himself at David's Res;
A Grant by fraudulent Suggestions gains.
And from the Crown his Master's Lands obtains;
Some small Refreshments to his Army brings,
Nor Ziba was the last shat cheated Kings.

Yet harder Treatment did the Hero find, From black-mouth'd Shimei's canker'd Tengue and Mind:

A Wretch he was of Saul's abandon'd Race,
The Soul of Spite and Envy in his Face:
See where the Felon in the Paffage stands,
His Mouth with Curfes fill'd, with Stones his
Hands:

Avaunt thou Fiend, thou Murtherer, he ery'd!
Thy guilty Hands thy Master's Blood has dy'd;
By Treason didst thou leize his vacant Throne,
The Fate he met is justly now thine open;
Silent th' afflicted Prince--- Abishai turn'd,
Sparkled his Eyes, his Breast with anger burn'd:

CLIV?





Chap. XVI. Ver. 5. When king David came to Bahurim, behold, thence came out a man of the family of the house of Saul, whose name was Shimei, the sau of Gana: be came forth, and cursed still a be came.

6. And he cast stones at David, and at all the servants of king David: and all the people, and all the mighty men were on his right hand and on his left.

7. And thus said Shimei when he curfed, Come out, come out, shou bloody man of Belial.

And

Blafpheine the skings of the start and series the skings of the start series the start of the start and the start of the s pleased the helping with third assemble lawing!

gal Traiter found his weaker Judy The Royal Mecky Sanding The Carlo Since Elezy of parent to and interrelation any thing Part of my felf my Souland Affaire would gri Into his carry'd Parhered White and mire of Sill 271 My Crame already feight in the office said Loyal to lainthis Dayibine of Such mildion? lange ! rom Den the Vicen den such all mail mail manningen roll My Virtues Tryal, whitehold firm is provenol at May Heav's, perhaps at length to Postulovord!

Thus calmly bright the Hebren Monarch denis And framos as the feet When wading thro Affictions gloody Chang 107 While Ablalom a Shorkelio'd Mesen allegay of the And hides his tow ring Head among the Samer A War, Plagues, and Death his languist Some

From fetid Earth exhal'd, on Earth must end: He mounts at once his Father's Bed and Throne, His rich Seraglio seiz'd, and made his own; Thus did th' abborr'd Achiebophel advise; Nor cou'd imperfest Mischief him suffice, The King himself his Counsel to surprize;

He fires the wifted Employment wight be his. The Traitor fears he thou'd the Marther mile ? But faithful Hushai call'd to this debate. More pleased the bot-brain'd Charleson of States The Loyal Traitor found his weaker fide, Didnohis Ruin beneftly mifguide, Provak'd his youthful Fire and footh'd his Prides A King shou'd at his Armies bead appear, Revive his Friends and Strike his Foes with Fear ? Let him but stamp and show his Royal Will, I wast All Ifrael foon he might with Armies fill: From Dan they would to old Beerfbebarife. was As Clouds of Swarming Infects dusk the Skies & 1916 Thro all the Tribes th' affrighted King purshas And swallow, as the Sun the morning Dew: The Motion pleas'd, to Hufbat all inclina. For 'twee of God to blaft their curs'd Defirm? This faw Achitophel, and fwoln with Pride. Around his Neck th' authoppy Noofe he ty'd, Subonid his speedy Pate, and like a Traiger did. 3

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CLV.

David met by Barzillai at Mahanaim.
The Bassel besween his Servants and
Absalon. Absalon flain by Joah.

Hat lately pass'd in Council, Hulbai fends To David's Camp, by two omfiding Friends: To Mahmaim, late a Kingly Soat. O're Jordan's Ploods they make a finifo Retreat : By old Barxillai met---With Grief at once, and welcom in his Ever. Whose beary Loyalty their Wants supplies: His Wealth and corresponding Heart so large To treat a King, not fink beneath the Charge. When Tidings came that with a man'rous Hoft. The Robels had the Sereams of Fordan cross'd; And like its spreading Torrent swolk with Rain, With a broad front came foreping o're the Plain. The Monarch hears, tho' long with Fortune press'd; He rouz'd the Royal Virtue in his Breaft: Review'd his Army and prepar'd for Fight, Himself resolv'd to try the Rebel's might: Nor this his faithful Friends, who thus -- If all Thy Servants shou'd in beat of Battel fall; The Rebels would so mean a Prey despise, Their Treason at a nobler Quarry flies: ebeiryM

CLV.

2 SAMURI, Chap. XVII. from Ver. 24. to the End. Chap. XVIII to Ver. 18.



Chip. XVIII. Ver. 9. Ablatoiti refle upon a mule, and the mule went under the tolich bought of a great oak, and his boud raught held of the oak, and he was taken up between the heaven and the earth, and the mule that was under him went away.

14. And Joah took three darts in his hand, and thrust them through the heart of Absalom, while he was yet alive in the midst of the eak.

15. And sen joing men that have Jeab's armour, compassed about, and small Abialom, and slew him.

Myriada

Myriads of ours the faered Life out-weighs,
Who if within the Town entrench'd he stays,
If pres'd with O.lds before the Foe we bend
A strong Reserve to our Relief may send:
Compell'd he yields—Nor cou'd his Royal Breast
Tho' injur'd, all the Father yet divest;
O spare that unadverting Youth, he said,
Whom ill Advice to this rash Astion led;
Neither by Malice wicked, nor Design,
Who e're attempts his Life, must aim at mine.
Silent the Generals hear his fond Desire,
The Father praise, but not the King admire.

A Wood there was in Ephraim's fruitful Bound?

Horrid with ancient Oaks and Shades profound,
Of old for Giants terribly renown'd;
Tho' future Times with more of Dread relate,
The Wonders of this Day's decifive Fate:
Both Armies meet beneath this gloomy Glade,
And Darts and Arrows make a double Shade:
How rude the Shocks, how obstinate the Fight!
But Fortune, once, tho' blind, was in the right:
The Cherethites with Joab at their Head,
Like Lightning piere'd the Ranks; the heartless
Rebels fled;
Fled Absalon as fast as Guilt and Fear,

And his swift Mule cou'd him from Battel bear:

Wifts fly off which late obscur'd his Sight, latt'ring Portune conquer'd Reason's Light : usere now to mind, and Reason brought ur'd Fathers (how fevere & Thought!) ind, how good! almost he did Repent, i'd not now his haft ning Fate prevent. Il too late, his righteous Doom is past: iro' the Woods he flies with luckless Hafte. the deceitful Wind does loofly bear, ping Honours of his fittal Hair, 1 Oak feiz'd and fecur'd him there : s a Shaft from Parthian Archer sped. He shoots on, and thro' the Covert fled : malicious Foy fierce Foab hears: asping in his Hand three pondrous Spears with Death, unto the Place he flew. t the Royal Youth the quivring Weapons

ambitious Heart they found the way, tout labring Life, and introduc'd the Day, thus the Chief.— If after this thou live, wid thee forgive, I'll him forgive: ap of Stones they on the Body cast, wrble Column how by Time defac'd, famy shall down to num'rous Ages last.



masa stain. Sheba's Rebellio struction.

In Prime of Youth thus Talmas's Me And thus may all who dare like his With true paternal Grief his Father he Retires from publick View, and melos in Then thus—" O Abfalom! my Son!

" My dearer than my Soul! my Abfala

"Why is my Grief so weak, or why "Why must I still a weary Life proto

"With how much Joy had I his Place

"The Son had liv'd and reign'd, the

The Joss of Triumph thus to Tear's wei

CLVI.

SAMUEL, Chap. XVIII. XIX. and Chap. XX. to Ver. 224



hap. XX. Ver. 10. Amala took no beed to the dibbt wat in Joad's hand: so he since him therewas she fifth rib, and shed out his bowels to the nd, and street him not again, and he died.

2. And he wallowed in blood in the mids of the way: and when the man faw that all the people if Hill; he'removed Amasa out of the high-way into hell; and cast a cloth upon him, when he saw that y one that came by him stood still.

and they out off the bead of Sheba the for of Biand they out off the bead of Sheba the for of Biand out it out to Jeab: and he bleve a rrumper. At Gilgal their returning Prince they where, h might Ev'n Shimei comes, and profitate at his Feery Mail For Pardon sues, and does his Suit obtains if a day By thee, Zervial's Sont opposition waits prof of Mephibosheth does half his Lands regain. At Fordan David old Barzillai leaves, And Chimbam in his room to Court receives: Thus grateful Princes smile on worthy Deeds, And to the Father's Grave the Son Vioceeds: Yet still the Relicks of the Storm remain, And bode a dreadful Show'r of finguin' Rain While Israel Judah Mannes, that they alone Recall'd the King, and fix'd him on his Throng Too foon the unlucky Hint falle Sheba takes A Trumpet founds, and new Rebellion makes Amasa now commands in Foab's stead, And to pursue the Rebels Fudab led Nor this Zerviah's cruel Offspring bore. But basely stabb'd, as Abner long before. And left the Gen'ral weltring in his Gore; Then thro' the Tribes the Son of Bicbri chas'd, Who in strong Abel's Walls his Refuge placed The Royal Forces foon the Town invest. With vast Machines on every side tis prest. At length one Woman's Prudence faves the reft Curs'd Sheba's Head did all their Faults attone See where 'tis o're the lofty Turret thrown

Delais

H

is Month can vomit Treason nove no more and in the day of the Sieguro raise, and do Jerusalem in Peace the Flost conveys.

CLVII.

David's last Words.

A ND now the not unwekom Hour was come, When Angels wait their Brother Psalmist home:

or his lov'd Harp he calls, resolv'd to die
s he had liv'd, in Hymns and Harmony:
lis ready Hand runs o're the vocal Strings,
nd thus instructive Truths, and God's high Praise
he sings.

I feel the facred Spirit my Breast inspire, and guide my Song, and guide my tuneful Lyre: I is God that speaks, ye Gods on Earth give Ear, I he Rock of Israel's awful Precepts hear! You who with Sovereign Sway o're Men preside, Let Piety your Steps and Justice guide! A Goodness like the All-High, as well as Pow'r, Whom for his Grace the suppliant World adore: So shall your Fame appear serenely bright, Out shine the stilling Sun, and morning Light;

THE REAL PROPERTY.

Sweet as the tender flyels, and fraginist flows, Call'd by the Sun, and rais'd by fruitful flows.

The otherwise fit the last intent Great.

With Crimes my House, with Blood deformed a

Yet God's unfailing Words my Hopes fecure,
For like himself his Contrast's wife and sure:
Tis here I fix, not ought beyond require,
All my Salvation'ris, and all my Soul's desire:
Not to those Sons of Belial, who disdain
Jehava's easie Yoke and gentle Reign;
The Laws of Earth and Heav'n at once withstand,
And wound like Thorns th' unwary Toucher

Armour of Proof, if you approach can, well all Or keep them at the distance of a Special to and The Blood they stied will Heaven at length regular. Their Doom, the dreadful Lake of hever willing the

2 SAMUEL, Chap. XXIII. from Ver 1

Ver. 1. Now these be the last words of Davil: David the son of Jesse said and the man will be raised up on high, the authoritied by the about Jash and the sweet plainist of Israel seite!

2. The for it of the Lord finds and the man

CLVIII.

David's Worthies.

NOR shall those Heroes unrecorded pass, Well worthy Marble Piles and Leaves of Brass, By David oft in doubtful Battel try'd, Who ne're for Fear or Danger left his fide.

The Tachmonite-— His eldest Captain he, First of the mighty Thirty, and the Three; His Spear he rais'd, which never rais'd in vain, His single Force whole Armies scarce sustain; Behold almost a Thousand round him sain!

Next, and but next, Great Eleazar stood,
Whose Sword so oft had drunk Philistine Blood:
One of the Three with David at their Head,
Who when from Caphthor's Offspring Israel fled,
Stood firm, and all their conquiring Host desi'd,
And bumbled soon their mighty Fishes Pride:
Herose, he smote, he soil'd, he lash'd, he slew,
And soon the bold Pursuers did pursue;
Till his strong Hand no more his Sword cou'd wield.
He mow'd the bloody Harvest of the Field.
Thus by his Arm the God of Battles fought,
And Great Salvation for his People wrought.
The Heavins with Shouts, their Tents with Spoils
they fill.

Twas all their Work, for some were left to kill.

Y

Shammab the Third, from Dammin's Fields to nound,

With Conquest and with deathless Laurels crownd:
The fore-skinn'd Host a general Forage made.
Like Locusts they the ripen'd Fields invade;
Fix'd like a Land-mark in the Path he stands,
Nor one escapes with Life that reach'd his Hands:

Thefe Three above the reft in Strength and Fand To David in Adullam's Fastness came: Fierce Sirius rag'd, the Heav'ns were all on Flame. And Beafts and Men refreshing Screams defire. To flake their Thirft, and quench their raging Fire. David himself, the long his Pain compress'd, Gasping and faint, at length the Man confess d; (For Heroes too of mortal Mold are made, And Nature's Iron-Laws by all obey'd.) Then thus --- Our common Bleffings we despite, And only by their Absence learn to prize: O for a Draught of Bethlem's crystal Well! But 'tis in vain, and I'll my Wish repel! This heard the mighty Three, to none they fpoke, But thro' Philistia's num'rous Army broke. Who lay encamp'd in Betblem's Avenue. And fill'd the Town-- while one the Waser deed, His Fellows like a Wall before him stood. And flaughter'd all around, and dy'd the Stream with Blood.

CLV!II.

SAMUEL, Chap. XXIII. from Ver. 7. to the End.



Ver. 15. David longed, and faid, Ob that one uld give me drink of the well of Bethlehem, which

by the gate !

16. And the three mighty men brake through the ? of the Philistines, and drew water out of the well Bethlehem, that was by the gate, and took it, and ught it to David: nevertheless he would not drink reof, but poured it out unto the Lord.

17. And be said, Be it far from me, O Lord, st I should do this: is not this the blood of the

in that went in jeopardy of their lives ?

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Then from the Pass their timerous Fae they drive, As yielding Clouds which Bolts of Thunder rive; And to their Gen'ral brought the far-fet Prize: Forbid it Heav'n the pious Chief replies, That what with hazard of your Liver you gaind, Sacred to God, shoud be by me profan'd! Thus with uplifted Hands Jessides faid, Then'on the Ground a pure Liberion made, and

Such Deeds can virtuous Love of Praise inspire,
When Souldiers fight for Honour, not for Hire.
Nor must Abishai's, or Benaiah's Name,
Or, Asabel! thine, be unconsigned to Fame:
Nor shou'd the rest which sacred Books rehearse,
But their unwonted Sounds resule the Laws of
Verse.

CLIX.

David numbers the People. A Pestilence sent, &c.

TOO happy If rael now, debauch d with Pale,
Diffolve in lazy Luzury and Race;
When Kings offend, their finful Lands endure
Those Plagues which their mained Crising procure

Satan, commission d, David's Heart affails,
To Pride he tempts the Monarch and prevails.
For Josh strain he sends, and bids him go
And number all the Tribes, resolved his Strength to
know.

His word unwillingly the Chief obey'd. From Dan he to Beersheba's Coasts survey'd, Th' appointed Ransom for their Souls unpay'd: Th' ungrateful Sacrilege did Heav'n resent, And to the King with beavy Tidings fent; My Three dread Scourges, Famine, Plague and War Are all propos'd, thou must for one prepare: How hard a Choice! The Monarch how diffres'd Yet with repenting Tears he chose the Best: Into the Hands of God, fince one he must. He chose to fall, as Merciful as Just. See the destroying Angel speed away, While greedy Death attends to seize her Prey! His Sword of pois now Exhalations made, Red, as a fatal Comet's flaming Blade, High in mid-Heav'n he brandish'd, not in vain, In three short Days were Seventy thousand slain.

And now o're fair Jerusalem he stood And shakes his Sword, which shirfted yet for Bloods Jessides saw the Minister of Fate, In Ast to strike, and but for Orders wait: From Olives he to Morsab Rrode, And in his Hand the dreadful Sword of God: Low on the Ground he falls with Sackcloth spread, His Crown haid by, and Albes on his Head: On me, on me, Origineau Heav'n! let all The threaten'd Death, and heavy Vengeance fall: But spare these issuesses, nor let thy Rage Wax hot against thy Sheep, thy Havinge! Twas I that number'd, I that finn'd- 'as I Alone deserve, alone desire to die. Mild Pity heard, and proftrate at the Three Prefents his Prayrs, and added of her gwn: The Father smiles and grants; she shoots away And pais'd the Confines of eternal Day, On her own peaceful Rain-bow swerving down. She stood confess'd above the facred Town. Seiz'd the Deftroring-Angel's flaming Brand. Seal'd in its Sheath, and stopp'd his lifted Hand; Then did to raise th' afflicted Monarch fend The Reverend Gad, his Prophet and his Friend: In Ornan's Floor an Altar bids him rear. To him who stopp'd the hov'ring Vengeance there. Tis done, the grateful Odor mounts the Skies, And beav'nly Fire consumes th' accepted Sacrifice.

30 to M (44)

CLIX.

SAMUEL, Chap. XXIV. T CHRORE Chap. XXI.



Chap. XXIV. Ver. 21. Araunah said; ipseid fore is the lord the king come to his summered and David said, To buy the shrofbing-floor of thee to build an alrar unto the Lord, that the player may be stayed from the people:

24. So Doord bughe the threshing from and the occup, for fifty sheets of filters. I have an alter unto the Lord, and offered burnt-offerings, and peace-offerings so the Lord was intreated for the land, and the plague was flayed from Mael.

CLX.

T KINGS, Chap. I, II.

Adonijah affetts the Kingdom. Sold anointed King. Adonijah, Joan Shimei flain, &c.

UT Kings as well as Empires have their And all must yield to Time and Age and Broken with Cares, the Monarch now appear And finks beneath the Weight of Seventy Year Languid and Cold, almost a Carcass grown, He lives by Warmth and Vigour not his own: This Adonijah heard, fair Haggith's Son. In Beauty only next to Absalon: Enfigns of Royalty like him prepar'd, High on his Chariot rais d, and circled with a G Abiatbar the Pontiff with him joyns, And Joab aids in his unjust Designs: By Rogel's-Well he at Zoheleth Staid, His Brethren call'd, a Kingly Feast he made: But Solomon he left with conscious Fear, Nor Zadok, Nathan, or Benaiah there: To David, Bathsheba and Nathan bring The Tidings first, that he assumed the King

d Solomote his Succeffor declares:

his own Royal Mule he rides in State,

the Guards and Council him to Gibous wait:

the facred Oyl with Joy they thither bring,

sins him there, and shout—God fave the King!

the bellow Vales restor'd the distant Sound,

bok tofty Olivet, and shook the Ground:

tis to Zobeleth's Stone the Traitors hear,

mish'd their Mirth, their Hearts dissolv'd with

Fear:

keir King Himself, and they their King disown, quits his short-liv'd Reign, and quits his Threne r Refuge he to God's High-Altar flies, d fues for Life, when Solomon, replies, Loral he's secure, if false he dies: Peace he thence did to his House retreat: I soon the curs'd Ambition to be Great, ne Royal Mercy did, and his Resolves defeat: r David now to his Fore-fathers gon. en he feeks by Wiles to mount the Thronge frengthen thus his Title, seeks to wed, ne beauteous Relief of the Royal Bed: or this young Solomon, whose piercing Eyes ne Treason saw, tho' veil'd in Loves disguise id by Benaial's Hand his Rival dies: ext 70ab, vainly to God's Altar fled, bo Abner's Blood, and Amasa's had shed

44

Both claim'd the Living, both the Dood deny'd, No Wienes but their est the King to guide : What martal Wildom cou'd the Case decide? Awink he weight with thep could not The Then calls his Guarde and badsa Sword be brong In equal Parts the Child that did farcine He bids divide, and balf to either give: The Sourious Mother with th' Award content His Justice prais'd, and gave her full Confest: Not so the Genuin, when the Guards meetars To execute a Sentence lo levere; Pale as the lifeless Corps that near hor lay. And cold as Death the cries and bids 'em flay: Then to the King-O let her all enjoy. Rather than my dear Infant thus destroy! -Tis finish'd, the sagacious Prince reply'd, And Nature does herself the Cause decide : The Child is Hers -- which she with 70y receive With Shame her Rival the Tribunal leaves: Th' Affembly shout, and Heav'ns Indulgence own Which plac'd so Wise a King on David's vat Throne.

CLXI.

KINGS, Chap. III. from Ver. 16. to Ver. 27.



Ver. 25. And the king said, Divide the living shild in two, and give half to the one, and half to the other.

26. Then spake the woman whose the living child was, unto the king, (for her howels yerned upon her son) and she said, O my lard, give her the living child, and in no wise slay it: but the other said, Let it be neither mine nor thine, but divide it.

27. Then the king answered and said, Give her the living child, and in no wise slay it: she is the

mother thereof.

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CLXIL

Solomon's Temple.

THE Monarch now with Peace and Plant blefs'd,

For God on every fide had giv'n him Rest;
A losty Pile of whiching his and Charge,
A Temple sipulent, august and large:
Whose Majesty might some Distributions bear,
Of that dread Pile who six a his Mansson there,
On tall Moriab's Mount resolves to rear:
To Tyrian Hiram, his Ally, he sends,
(Hiram and David had been ancient Friends.)
His Servants help he gains, for none so well
Cou'd Timber square, or losty Cedars sell:
To Lebanon's fair Forrest they repair,
His Head like barren Calvary's they bare:
The Sun, a Stranger there, the Ground invades,:
And drinks new Dew, and drives th' affrighted

To Sidon's Shore, a long and dubious Road,
O're craggy Pocks they drag their presions Load;

To Joppa's ancient Haven thence they bring,
Not unrewarded by the Hebrew King.

All things prepar'd, see the vast Fabrick rise,
And from the Center hasten to the Skies;
In three fair Stories wrought, stately and tall,
Marble the Columns, Marble was the Wall:
The House with Cedar floor'd, with Cedar lin'd,
And all with flaming Gold profusely shin'd:
So richly carv'd that Nature owns, compel'd,
She here is by her Hand-maid Art excel'd.
But who th' amazing Splender dares reveal,
Which mystic Veils from mortal Eyes conceal?
Those bright Cherubic Forms which guard the Place,

Those menial Angels who attend and gaze!

--At safer distance from the Throne retire!

Those wide and everlasting Gates admire!

Those Pillars which the Pyramids surpass;

The Mould how curious, and how rich the Brass!

Behold you Sea, which scarce admits a Shore,

And Rivers will receive, yet thirst for more:

Rang'd on their Bases Ten fair Lavers near,

On either side like Inland Lakes appear;

em Brief et

With purest Only and Done Chicago In March Inde Case Mills Wide Phone 2 direct plant The dreadful Ark the To fettled Seats, a Wanderer no mo When all compleat, a vast Assembly came, Drawn by their Monarchs and their Temples Fame: The Dedication now their Care employs, And Ifrael's Sons in festal Hymns rejoyce: Nor cou'd a Thousand Hecatombs suffice. The bleating, and the bellowing Nation dies Almost the Species falls a Sacrifice. --- See where the pious Prince himself expands, Kneeling before the Throne his fields Hands! Loud Instruments and Voices fill the Quire. Their Praise received, for lo th' autoic Breaks from the Oracle, the Priefts wells A Present Deity by all confess'd, Trembling, their Fathers God they call, bles d.

1 Kings, Chap. V, VI, VII. Ch. VIII. from Ver. 15. to the End. 2 CHRON. Chap. VII. to Ver. 3.



Chap. VIII. Ver. 22. Solomon stood before the altar of the Lord, in the presence of all the confregation of Israel, and spread forth his hands towards beaven:

23. And he said, Lord God of Israel, there is no God like thee, in heaven above, or on earth beneath,&c.

And when he had made an end of praying all this prayer and supplication unto the Lord, he arose from before the altar of the Lord, from kneeling on his knees, with his hands spread up to heaven.

55. And he flood and bleffed all the congregation of Israel with a loud voice, &c.

CLXIII

The Queen of Sheba vifits Schamon; propounds Questions to him; makes Presents to him, and receives from him.

A Trracted by the Hebrew Monarch's Fame,
Rich Sheba's Queen from blefs'd Arabia came:
Prepar'd, as was the Custom of her Age,
To prove his Skill with Problems Deep and Sage:
How splendid was her Train, how vast her
Store?

What Caravans of Camels Spices bore,
What precious Gems and Heaps of shining Ore?
Majestic on his Throne she saw him crown'd,
She saw his Nobles waiting silent round,
And struck with awe, cou'd scarce her Doubts
propound:

But when she heard the Prince with ease explain, What Joktan's Sons so oft had try'd in vain; No Trees or Shrubs that on the Mountains grew, No Herbs that drank the Valley's fragrant Dew, But he their Names and various Natures knew;

CLXIII.

KINGS, Chap. X. from Ver. 1. to



Ver. 1. When the queen of Sheba beard of the fame of Solomon, concerning the name of the Lord, the came to prove him with hard questions.

2. And she came to Jerusalem with a very great train, with camels that have spices, and very much gold, and precious stones: and when she was come to Solomon, she communed with him of all that was in her heart.

3. And Solomon told her all her questions: there was not any thing hid from the king, which he told her not.

When the his Throne and Table did invery.

His Houshold, with their Order and Array;

The stately Galleries and broad Ascent,

Which from the Palace to the Temple went;

She cou'd no more, pleas'd and at once anaz'd,

In Extasic awhile, the round her gaz'd:

Recov'ring, thus--- while I at home remain'd,

And in Sabea's narrow Confines reign'd;

I beard, but scarce believ'd the Voice of Fame,

Which did your Wisdom and your Asts pro
claim:

Too leud I thought her then, but now her Silence blame:

My dazled Eyes, Great Sir! have seen far more, Nor heard I half of Solomon before:

Almost beyond a Mortal, bless'd is he
Whose daily Duty to attend on thee;
Hear the lov'd Accents of thy Voice divine,
And see that Face, that heav'nly Face of thine!
Bless'd be the Pow'r that fix'd thee on the Throne,
To rule his favourite People and thy own;
Strict Justice to dispense with equal Hand,
Large as thy Soul, and wide as thy Command!

She faid, then did a Royat Prefent make. Worthy of her to give, and him to take; Myrrh, Nard, Amomum, Frankincense sie brings, And Gold that would have ranfom'd captibe Kings Which Solomon with Princely Grace receives, And more of his own Royal Bounty gives: What cou'd he not, when so immense his Store? How vast the Sums which his proud Navy bore From old Tarteffus, and from Ophir's Shore? Silver and Gold o'reflow his happy Land. As plenteous as the Pebbles on the Sand: The precious Metal takes a warlike Mould, His Shields, his pond'rous Targets blaz'd with Gold. Exotic Beafts and Birds augment his State, Which human Speech or Action imitate; See there the mimic Ape, for Laughter made, While the proud Peacock near, her gaudy Train displaid!

CLXIV

CLXIV.

Solomon's Wives in his old Age feduce him to Idolatry.

Atal Prosperity! How find, how blind!
Thou sweetest, deadliest Poisson to Mankind!
Unjustly we of adverse Fate complain;
That has its Thousands sav'd, and thou Ten thousands

But, ah! when Women on thy fide engage, How fwift the Death, how strong the Philtres Rage!

What Potent Kings, what Heroes Great and Wise, Have at thy Altars faln a Sacrifice?
But none like Solomon to future Times,
Transmit thy Conquests and transmit their Crimes:
Behold his Wisdom sunk, his Lustre fade,
His Glory clouded in how deep a Shade?
A thousand Women to his Court he brings,
(Almost too many for a thousand Kings!)
They steal his Scepter while he drags their Chain,
And wears in solid Sloth a shameful Reign:

CLXIV.

I KINGS, Chap. XI. from Ver. 1.



Ver. 4: It came to pass when Solomon was old, that his wives turned away his heart after other gods.

5. And he went after Ashtoreth the goddess of the Zidonians, and after Milcom the abomination of the Ammonites.

6. And Solomon did live in the fight of the Lord, and went not fully after the Lord, as did David his father.

7. Then did Solomon build an high place for Chemosh the abomination of Moah, in the hill that is before Jerusalem; and for Molech the abomination of the children of Ammon.

From various Nations his Seraglio stor'd, Their mangril Faith as various Gods ador'd: Th' axerious King to gain a quiet Life, Almost a different God must serve for every Wife. A fair Sidonian made him first decline, And brought him to her own Aftarte's shrine: With Pharaob's Daughter the unites her Claim, Th' Egyptian sacred Heifer was the same: To Chemosh then he bow'd his boary Head. By Moabitish Charms to Ruin led: At Moloch's sanguine Altar next he's seen, To please his beauteous Ammonitish Queen: God's facred Temple now neglected lies, No Incense there, no Pray'rs, or Sacrifice: On either fide his pow'rful Rivals grown. The Demons as of old, infult his Throne. Was it for this, for this he ewice appear'd To Solomon, when his dreadful Voice he heard? What Bleffings promis'd to his pious Care? How strictly charg'd of Idols to beware? But all in vain; he's loft, his Heart is gone, He and his Kingdom ruin'd and undone; For his Ingratitude and Folly curs'd. New Foes are raisid, and Hadad is the First:

Fierce Edon conquer'd and his Father dead. To Pharaob's Court the Youth for Refuge fled: Receiv'd with Grace and Princely welcom there. Nor that proud Phareab did for Hadad care, But Ifrael's Scourge secur'd in Edom's Heir : For this did he his dubious Title own. And made an Exile Kinsman to the Throne: How firm, how gen rous in his weighty Truft, How faithful (to his Int'rest) and how Just ! Thence like a Vultur hov'ring from afar, For plenteous Death he hopes, and waits for War: Ready to floop and plague the guilty Land, When Ifrael's Sins so dire a Scourge demand: Rezen the next, --- but greater Milchief role From anger'd Favirites, and intestine Foes: To Feroboam, diligent and brave, The God of Ifrael, Ifrael's Scepter gave: Whom jealous Solomon attempts in vain, To spoil of Life, and of his fated Reign; When Dust himself, he shall his Throne enjoy, For none cou'd ever yet his Successor destroy.





